ATMANIRBHAR BHARAT Swayampurna goa

Goa University

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GU/Acad -PG/BoS -NEP/2024/245

गोंय विद्यापीठ

फोन : +९१-८६६९६०९०४८

ताळगांव पठार.

गोंय -४०३ २०६

(Accredited by NAAC)

Date: 26.06.2024



In supersession to the above referred Circular, the Syllabus of Semester III to VI of the **Bachelor of Arts in Economics** Programme approved by the Academic Council in its meeting held on 05th April 2024 is enclosed. The syllabus of Semester I and II approved earlier is also attached.

The Dean/Vice-Deans of the Goa Business School and Principals of the Affiliated Colleges offering the **Bachelor of Arts in Economics** Programme are requested to take note of the above and bring the contents of the Circular to the notice of all concerned.



(Ashwin Lawande) Assistant Registrar – Academic-PG

To,

The Principals of Affiliated Colleges offering the Bachelor of Arts in Economics Programme.

Copy to:

- 1. The Director, Directorate of Higher Education, Govt. of Goa
- 2. The Dean, Goa Business School, Goa University.
- 3. The Vice-Deans, Goa Business School, Goa University.
- 4. The Chairperson, BOS in Economics.
- 5. The Controller of Examinations, Goa University.
- 6. The Assistant Registrar, UG Examinations, Goa University.
- 7. Directorate of Internal Quality Assurance, Goa University for uploading the Syllabus on the University website.



		Programme Structu	re for Semester I	to VIII L	Inder Graduate Prog	gramme -	Econo	omics		
Semester	Major -Core	Minor	мс	AEC	SEC	I	D	VAC	Total Credits	Exit
I	ECO-100 Introduction to	ECO-111 Political Economy (4) ECO-112 Political Economy II (4) (DELETED) ECO-113 Understanding Indian Economic Policy (4)	ECO-131 Sustainable Development (3)		ECO-141 Data Analysis – I (3) OR ECO-142 Introduction to Entrepreneurship (3)					
11	Economics (4)		ECO-132 Globalization (3)		ECO-143 Data Analysis - II (03) OR ECO-144 Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship (03)					ECO-161 Income Tax (4)











Note: Programme Structure for Semester VII and VIII along with the Syllabus shall be provided later.



Semester I & II			
Name of the Prog	gramme : Bachelor of Arts in Economics		
Course Code	: ECO 100		
Title of the Cours	e : Introduction to Economics		
Number of Credit	ts : 04		
Effective From A	Y : 2023-24		
Pre-requisite	Same as Programme pre-requisites		
for the course:			
Course	To introduce the students to the fundamental concepts of econo	mics.	
Objectives:			
		No. of Hours	
	Unit I: Central concepts of Economics		
	Why Study Economics, Scarcity and efficiency: Definitions of		
	Economics, The Scope of Economics, Microeconomics and		
	Macroeconomics, The Logic of Economics: Positive and		
	Normative Economics, Three problems of Economic	15	
	Organisation; Market Command and Mixed Economies,		
	Society's Technological Possibilities, Production Possibility		
22	Frontier, Opportunity Cost and efficiency.	B	
OF UNIVERS	Unit II: Microeconomics	A CONTRACT	
	Basic elements of Supply and Demand: Demand schedule,	15	
6 (2388)	Market Demand, factors affecting demand and Shifts in the		
A	Demand curve; Supply Schedule, Supply Curve, Factors affecting		
Content:	supply, Shifts in the supply curve, Equilibrium of Supply and		
	Demand: Effects of Shifts in Demand and Supply on Equilibrium.	1 BM	
Pl Faut all	Unit III: Macroeconomics.	300	
Company - Day	Overview of Macroeconomics, Birth of Macroeconomics,	45	
	Objectives and Instruments, Tools of Macroeconomic Policy:	15	
	Fiscal Policy and Monetary Policy, Concepts of GDP and NDP.		
	Unit IV: Financial System/ Economic Growth and Economic		
	Development.		
	The Modern Financial System: Functions of the Financial		
	System, Evolution of Money, Components of the Money		
	Supply, Demand for Money, Functions of Money.	15	
	Economic Growth and Economic Development: Meaning and		
	Wheels (Human Economic Development: Human Resources,		
	Natural Resources, Capital, Technological Change and		
	Innovation)		
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ Case Analysis/ Assignments/ Classroom Interaction/Qu	iz.	
Main Text:	1. Samuelson, P A and Nordhus, W D (2015): Economics, Tata McGraw		
	– Hill Publishing Company Limited.		
Additional	1. Case, E K , Fair, C R and Oster M S (2012), Principles of Econor	nics,	
References/			
Readings:	2. Lipsey, R G (1992), An introduction to Positive Economics, ELE	35.	
	London.		

	3 Tucker LB (2022) Macroeconomics for Today Cengage Learning
	Australia.
	4. Tucker, I B. (2022), Microeconomics for Today, Cengage Learning.
	Australia.
	Student will be able to:
Course	1. Explain basic framework of economic analysis.
Course	2. Compare different kinds of economic systems.
Outcomes:	3. Distinguish between different approaches to economic outcomes
	4. Assess growth and development outcomes









Name of the Progra	mme : BA Economics	
Course Code	: ECO 111	
Title of the Course	: Political Economy	
Number of Credits	: 4	
Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Same as Programme pre-requisites	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	 This course introduces the student to 1. basic interlinkages between the economy and society 2. how the micro and macro economy differ 3. functioning of markets 4. brief overview of economic models 	
	al Faultan	No. of
	 Module 1 Introduction a. Economics and Liberating Theory- People and Society. The Human Center. The Institutional Boundary. Complementary Holism. b. Expectations from Our Economy -Economic Justice, Efficiency, Self-Management, Solidarity, Variety, Sustainability. c. A Simple Corn Model - A Simple Corn Economy, Conclusions from the Simple Corn Model. Generalizing Conclusions. Economic Justice in the Simple Corn Model. Module 2 Micro and Macro Economics Concepts -I a. How do markets work - How Do Markets Work. The Dream of a Beneficent Invisible Hand. The Nightmare of a Malevolent Invisible Foot. Markets Undermine the Ties That Bind us 	15
Content:	 b. Micro Economic Models- The Public Good Game. The Price of Power Game. Income Distribution, Prices and Technical Change. c. Macro Economics: The Macro "Law" Of Supply And Demand. Aggregate Demand. The Pie Principle. The Simple Keynesian Closed Economy Macro Model, Fiscal Policy. The Fallacy of Say's Law. Income Expenditure Multipliers. Other Causes of Unemployment and Inflation. Myths About Inflation. Myths About Deficits and the National Debt. The Balanced Budget Ploy. Wage-Led Growth. 	15
	Module 3 Micro and Macro Economics Concepts -II a. Money, Banks, and Finance- Money: A Problematic Convenience. Banks: Bigamy Not a Proper Marriage. Monetary Policy: Another Way to Skin the Cat. The Relationship Between the Financial and "Real" Economies b. International Economics: Mutual Benefit or Imperialism -Why Trade Can Increase Global Efficiency. Why Trade Can Decrease Global Efficiency. Why Trade Usually Aggravates	15

	Global Inequality, Why International Investment Can Increase Global Efficiency. Why International Investment Can Decrease Global Efficiency. Why International Investment Usually Aggravates Global Inequality. The	
	Economics and IMF Conditionality Agreements.	
	 Module 4. Overview of Economic Models a. Macro Economic Models- Bank Runs. International Financial Crises, International Investment in a Simple Corn Model. Banks in a Simple Corn Model. International Finance in an International Corn Model, Fiscal and Monetary Policy in a Closed Economy Macro Model. IMF Conditionality Agreements in an Open Economy Macro Model. Wage-Led Growth in a Long Run, Political Economy Macro Model. b. The Economics of Competition and Greed- Free Enterprise Equals Economic Freedom – Not. Free Enterprise is Efficient – Not. Free Enterprise Reduces Economic Discrimination – Not. Free Enterprise is Fair – Not. Markets Equal Economic Freedom – Not. Markets Are Fair – Not. Markets Are Efficient – Not. What Went Wrong c. The Economics of Equitable Cooperation- Beyond Capitalism. 	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ case analysis/assignments/class room interaction/	n p
References/ Readings:	 Main Text Book: 1. Robin Hahnel, ABC's of Political Economy, Pluto Press. Reference Readings: 1. Dan Usher, Political Economy, Blackwell Publishing. 2. James Mill, the Elements of Political Economy, Cosimo Classic 3. Niall Kishtainy, The Economics Book: Big Ideas Simply Explain DK Publishing. 	s. ned,
Course Outcomes:	 On completion of the course, the students will be able to explain basic interlinkages between the economy and society understand the difference between the micro and market differentiate the functioning of public institutions and market assess how economic models may work 	acro s



Name of the Prog	ramme : B.A. Economics		
Course Code	: ECO 131		
Title of the Course	: Sustainable Development		
Number of Credits	: 03		
Effective from AY	: 2024-25		
Pre-requisites	Same as programme pre-requisites		
for the Course:	Con S		
Course Objectives:	To understand global challenges, mechanism to promote equity and social justice, enhance education and awareness, and achieve long-term well being for present and future generations sustainably.		
		NO. OI	
	 Introduction to Sustainable Development Definition and concept of sustainable development, objectives of Sustainable development, three pillars of sustainable development, sustainable development: process or end results? dimensions of sustainable development-social, economic and environmental, The Millennium Development Goals, Tools for Sustainable growth. 	15	
Content:	2. Sustainable Development and Climate Change Causes and impact of climate change, Link between Sustainable Development and Climate Change, Implementation of Sustainable Development and Climate Change Policies, Sustainability Assessment Methods - Indicators and Indices, Conceptual Framework and System Dynamics, Multi-Criteria Analysis, Vulnerability Analysis, Climate change and migration, impact of climate change on cities, strategies adopted for climate change.	15	
	3. Sustainable development and India Emergence of Green Technologies towards Sustainable Growth, Transforming millennium development goals to sustainable development goals with reference to India, Environment and Sustainable development with reference to India- state of India's environment, Strategies for sustainable development, Sustainable agriculture and climate change, Industrial development and environmental pollution., Sustainable management of water and sanitation, Environment management and sustainable development.	15	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ case analysis/assignments/class room interaction/lab p	ractical	
References/ Readings:	 Core Reading Jonathan M. Harris and Brian Roach (2018) Environmental Natural Resource Economics A Contemporary Approach, Fou Edition, Taylor and Francis, New York Partha Dasgupta (2021), The Economics of Biodiversity: Dasgupta Review. Abridged Version. (London: HM Treas <u>https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads</u> stom/uploads/attachmont_data/file/057202/Descurate_David 	and urth The ury) <u>5/sy</u>	

	 Abridged Version.pdf 				
	3. Lynne Lewis, Thomas H. Tietenberg (2020) Environmental				
	Economics and Policy, Routledge, London				
	Additional References				
	1. Charles D. Kolstad (2012) Intermediate Environmental Economics,				
	Oxford University Press, New Delhi				
	Stephen Smith (2011) Environmental Economics: A Very Short				
	Introduction, Oxford University Press, Oxford				
	Student will be able to:				
	1. understand global sustainability challenges,				
Course	2. Appreciate mechanisms to promote equity and social justice,				
Outcomes:	3. Explain role of education and awareness in achieving long-term well				
	being				
	4. Distinguish between needs of present and future generations				









Name of the Prog	ramme : B.A. Economics		
Course Code	: ECO 141		
Title of the Cours	e : Data Analysis I		
Number of Credit	rs : 03 (1L-0T-2P)		
Effective from AY	: 2023-24		
Pre-requisites	Same as programme pre-requisites		
for the Course:	C.		
Course Objectives:	 The objective of the course is to Familiarize the students with Basic statistical concepts and the application using open-source software (spreadsheets and oth software). 	eir her OS	
		No. of Hours	
Content:	 Module 1: Introduction to statistical concepts: Defining statistics, Reasons for Using Statistical Methods, Understanding Probability and Random variables, Population vs Sample, Descriptive and Inferential statistics, Sample Statistics and Population Parameters, Idea of statistical significance, Classification of data (variables): Quantitative (Discrete and Continuous) and Qualitative (categorical); Primary and Secondary data sources, Data representation: Commonly used Tables and Graphs Module 2: Descriptive statistics: Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median and Mode); Measures of Dispersion: Range, Inter Quartile Range, Semi Quartile Range, Mean Deviation, Variance and Standard Deviation. Measures of Symmetry: Skewness and Kurtosis. Module 3: Analysis using Spreadsheets and OS softwarel: (Practical Component) Data Processing in spreadsheets: Editing, Coding; Data representation: Commonly used Tables and Graphs (with interpretation), generating descriptive statistics. Gretl interface, importing data to Gretl, exploring inbuilt datasets for 	5L+20P 5L+20P 5L+20P	
Pedagogy:	descriptive statistics and their interpretation.	ractical	
References/ Readings:	 Lectures/ case analysis/assignments/class room interaction/lab practical Gupta S.C. (2016): Fundamentals of Statistics, 7 th Edition, Himalaya Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, Mumbai Adkins, L. C. (n.d.). Using gretI for Principles of Econometrics, 5th Edition Version 1.0. Gerald Keller (2017): Statistics for Management and Economics, 11th Edition, Cengage Learning, USA. Black, Ken. (2019). Business Statistics: For Contemporary Decision Making (10th). New York: West Publishing Company. David M. Levine, David F. Stephan, Timothy C. Krehbiel, and Mark L. Berenson, Statistics for Managers: Using Microsoft Excel, Fifth Edition, 		

	6. G.C. Beri (2005): Business Statistics, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill
	Publishing Company Ltd, Delhi
	7. Ron C. Mittel Hammer (2013): Mathematical Statistics for Economics
	and Business, 2nd Edition, Springer
	1. The students will gain insight into basic statistical concepts.
	2. The students will be able to differentiate between statistical
	concepts.
Course	3. The students will be able to calculate and interpret descriptive
Outcomos	statistics.
Outcomes.	4. The students will be able to represent and interpret data with tables
	and graphs using software.
	5. The students will be familiarised with interface of open-source
	software.









Name of the Progr	amme : B.A. Economics				
Course Code	: ECO 142				
Title of the Course	: Introduction to Entrepreneurship				
Number of Credits	: 3 (1L-0T-2P)				
Effective from AY	: 2023-24				
Pre-requisites	Student should have cleared 12th standard exam in any field.				
for the Course:					
Course Objectives:	 The objectives of this course are to inspire students and help them imbibe an entrepreneurial mindset. introduce key traits and the DNA of an entrepreneur, The Course comprises several short topics, each focusing on a specific entrepreneurial knowledge or skill requirement such as creative thinking, communication and resilience and helping them become carpor roady, whether it is entrepreneurship or any other entrepreneuries. 				
	RINUS	No of hours			
Content:	 Module 1: Introduction to Entrepreneurship: Meaning and concept of entrepreneurship, role of entrepreneurship in economic development. The charm of becoming an entrepreneur, Characteristics of successful entrepreneurs, skill gap analysis. Importance of communication in business management- Methods of communication in business. Communication skill, Listening skills, the power of effective communication. Module 2: Purpose and Components of a Business Plan/ Project Report. Ownership patterns in Business: Characteristics, Advantages and disadvantages of each form. Social responsibility of Business and Business Ethics. Module 3: Conduct Business survey through collection of primary and secondary data and preparation of a business plan and preparing a report. 	5L+20P 5L+20P 5L+20P			
Pedagogy:	 Chalk and talk aided by ICT enabled lectures Assignments and presentations Group activity (Videos, In-class Activities, Outbound Activities) 	5)			
References/ Readings:	 S. S. Khanka, Entrepreneurial Development, S. chand & company p Ltd. Cynthia L. Greene, Entrepreneurship: Ideas in Action, Thomson- South-Western. Mary Coulter, Entrepreneurship in Action, 2nd edition, prentice–H of India, Indian reprint. Thomas W. Zimmerer, and Norman M. Scarborough, Essentials of Entrepreneurship and small business management, Prentice –Hal India, 2006. Vasant Desai, Dynamics of Entrepreneurship Development, Himal Publishing House. 				

	6. Mirijana Radovic Markovic and Aidin Salamzadeh, The Importance of					
	Communication in Business Management, PDF, Confrence					
	proceeding: The 7 th International Conference on Employment,					
	Education and Entrepreneurship, Serbia.					
	Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:					
	 assess their own strengths and identify gaps to become a successful entrepreneur. 					
Course	2. develop an entrepreneurial mind-set with key skills in					
Outcomes:	Communication, Preparation of business plan based on					
	feasibility analysis.					
	3. Evaluate the need for social responsibility of Business, and					
	4. appreciate the importance of Business Ethics.					









Name of the Prog	gramme : B.A. Economics		
Course code	: ECO 113		
Title of the Cours	e : Understanding Indian Economic Policy		
Number of Credit	ts : 04		
Effective from AY	· 2024-25		
Pre-requisite	Same as Programme pre-requisites		
for the course:			
Course	Equip students to comprehend and critically appraise Indian Eco	onomic	
Objective:	Policies		
		No of	
	A NO A H	Hours	
	I-State of the Economy		
	Macroeconomic and Growth Challenges in the Indian Economy.		
	India's Economic Resilience and Growth Drivers, India's Inclusive		
	Growth Product and Canital Market Reforms Reforms for New	15	
	India- Sabka Saath Sabka Vikaas Beturns to the Economic and		
	Structural Reforms after 2014		
	II: Eiscal and Monetary Management		
	II. Fiscal and Wolletary Wallagement		
	Covernment Finances, Debt Brafile of the Covernment		
ANVA	Government Finances, Debt Profile of the Government.	Roam	
1690	Monetary Developments, Liquidity Conditions, Monetary Policy		
2 marth	Transmission, Developments in the G-sec Market, Banking Sector,	RD	
M Contraction	Credit Growth Aided by a Sound Banking System and Deleveraged	211	
6 FE SA	Corporate Sector, Recovery of Non-Banking finance companies	a/5	
Content:	III Prices and Inflation		
	Domestic Retail Inflation,	and a	
Contraction of the second	Domestic Wholesale Price Inflation, Fuel Price Inflation: Declining	E D	
	Global Crude Oil Prices, Convergence of WPI and CPI Inflation,	15	
	Falling Inflationary Expectation, Monetary Policy Measures for		
	Price Stability, Housing Prices: Recovering Housing Market after		
	the Pandemic, Keeping Check on Pharmaceutical Prices		
	IV: Social Infrastructure and Employment		
	Social Sector Expenditure Keeping Pace with Growing Importance		
	of the Sector, Improving Human Development Parameters,		
	Transformation of Aspirational Districts Programme, Progressing		
	Labour Reform Measures, Aadhaar: The Many Achievements of		
	the Unique Identity, Improving Employment Trends, Ensuring	15	
	Quality Education for all, Equipping the Workforce with		
	Employable Skills and Knowledge in Mission Mode, Quality and		
	Affordable Health for all, Development of India's Aspiring Rural		
	Economy, Direct Benefit Transfer: a Game Changer, Enhancing		
	Rural Governance for Inclusive Growth		
Pedagogy	Lectures, case analysis, assignments and discussion		
Main	Economic Survey 2022-23, Ministry of Finance, Government of Indi	a, New	
Reference	Delhi		
Additional	1. Datt and Sundaram, Indian Economy, S Chand and Co, Nev	v Delhi	
References:	(recent edition)		

	2. Mishra and Puri, Indian Economy, Himalaya Publishing Co, Mumbai.
	(recent edition)
	3. Handbook of the Indian Economy, Reserve Bank of India
	After the successful completion of the course, students will be able to,
	1. appraise fiscal and monetary policy
Course	2. understand the dynamics of social infrastructure and employment
Outcomes	3. understand the recent policy initiatives for various sectors of Indian
	economy
	4. evaluate the effectiveness of social infrastructure.









Name of the Prog	ramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO 132	
Title of the Cours	e : Globalisation	
Number of Credit	is : 03	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre requisites	Nil	
for the Course:	A A	
Course	The course familiarizes students with	
Objectives:	1. dynamics globalisation	
objectives.	2. issues pertaining to global economic transitions.	
	S A BAR LO	No. of Hours
	Module I: Evolution of Globalisation	110415
	Meaning and definition of globalisation: globalisation of world	
	economy: evolution of globalisation: comparison between old	
	and new globalisation (1870-1913 and 1950 onwards): types of	15
	globalisation. Essential conditions of globalisation: stages of	
	globalisation.	
	Module II: Salient Aspects of Globalisation	
<u> </u>	Drivers of globalisation; features of globalisation; advantages	2
Content	and disadvantages of globalisation; globalisation challenges;	ERSON
	obstacles to globalisation; policy measures to safeguard	315
6 (2388)7	developing countries; global market entry strategies; role of	94 P
	global institutions.	A 6
SIE	Module III: Components of Economic Globalisation and	E.
	Measurement	JSP -
Tay at	Globalisation process; role of transnational corporations;	- D
and No. 1	components of economic globalisation globalisation of	15
	markets, globalisation of production, globalisation of investment	
	and globalisation of technology (meaning, features and reasons);	
	KOF Index of measurement.	
	Chalk and talk aided by ICT enabled lectures	
Pedagogy	Assignments and presentations	
	Group activity	
	MOOC (or similar) Component	
	1. P. Subba Rao (2017) International Business, Himalaya Publishi	ng
	House, Mumbai, Fourth Revised Edition.	
Poforoncos (2. Francis Cherunilam(2010) International Business: Text and Cas	ses,
	Firth Edition Phi Learning Private Limited, New Delm.	
	limited Noida Fourth Edition	-
Readings:	4. Ritzer, George, 2010 Globalization: A Rasic Text, Wiley-Rlackw	vell
	5. Krugman, Paul R., Maurice Obstfeld and Marc L Melitz 2012	
	International Economics: Theory and Policy. Pearson.	
	6. Francis Cherunilam, "Global Economy and Business	
	Environment, Tata McGraw Hill Education. Private Ltd New D	elhi,
	Fifth Edition.	·

	7. John Naisbitt, The Global Paradox, Nicholas Brealey Publishing,			
	London,1994, p. 186.			
	Kenchi Ohmae, 7he Borderless World, Fontana, London, 1991.			
	8. John D. Sullivan, "Preparing in the Global Economy", Economic			
	ReformToday, November 1, 2000.			
	Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:			
	1. Understand basic concepts, evolution and dimensions of			
	globalisation.			
Course	2. Assess the impact of globalisation and the wide range of reactions			
Outcomes:	they have caused around the world.			
	3. Evaluate the pros and cons of globalisation and suggest measures			
	4. Summarize the globalisation of markets, production, Investment and			
	Technology.			









Name of the Prog	ramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO-143	
Title of the Course	e : Data Analysis II	
Number of Credit	s : 03 (1L-0T-2P)	
Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Completed Data Analysis I or similar	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	 The objective of the course: 1. To introduce students to inferential statistics. 2. To familiarize students with tests used for hypothesis testing. 3. To enable students, evaluate relationships between variables. 4. To familiarize students with causal inference using simple regrees. 5. To enable students to interpret results from inferential statistic Module 1: Introduction to Inferential Statistics: Introduction to Hypothesis Testing. Parametric and Non-Parametric tests: t test (one sample, two-sample: unpaired and	ession. cs. No. of Hours
	 paired), f-test, Analysis of Variance (ANOVA): hypothesis testing for more than two means, chi-square tests; Mann-Whitney Test; Wilcoxon Signed-Rank Test; Kruskal-Wallis Test; Type I and Type II errors; Power of a test, level of significance. Module: 2 Correlation and Causality: Finding relations among the variables-Correlation Analysis (Pearson's Correlation coefficient and Spearman's Rank Correlation coefficient), meaning, types and interpretation, differentiating between correlation and causality. Introduction to regression Analysis: Assumptions of CLRM (Classical linear regression model), terminology and concepts, Simple regression (two-variable case) using Ordinary least square (OLS) method: Estimation and interpretation, Applications of regression analysis in economics and business. 	5L+20P 5L+20P
Dedecestr	Module 3: Analysis using Spreadsheets and GRETL: (Practical Component) Hypothesis testing using software: T-test (one sample, two- sample: unpaired and paired), test for variance (one sample and two sample), Chi-square test using cross-tabulations. Computing Correlation matrix, Simple regression using OLS, interpreting simple regression models.	5L+20P
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ case analysis/assignments/class room interaction/lab pra	actical
References/	Gerald Keller (2017): Statistics for Management and Economics, 11	Lth
Readings:	Edition, Cengage Learning, USA.	
	1. Ramanathan, Ramu (2002) Introductory Econometrics with	
Additional	Applications, Pearson Education, Singapore.	
Readings	2. Gujarati, D.N. and D.C. Porter (2009). Essentials of Econometric	cs.
	McGraw Hill, 4th Ed., International Edition.	

	3. Adkins, L. C. (n.d.). Using gretl for Principles of Econometrics, 5th
	Edition Version 1.0.
	4. Wooldridge, Jeffrey M (2002), Econometric Analysis of cross section
	and Panel Data, MIT Press, USA
	5. Black, Ken. (2019). Business Statistics: For Contemporary Decision
	Making (10th). New York: West Publishing Company.
	6. David M. Levine, David F. Stephan, Timothy C. Krehbiel, and Mark L.
	Berenson, Statistics for Managers: Using Microsoft Excel, Fifth Edition,
	Prentice Hall, Pearson Education, Inc.
	Students will be able to:
	1. Use hypothesis testing methods and interpret their results.
Course	2. Differentiate between parametric and non-parametric tests.
Outcomes:	3. Evaluate and interpret relationships between variables.
	4. Interpret causal inference about variables using simple regression.
	5. Obtain and Interpret results for inference using software.









Name of the Prog	ramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO 144	
Title of the Course	e : Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship	
Number of Credit	s : 3 (1L-0T-2P)	
Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Same as Programme pre-requisites	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	To expose students to entrepreneurship and to develop skills to be effective businessperson and to identify areas of utmost importan- the starting and managing of the business	e an ce in
		No. of hours
	Module 1: Human Resource management Issues: Strategic HRM, Bringing and managing people on board, motivating employees, Leadership and leadership Styles, Managing conflicts and empowering employees.	5L+20P
Content:	Module 2: Marketing Management: Elements of Marketing and Sales Management: Marketing Channels; Marketing Mix; Nature of the Product/Service and Market Strategies. Market Survey. Advertising- Types, Media of Advertising.	5L+20P
	Module 3: Analysis of Advertisements, Visits to advertising agencies, finding about different software of preparing a good advertisement, conducting a marketing survey, Visit to marketing agencies and presentation of Findings.	5L+20P
Pedagogy:	 Chalk and talk aided by ICT enabled lectures Assignments and presentations Group activity (Videos, In-class Activities, Outbound Activities) 	5
References/ Readings:	 S. S. Khanka, Entrepreneurial Development, S. chand & compar Ltd. Cynthia L. Greene, Entrepreneurship: Ideas in Action, Thomson Western. Mary Coulter, Entrepreneurship in Action, 2nd edition, prentice India, Indian reprint. Thomas W. Zimmerer and Norman M. Scarborough, Essentials Entrepreneurship and small business management, Prentice –H India, 2006. Vasant Desai, Dynamics of Entrepreneurship Development, Hir Publishing House. 	ny pvt. - South- -Hall of of Hall of nalaya
Course Outcomes:	 Upon completion of this course, the students will: understand the Human Resource management issues Leadership styles. Understand consumer demand through market surveys Understand the importance of team work and motivation Influence consumer choice by Advertising, Marketing by diff channels and personal selling. 	and Ferent

Exit Course		
Name of the Prog	gramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO-161	
Title of the Cours	e : Income Tax	
Number of Credit	ts : 04 (1L-0T-3P)	
Effective from A	(: 2024-25	
Pre-requisite	Same as programme pre-requisites	
for the course:	A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER	
Course	This course is designed to familiarise the students with the basi	c concepts
Objective/s:	and the computation of Indian direct taxes.	
		No. of Hours
Content:	Module 1: Introduction to Taxation Importance of taxation; Principles of taxation; impact and incidence of a tax; equity and ability-to-pay; tax rates and structure of tax rates; direct and indirect taxes, advantages and disadvantages; efficient and inefficient taxes; shifting and evasion, legal basis for the introduction of a tax.	5T+ 15P
	Module 2: Income Tax: basic concepts Assessment year, previous year, who are included in "person", "assessee", "income" under the Income-tax Act, gross total income, total income, agricultural income, exemption and deduction, capital and revenue receipts, capital and revenue expenditure, exempted income, avoidance and evasion of tax. Residential status of an individual, Hindu undivided family, firms, association of persons and its relevance, residential status and incidence of tax.	5T+15P
	Module 3: Income under various heads Income under the head "Salaries", "Income from house property", "Profits and gains of business or profession", "Capital gains", "Income from other sources" and their computation, clubbing of income. Permissible deductions from gross total income (Chapter VI A) u/s 80C to 80 U. Agricultural income and its tax treatment.	5T+ 15P
	Module 4: Return of income and TDS Submission of returns, revised, updated, defective, incomplete, modified returns, Permanent Account Number (PAN), verification of returns, self-assessment, online filing, Form 26AS TRACES. Advance payment of tax. Deduction and collection of tax at source under different heads.	45P
Pedagogy:	Lectures/Case analysis/assignments/group discussions/ quiz/ presentations	
Main Texts:	 Rosen, S. H. & Gayer, T. (2013). Public Finance, 8th Edition, M Higher Education. 	lcGraw Hill

	2. Singhania, K. V. & Singhania, M. (2023). Students' Guide to Income Tax
	Including GST, 70 th Edition, Taxmann.
	1. Ahuja, G. Gupta, R. (2024). Systematic Approach To Income Tax,
	Service Tax & VAT, 49 th edition, Bharat Law House
References/Re	2. Sreekantaradhya, B. S. (2000). Structure and Reform of Taxation in
adings:	India, Deep & Deep, New Delhi.
	3. T. N. Manoharan, G.R. Hari. (2024). Students' Handbook on Taxation,
	Snow White Publications Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai.
	The students will be able to
	1. Understand the importance and principles of direct and indirect taxes.
Course	2. Comprehend the basic concepts of direct (income) taxes.
Outcomes:	3. Classify income under various heads as per the Indian Income Tax Act.
	4. Compute Income tax liability for Individuals, Partnership Firms and
	Companies









Semester-III		
Name of the Prog	ramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO-200	
Title of the Course	e : Microeconomics – I	
Number of Credits	s : 04 (4L)	
Effective From AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisite	Same as programme pre-requisites	
for the course:	A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR O	
Course Objectives:	To enable students to understand how market Economies optimum real life decisions by individuals and firms under markets.	function, different
	2005	No. of Hours
	Module 1: Consumer Theory	
	Budget constraint, concept of utility, diminishing marginal utility, utility maximizing rule, Diamond-water-paradox, income and substitution effects; Consumer choice: indifference curves, derivation of demand curve from indifference curve and budget constraint.	15
AB	Module 2: Production and Costs	0
Tagt are to	 Production: Behaviour of profit maximising firms, profit and economic costs, short run vs long run decisions, production process, production functions, Law of variable proportions, choice of technology, isoquant and isocost lines, returns to scale, cost minimizing equilibrium condition. Costs: Cost concepts – economic and accounting costs (explicit/implicit), sunk, opportunity, fixed, variable, costs in the short run, costs in the long run, economies and diseconomies of scale and diseconomies of scope, 	15
Content:	Module 3: Perfect Competition	
	Assumptions/features, theory of a firm under perfect competition, demand and revenue; equilibrium of the firm in the short run and long run; long run industry supply curve: increasing, decreasing and constant cost industries. Market adjustments to changes in demand, efficiency of perfect competition; sources of market failure: imperfect markets, public goods, externalities, imperfect information; evaluating the market mechanism.	15
	Module 4: Monopoly	
	Concepts of market imperfection and monopoly power; revenue and demand in monopoly markets, price and output decisions in pure monopoly in short run and long run, comparison of perfect competition and monopoly, sources of monopoly power, social cost of monopoly, price discrimination: degrees of price discrimination, remedies for monopoly: Antitrust laws.	15

Pedagogy:	Lectures/Case analysis/assignments/class-room interactions/group discussions/guiz/short assignments/class room presentation.
Main Text:	 Case, Karl E., Ray C. Fair and S. Oster (2014). Principles of Economics, 12th Edition. Pearson Education. New Delhi
	 Pindyck, Robert S., Rubinfield, Daniel L. and Mehta, Prem L. (2009). <i>Microeconomics</i>. 7th Edition, Pearson Education. [Dorling Kindersle (India) Pvt. Ltd.] New Delhi Samuelson, Paul A. & Nordhaus, William D. (2010). <i>Economics</i> – 19th Ed. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. Salvatore, Dominick (2004), <i>Microeconomic Theory</i>, (Schaum's outlines) 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. Hyman N. David (1996) <i>Microeconomics</i>, 4th Edition, Irwin, USA.
	 Pindyck, Robert S., Rubinfield, Daniel L. (2009). Study <i>Guide for</i> <i>Microeconomics</i>.8th Edition, Pearson Education. [Dorling Kindersle (India) Pvt. Ltd.] New Delhi. Tucker, Irvin, B. (1999). <i>Economics for Today</i>. 2nd Edition. South-
References/	western college publishing, Thomson Learning, Australia.
Neduligs.	Edition, Oxford University Press, UK.
	 Gravelle, H. And R. Rees, (2004), <i>Microeconomics</i>, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi. Stonier, Alfred, W. & Douglas G. Hague, (2006), <i>A Text Book of</i> <i>Economic Theory</i>, 5th Edition, The English Language Book Society
	and Longman Group Ltd. London. 10. Tucker, Irvin, B. (2022), <i>Microeconomics for Today</i> , Cengage Learning. Australia.
Constant a constant	Edition, Cengage Learning, Australia.
	12. Lipsey, Richard, G. and K. Alec Chrystal, (2002). <i>Principles of Economics,</i> 9th Edition, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, London.
	The students will be able to:
C	1. Understand consumer bahaviour
Course	2. Explain the role of production and costs in output determination
Outcomes:	3. Assess operation of economy under perfect competition
	4. Evaluate operation of economy under monopoly



Name of the Prog	gramme : B. A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO-201	
Title of the Cours	e : Macroeconomics – I	
Number of Credit	ts : 04 (15L)	
Effective from A	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisite	Nil	
for the course:	(Cartal)	
Course Objective/s:	This course is designed to provide an introduction to the student the basic building blocks of Macro Economics which will serv foundation to understand major Macroeconomic issues.	s about /e as a
		No. of
Content:	Module 1: National Income Accounting, Unemployment, Inflation and Long run Growth Gross Domestic Product: meaning Calculating GDP: the Expenditure Approach, the Income Approach and the Value-added Approach; Nominal versus Real GDP: calculating Real GDP, calculating the GDP Deflator, the problems of Fixed Weights; Limitations of the GDP Concept: GDP and Social Welfare, the Underground Economy, Gross National Income per Capita Unemployment: meaning, measuring Unemployment, the costs of Unemployment; Inflation: meaning, the Consumer Price Index, the_PPI, the costs of Inflation; Long-Run Growth: output and productivity growth	15
	Module 2: Aggregate Expenditure and Equilibrium Output The Keynesian Theory of Consumption: The Psychological Law of Consumption, the Consumption Schedule, the Consumption Function with diagram, determinants of Consumption, attributes of the Consumption Function; The Savings Function: the Savings Schedule, the Savings Function with diagram, attributes of the Savings Function; The Investment Function: Planned Investment, Actual Investment, factors determining Investments; The determination of Equilibrium Output: the Saving/Investment Approach to Equilibrium, Adjustment to Equilibrium; The Multiplier: meaning, formulae and problems; The Paradox of Thrift	15
	Module 3: The Government and Fiscal Policy Government in the Economy: Fiscal Policy- meaning, objectives, Government Purchases, Net Taxes, and Disposable income, the determination of Equilibrium Output; Fiscal Policy at Work: Multiplier Effects: the Government Spending Multiplier, the Tax Multiplier, the Balanced-Budget Multiplier; The latest Central Budget;	15

	The Economy's Influence on the Government Budget: Automatic	
	Stabilizers and Destabilizers, Full-Employment Budget.	
	Module 4: Money Supply and the Reserve Bank of India	
	An Overview of Money: Definition of money, functions, types,	
	RBI Indices of Money Supply, the Banking System in India;	
	Monetary Policy and Credit Creation: How do Banks create	
	Money, a Historical Perspective- Goldsmiths, the modern Banking	5
	System, the creation of Money, the Money Multiplier; Role of	
	Monetary Policy in inflation and employment management	
	The Reserve Bank of India: Functions of the RBI, Monetary Policy-	
	meaning and instruments, Excess Reserves and the Supply Curve	
	for Money.	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/Case analysis/ assignments/ group discussion	ons/
i cuagogy.	quiz/presentations	
	1. Case, K. E., Fair, R. C., & Oster, S. M. (2020). Principles of Econom	nics.
Main Text:	13 th edition, Prentice Hall.	
	2. Handbook of Indian Economy, Reserve bank of India, Latest edition	n
	1. Blanchard, Oliver and Johnson R. David (2021). <i>Macroeconomics,</i>	8 th
	edition. Pearson Education, New Delhi.	
AND	2. Froyen, R. T. (2013). Froyen: Macroeconomics. 10 th edition, Pear	son
169	Higher Ed.	
References/Re	3. Irvin Tucker (2022). Macroeconomics for Today, 11 th edition, Ceng	age
adings:	Publisher	11
0 200 00 /	4. Mankiw, N. Gregory (2022). Macroeconomics. 11 th edition, Macmi	lian
	E Samuelson D A & Nordhaus W D (2021) Macrosonomics	anth
Transf at the	odition Boarson	20
Charlenge a Day	6 https://www.indiabudgot.gov.in/	
	The students will be able to	
	1 Understand the major macroeconomic concerns as well as	ho
	acquainted with the concent of National Income and develop prob	lem
	solving skills	icini
	2 Measure and evaluate inflation unemployment and understand	kev
Course	macroeconomic concepts like consumption, saving, investment,	and
Outcomes:	the Paradox of Thrift.	and
	3. Analyze the role and importance of the Government's Fiscal Polic	v in
	a modern economy.	,
	4. Appreciate the role of the RBI and identify the key measures of cru	edit
	control.	
	Dieles 2	

Name of the Progr	amme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO 211	
Title of the Course	: Primary Survey and Analysis	
Number of Credits	: 4 (3T+1P)	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Same as programme requirements	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	 To introduce to the students 1. a set of principles of primary survey design that is th standard practices in the research field. 2. basic statistical concepts and 3. have exposure to elements of social science perspectives behavior. 	e basis of on human
	Archivester + Opril	No. of hours
	Unit I: Introduction to Primary Survey Introduction to survey methodology, Meaning of Primary Survey, Steps and process of a survey, Key concepts and principles of survey quality, Types of Primary Survey (Population Survey and Sample Survey), Importance of Primary Survey, Limitation of Survey. Unit II: Sampling Methods: Sampling Technique of Data Collection, Method of Sampling –Probability Sampling and Non-Probability Sampling, Sampling Non-Sampling Error, Characteristics of a good sample, Importance of size of s Sample, Mode of data	15L 10L+10P
Content:	Unit III: Questionnaire Design Questionnaire Design, Techniques for Designing Questionnaires (Logical Sequence, Good Wording, Write a clear layout, A reasonable length), Types of Questions (Open ended, Close ended), Qualitative and Quantitative questions. Sample survey / questionnaire (Personal Demographics, Organization/Management related, Consumer Taste and Preferences related towards the goods and services). Practical Exercise: Pilot Survey: Data Processing and Analysis Introduction, Data Processing: Editing, Coding, Classification, Tabulation, Data Analysis. Practical Exercise: Graphical representation of statistical data on: Bar Graph, Pie Charts, Histogram, Frequency polyaon and Erequency curve (Onive curve)	10L+10P
	Unit IV: Quantitative Tools for Data Analysis Definition of Central Tendency, Characteristics of Central Tendency, Types of Measures of Central Tendency (Mean.	10L+10P

	Median, Mode), Relationship between Mean, Median and	
	Mode;	
	Measures Dispersion (Range, Quartile Deviation, Mean Deviation Standard Deviation Coefficient of Variation)	
	Practical Exercise: Data Analysis using Quantitative	
	Software: Introduction, Entering Data, Reading Data into	
	software. Basic Data Function. Data Management. Data	
	Analysis (Descriptive Statistics).	
	Activities:	
	1. Pilot Survey	
	2. Data analysis – Graphical Representation	
	3. Presentation on Measure of central tendency and	
	dispersion	
	4. Data Analysis using Quantitative Software	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ case analysis/assignments/classroom interaction/lab practical	
	1. Dr. O.R. Krishnaswami & Dr. M. Ranganatham. (2018). Methodology	
	of Research in Social Sciences. Himalaya Publishing House	
	2. Kultar Singh. (2007). Quantitative Social Research Methods. Sage	
	Publications India PVI. Ltd.	
References/	and Techniques-A th Ed. New Age International Publishers	
Readings:	A D S Sancheti & V K Kanoor: Statistics: Theory Method & Application	
6 mars	Sultan Chand & Sons. New delhi.	
	5. Goon, Gupta, Dasgupta: An outline of statistical Theory. Vol 1 and 2.	
SIE	Word Press, Calcutta. Statistics, 4th edition, by Freedman, Pisani, and	
	Purves (W.W. Norton and Company, 2011.	
and tage at	The student will be able to	
Course	1. undertake primary data collection	
Outcomes:	2. design a questionnaire	
	3. learn to pre-test, and design a sample for data collection	
	4. able to store and archive data	



Name of the Progra	amme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO-231	
Title of the Course	: Modern Indian contributions to Economic Thought	
Number of Credits	: 3	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-Requisites	Same as programme pre-requisites	
for the course:		
Course	To familiarise students with Indian Nobel laureate winners' perspective	es on
Objective:	economic policy, ethics and inequality	
		No. of
	Unit 1: On Ethics and Economics by Amartya San	nouis
	Content 1: On Ethics and Economics by Amartya Sen	
	Economic Benaviour and Workinger, Feenemic Behaviour and	
	Two Origins, Achievements and weakness, Economic Benaviour and	
	Rationality, Rationality as consistency, Self-Interest and Rational	
	behaviour, Adam Smith and Self-interest	
	Economic Judgements and Moral Philosophy	
	Interpersonal comparisons of utility, Pareto Optimality and	
	Economic Efficiency; Utility, Pareto Optimality, and Welfarism; Well-	
0	being and agency, Valuing and value, Agency, and Well-being:	15
OF UNIVERSION	Distinction and Interdependence, Utility and Well-being;	15
Sha and	Achievements, Freedom, and Rights; Self-interest and Welfare	2
0 6 6 0	Economics, Rights and Freedom	
	Freedom and Consequences	
	Well-being, agency, and freedom; Plurality and evaluation,	
	Incompleteness and Overcompleteness, Conflicts and Impasse,	
	Rights and Consequence, Consequential Assessment and	
	Deontology, Ethics and Economics; Welfare, Goals, and Choices;	
Content:	Conduct, Ethics, and Economics	
	Unit 2: Poor Economics by Abhijit Banerjee (Part I - Private Lives)	
	Think again, again	
	Trapped in Poverty?	
	A Billion Hungry People?	
	Are there really a billion hungry people, Are the poor really eating	
	well and eating enough, Why do the poor eat so little, So is there	
	really a nutrition-based poverty trap.	
	Low-hanging fruit for better (Global) health	
	The health trap. Why aren't these technologies used more.	15
	understanding health-seeking behaviour. The view from our couch	
	Top of the class	
	Supply-demand wars. The curse of expectations. Why schools fail	
	Reengineering education	
	Pak Sudarno's big family	
	What is wrong with large families. Do the noor control their fertility	
	decisions Children as financial instruments. The family	
	Unit 3: Poor Economics by Abbiiit Baneriee (Part II – Institutions)	
	Barefoot hedge-fund managers	15
	barcrovt neuge-runa managers	

	The hazard of being poor, The hedge, Where are the insurance companies for the poor	
	The men from Kabul and the Funuchs of India: The (not so) simple	
	Lending to the poor. Micro insights for a macro programme. Doe	
	microcredit work. The limits of microcredit. How can larger firms be	
	financed	
	Saving Brick by Brick	
	Why the poor don't save more, The psychology of savings, Poverty	
	and the logic of Self-control	
	Reluctant Entrepreneurs	
	Capitalists without capital, The businesses of the poor, Good jobs	
	Policies, Politics	
	Political Economy, Changes at the margin, Decentralisation and	
	democracy in practice, Against political economy	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/Case analysis/Assignments/Classroom discussions/Self-study	
Main Text:	1. Sen, A (1987): On Ethics and Economics, Blackwell Publishing	
	2. Banerjee, A, Duflo, E (2019): Poor Economics, Random House India	
	1. Miller, R (2010): Globalizing Justice: The ethics of poverty and power,	
Additional	Oxford University Press	
References	2. Albert, P, et. al. (2014): Global Poverty Alleviation: A Case Book, Springer	
nercrences.	Netherlands	
ALL AR	3. Elke, M, et. al. (2009): Absolute Poverty and Global Justice, Routledge	
	The students will be:	
	1. able to critically evaluate the perspectives of the Indian Nobel Prize	
Course	winners in Economics on	
Outcome:	2. assess the role of ethics and poverty in wellbeing	
विमाविष	3. apply an ethical framework to inequality and growth	
and the second sec	4. understand the role of sentiments in determining economic outcomes	





Name of the Programme : B.A. Economics		
Course Code	: ECO-232	
Title of the Course	: Managerial Economics	
Number of Credits	: 03	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Same as Programme pre-requisites	
for the Course:	Contract of the second s	
Course Objectives:	 Objectives of the Course are: 1. To enable students to understand fundamental economic co and their applications in the managerial decision-making pr 2. To acquaint students with the various market structur contextualize them in the real business world. 3. To develop the problem-solving skills of students by a formulae & tools learned under various pricing and budgeting methods. 	oncepts ocess. es and pplying capital
	ANNE	No. of Hours
Contraction of the second seco	Unit 1: Managerial Economics and Economic Concepts. Meaning, nature, scope, and role of managerial economics. Economic concepts relevant to Business decision-making - Market demand, Market supply, Production, Distribution, and Consumption (only meaning/concept). Cost, Opportunity cost, Revenue, Price and Profit, (only meaning, basic formula, and examples). Demand Analysis for various products (e.g. durable & non-durable, substitute & complimentary, essential, comfort and luxury). Market Structure based on period (short term and long term) and the degree of competition viz. perfect competition, oligopoly, monopolistic competition, and monopoly (meaning and 6-7 features of each market).	
Content:	Unit 2: Pricing Decisions, Policies & Practices. Pricing Methods and Strategies – Cost-based pricing(cost plus, marginal cost & target return pricing), Competition based pricing(penetration, entry deterring and going rate pricing), Product life cycle-based pricing(price skimming, packaging, perceived value, loss leader pricing), Cyclical pricing (rigid and flexible pricing), Multi-product pricing, Peak load pricing, Sealed bid pricing, Retail pricing, Administered pricing, Export pricing, International price discrimination, and dumping.	15
	Unit 3: Profit Analysis and Uncertainty under Oligopoly. a.Profit Analysis and Uncertainty in Business: Meaning, Different concepts, and role of profit; profit policy, profit maximization, and limiting factors. Oligopoly as a case of uncertainty in business– Main features in brief, non-collusive (Cournot's duopoly model, and, kinked demand model. Prisoner's dilemma,), collusive(Cartels, price leadership, dominant firm model) b.Capital Budgeting: Meaning; Nature; Significance; Factors influencing investment decisions; Types	15

	of projects; steps in capital project evaluation; Cost of Capital, equity capital, debt capital, weighted average cost of capital(concept and numerical problems).
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Case studies, Class presentations, small surveys.
Text Book/References	1. Thomas C.R., & Maurice S.C. (2018) Managerial Economics, Foundations of Business Analysis & Strategy (10ed.) McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
Reference/ Readings:	 Kotler, P., & Armstrong, G. (2010). Principles of marketing (13th ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson Prentice Hall. Mote, V.L., Paul S., and Gupta G.(2017) Managerial Economics: Concepts and Principles, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. Samuelson, W. F., & Marks, S. G. (2010). Managerial Economics (6th ed.). Hoboken, NJ: John Wiley & Sons. Indira Gandhi National Open University (IGNOU): School of Management: Managerial Economics- MS/9. IGNOU, New Delhi. Allen W.B., Welgelt K., Doherty N.& Mansfield E (2019) Managerial Economics, Theory, Applications and Cases. (7th ed.). Viva Books Pvt. Ltd; New Delhi.
Course Outcomes:	 After completion of this course, the learners will be able to: 1. Explain the fundamental concepts of economics in management 2. Apply various pricing and profits concepts and tools in practical business decision-making. 3. Examine the significance of uncertainty 4. Assess the Role of market imperfections
25	



Name of the Prog	ramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO 233	
Title of the Cours	e : Making of Economic Policy in India	
Number of Credit	is : 03	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites for the Course:	Same as Programme pre-requisites	
Course Objectives:	Objectives of the Course are: To enable students to understand and evaluate the performance of economic policies and the Union Budget of India	India's
		No. of Hours
Content:	Module 1: Understanding the Indian Budget process Need for the Budget, Understanding the process of budget making in India, Analysis of budget in terms of various parameters such as: a) Deficits —trends in fiscal deficit and revenue deficit b) Receipts - proposed sources of revenue and expected growth in revenue; steps taken to increase revenue such as tax simplification, improvement in tax administration, expansion of tax net; c) Expenditure -expenditure pattern and expected growth in expenditure; The thrust areas of the budget; areas / sectors which have received higher or lower share of expenditure, reasons and consequences thereof; steps proposed to ensure effective spending	15
	Module 2: Basic Concepts of Fiscal Policy Management Fiscal policy, Objectives of Fiscal Policy, Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management Act (FRBM), Areas of government spending in India, Capital expenditure, revenue expenditure, plan expenditure, non-plan expenditure - Deficits (fiscal, primary, revenue), impact of fiscal deficit on economy, need to control fiscal deficits - Capital receipts, revenue receipts, tax and non-tax revenue, direct and indirect taxes, need to rationalize tax structure. Goods and Services Tax (GST). Zero-base budgeting, Gender budgeting, Fiscal devolution and centre-state financial relations in India.	15
	Module 3: Public Investment and Infrastructure Physical and Digital Infrastructure Policies of India (Public-Private Partnerships, National Infrastructure Pipeline, National Monetisation Pipeline, National Logistic Policy, PMGatiShakti, Developments in Physical infrastructure viz: Road, Railways, Civil-aviation, Ports, Inland Water, Electricity (last decade), Growth Story of Digital Public Infrastructure, Progress and Achievements of National Action Plan on Climate Change (NAPCC) with special reference to Eight National Missions, Finance for sustainable Development.	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Group discussions, Seminars, Case studies, Field work	
	Main Text:	
Reference/ Readings:	 Economic Survey (latest), Government of India, Ministry of F Government of India. (Physical and Digital Infrastructure, Climate and Environment). 	inance, Change

	2. Union Budget of India, Ministry of Finance, Government of India		
	Additional Readings:		
	1. Uma Kapila (2023-24), "Fiscal and Budgetary Developments", in Indian		
	Economy Since Independence, (34th edn.), Academic Foundation.		
	2. Pranab Mukherjee (2012), "Budget Making", in K. Basu and A. Maertens,		
	The New Oxford Companion to Economics in India, (3rd edn.) Oxford		
	University Press.		
	3. Dipak Dasgupta and Supriyo De (2012), "Fiscal Deficit", in Basu and		
	Maertens, The New Oxford Companion to Economics in India, (3 rd edn.)		
	Oxford University Press.		
	4. A guide to Using Budget Analysis, Centre for Budget and Governance		
	Accountability,		
	5. Handbook of Indian Economy, Reserve Bank of India		
	After completion of this course, the learners will be able to:		
Course Outcomes:	1. Understand the basic terminology of Union Budget		
	2. Evaluate the Progress and Performance of India's Economic Policies		
	3. Critically Evaluate the Performance of Union Budget		
	4. Assess the impact of public investment and infrastructre in India		








Name of the Prog	gramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO 241	
Title of the Cours	e : Data Analysis III	
Number of Credit	rs : 03 (1L-0T-2P)	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Data Analysis I & II or equivalent	
for the Course:	C INNER OF	
Course Objectives:	 The objective of the course is: To extend the students' understanding of causal inference to multiple regression and probabilistic models To enable students to undertake data analysis techniques to build predictive models. To familiarize students with problems associated with regression models. 	
		No. of Hours
Content:	 Unit 1: Multiple Linear Regression Model Introduction, Assumptions, Model with Two Independent Variables, Obtaining the OLS Estimates; Goodness of fit (R2 and adjusted R2); interpreting results, Comparison of Simple and Multiple Regression Estimates; functional forms of regression models; Use of dummy variables as regressors; Interaction effects. Practical: Estimating Multiple regression models, generating and using dummy variables, and interaction effects in models. Unit 2: Violation of Assumptions Problems associated: Multicollinearity, Heteroscedasticity, and Autocorrelation (meaning, detection, consequences, and remedies). Practical: Testing for Multicollinearity, Heteroscedasticity, and Autocorrelation. 	5L +20P 5L +20P
	Unit: 3: Limited Dependent Variable Models: Linear Probability model (LPM); Logit and Probit Models for Binary Response, Specifying Logit and Probit Models, Maximum Likelihood Estimation of Logit and Probit Models, Testing Multiple Hypotheses, Interpreting the Logit and Probit Practical: Estimating and interpreting Limited Dependent Variable Models.	5L +20P
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ case analysis/assignments/class room interaction/lab p	ractical
References/ Readings:	Main text: Ramanathan, Ramu (2002) Introductory Econometrics with Applic Pearson Education, Singapore	cations,
<u> </u>	1. Guiarati, D.N. and D.C. Porter (2009) Essentials of Econometr	ics.
Additional	McGraw Hill, 4th Ed., International Edition	
References:	2. Wooldridge, Jeffrey M (2002). Econometric Analysis of cross s	ection
	and Panel Data, MIT Press, USA	

	3. Black, Ken. (2019). Business Statistics: For Contemporary Decision
	Making (10th). New York: West Publishing Company.
	4. Gerald Keller (2017): Statistics for Management and Economics, 11th
	Edition, Cengage Learning, USA.
	5. Adkins, L. C. (n.d.). Using gretl for Principles of Econometrics, 5th
	Edition Version 1.0.
	6. David M. Levine, David F. Stephan, Timothy C. Krehbiel, and Mark L.
	Berenson, Statistics for Managers: Using Microsoft Excel, Fifth Edition,
	Prentice Hall, Pearson Education, Inc.
	The students will be able to :
	1. Build and interpret multiple regression and probabilistic models.
Course	2. Interpret the use of dummy variables in regression models.
Outcomes:	3. Test regression models for associated violations of their
	assumptions.
	4. Analyse data using open-source software.









Name of the Prog	gramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO 242	
Title of the Cours	e : Entrepreneurship Development	
Number of Credit	:s : 03 (1L-0T-2P)	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Same as Programme pre-requisites	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	To expose students to entrepreneurship and to develop skills to be an effective businessperson and to identify areas of utmost importance in the starting and managing of the business.	
	She all	No of hours
	Unit 1: Understanding Basic Accounting and Business Finance Objectives of accounting, Accounting process, Record Keeping, Cash Flow management and Inventory management. Financing business- Finance for entrepreneurs- Sources of Finance- internal and external. Government Schemes for small entrepreneurs.	5L+20P
Content:	Unit 2: Tourism Entrepreneurship and Rural Entrepreneurship Tourism Entrepreneurship- Meaning, Perspective, Eco- tourism/Nature tourism/rural tourism, Policy measures for tourism entrepreneurship in India. Rural Entrepreneurship- Meaning, Need, Problems, how to develop Rural Entrepreneurship	5L+20P
	Unit 3: Patents, Copyrights and trademarks Patents – Meaning, Types, Process. Copyrights- Meaning, Objectives. Trademarks- Meaning, Functions, Categories, Benefits and Registration.	5L+20P
Pedagogy:	 Chalk and talk aided by ICT enabled lectures, Practical Assignments and presentations Group activity (Videos, In-class Activities, Outbound Activities) 	
References/ Readings:	 Main Text: S. S. Khanka, Entrepreneurial Development, S. Chand &compar Ltd. Reference Books: Cynthia L. Greene, Entrepreneurship: Ideas in Action, Thomson Western. Mary Coulter, Entrepreneurship in Action, 2nd edition, prentice India, Indian reprint. Thomas W. Zimmerer, and Norman M. Scarborough, Essentials Entrepreneurship and small business management, Prentice –F India, 2006. Vasant Desai, Dynamics of Entrepreneurship Development, Hir Publishing House. 	ny pvt . - South- Hall of of Hall of nalaya
Course Outcomes:	 Upon completion of this course, the students will Understand Basic Accounting needed to start a business. Know the options for Sources of small business Finance. Identify the avenues of Entrepreneurship and learn he required 	l skills

by organising events.
4. Learn the techniques of stress management.









Semester IV		
Name of the Prog	gramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO-202	
Title of the Cours	e : Microeconomics – II	
Number of Credit	ts : 04 (4L)	
Effective form AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisite	Successfully completed Micronomics 1 or equivalent	
for the course:	N SP TREES	
Course	The course makes the students to understand how different mark	et
Objective/s:	conditions operate and optimum decisions are taken by firms.	
		No. of Hours
Content:	Module 1: Imperfect Competition Monopolistic competition: Assumption/features; short run & long run price and output determination, economic efficiency and resource allocation. Oligopoly-meaning, features, oligopoly models-collusion, price- leadership, kinked demand curve, cournot; game theory, role of the government	15
	Module 2: Information, Market failures and Role of Government Externalities, marginal social/cost pricing, internalizing externalities, public goods, common resources, asymmetric information; adverse selection, moral hazards, market signaling, incentives,	15
	Module 3: Input Demand: The Labour, Land, Capital Markets and Investment decision. Input markets: demand for inputs; labour markets, land markets, profit maximization condition in input markets, input demand curves, distribution of income. Capital markets; capital, investment and depreciation: investment and depreciation, capital markets, capital accumulation and allocation.	15
	Modulo 4: Income distribution and International Trade	
	Sources of household income, distribution of market income, inequality in market income, arguments for and against redistribution, redistribution through taxes and transfer, Poverty, minimum wage and income inequality in other countries. Absolute advantage, comparative advantage, terms of trade, sources of comparative advantage, trade barriers, free trade/protectionism.	15
Dodagogy	Lecture/Case analysis/assignments/class room interactions/group	
Pedagogy:	discussions/quiz/short assignments/class room presentation.	
Main Text:	 Case, Karl E., Ray C. Fair and S. Oster (2014). Principles of Econ 9th Edition. Pearson Education, New Delhi. 	omics,
	1. Pindyck, Robert S., Rubinfield, Daniel L. and Mehta, Prem L. (20	009).
References/Re	Microeconomics. Pearson Education. [Dorling Kindersle (India)	Pvt.
adings:	Ltd.] New Delhi	

2. Samuelson, Paul A. & Nordhaus, William D. (2010). <i>Economics</i> – 19 th
Ed. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
3. Salvatore, Dominick (2004), Microeconomic Theory, (Schaum's
outlines) 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
4. Hyman N. David (1996) <i>Microeconomics,</i> 4th Edition, Irwin, USA.
5. Pindyck, Robert S., Rubinfield, Daniel L. (2009). Study Guide for
Microeconomics.8th Edition, Pearson Education. [Dorling Kindersle
(India) Pvt. Ltd.] New Delhi.
6. Tucker, Irvin, B. (1999), <i>Economics for Today,</i> 2nd Edition, South-
western college publishing, Thomson Learning, Australia.
7. Salvatore, Dominick (2004), Principles of Microeconomics, 5th
Edition, Oxford University Press, UK.
8. Gravelle, H. And R. Rees, (2004), <i>Microeconomics,</i> 2nd Edition,
Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
9. Stonier, Alfred, W. & Douglas G. Hague, (2006), A Text Book of
Economic Theory, 5th Edition, The English Language Book Society and
Longman Group Ltd. London.
10. Tucker, Irvin, B. (2022), <i>Microeconomics for Today</i> , Cengage Learning.
The students will be able to:
1. Explain the outcomes in the presence of market imperfections
2. Evaluate market failures and role of government
3. Understand role of inputs
4. Assess Impact of inequality and international trade.





Name of the Prog	gramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO-203	
Title of the Cours	e : Macroeconomics – II	
Number of Credit	ts : 04 (4L)	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisite	Successfully completed Macroeconomics-1 or equivalent	
for the course:		
Course Objective/s:	To familiarize students with macroeconomic terminologies so as to enable them to develop a comprehensive understanding of economics at a macroeconomic level and also to create awareness about recent developments in macroeconomic literature.	
		Hours
Content:	Module 1: Money Demand and the Equilibrium Interest Rate Interest Rates and Bond Prices: meaning of interest and bond, relationship between interest rates and bond prices The Demand for Money: the Transaction Motive, the Precautionary Motive, the Speculation Motive, the total Demand for Money, The Liquidity Trap, the effect of Nominal Income on the Demand for Money; The Equilibrium Interest Rate: Supply and Demand in the Money Market, impact of changes in the Money Supply on the Interest Rate, shifts in the Money Demand Curve and the Interest Rate, Zero Interest Rate Bound; Module 2: Aggregate Demand and Aggregate Supply Planned Investment and the Interest Rate: meaning of Investment, Investment and Interest Rate, other determinants of Planned Investment, Planned Aggregate Expenditure and the Interest Rate; Equilibrium in both the Goods and Money Markets Policy Effects in the Goods and Money Markets Policy Effects, Contractionary Policy effects, the Macroeconomic Policy Mix; Aggregate Demand (AD): the concept of Aggregate Demand, the Aggregate Demand Curve, slope of the Aggregate Demand, the Aggregate Demand Curve, slope of the Aggregate Demand Curve, shifts of the Aggregate Demand Curve from Policy Variables; Aggregate Supply (AS): the concept of Aggregate Supply; Aggregate Supply Curve; The Equilibrium Price Level: Macroeconomic equilibrium; The Long-Run Aggregate Supply Curve: Potential GDP; Monetary and Fiscal Policy Effects: Long-Run Aggregate Supply and Policy Effects	15
	Module 3: The IS-LM Model of Integration of Commodity and Money Market	15

	The IS Curve: features, the IS Curve, slope of the IS Curve, shift
	in the IS Curve, Equilibrium in the Goods Market;
	The LM Curve: features, the LM Curve, slope of the LM Curve,
	shift in the LM Curve, Equilibrium in Money Market;
	Simultaneous Equilibrium in Goods and Money Market
	Module 4: The Labor Market in the Macroeconomy
	The Labor Market: Basic Concepts;
	The Classical View of the Labor Market: The Classical Labor
	Market and the Aggregate Supply Curve, the Unemployment
	Rate and the Classical View;
	Unemployment: Sticky Wages, Efficiency Wage Theory,
	Imperfect Information, Minimum Wage Laws:
	The Short-Run Relationship Between the Unemployment Rate 15
	and Inflation: The Phillips Curve- A Historical Perspective.
	Aggregate Supply and Aggregate Demand Analysis and the
	Phillips Curve, Expectations and the Phillips Curve, Inflation and
	Aggregate Demand:
	The Long-Run Aggregate Supply Curve, Potential Output, and
	the Natural Rate of Unemployment: The Nonaccelerating
000	Inflation Rate of Unemployment (NAIRU)
OD UNIVERSION	Lectures/Case analysis/ assignments/ group discussions/ quiz/
Pedagogy:	presentations
	Case, K. E., Fair, R. C., & Oster, S. M. (2020). Principles of Economics. 13th
Main Text:	edition, Prentice Hall.
STERRY	1. Blanchard, Oliver and Johnson R. David (2021). Macroeconomics, 8th
(I) (I) (I)	edition. Pearson Education, New Delhi.
विद्या विद्य	2. Froyen, R. T. (2013). Froyen: Macroeconomics. 10th edition, Pearson
A martle a Mart	Higher Ed.
References/Re	3. Irvin Tucker (2022). <i>Macroeconomics for Today</i> , 11 th edition, Cengage
adings:	Publisher
	4. Mankiw, N. Gregory (2022). Macroeconomics. 11 th edition, Macmillan
	Learning
	5. Samuelson, P. A., & Nordhaus, W. D. (2021). Macroeconomics. 20 th
	edition, Pearson.
	The students will be able to
	1. Explain the key macroeconomic determinants of the demand for
	money.
	2. Evaluate the concepts of aggregate demand and aggregate supply and
Course	the manner in which macroeconomic equilibrium is attained.
Outcomes:	3. Appraise the is-Livi wodel of Commodity Warket and Money Markets.
	4. Analyze the relationship between unemployment, inflation, and the
	markets interact to shape sutput prices and employment in the rest
	markets interact to snape output, prices, and employment in the real
1	economy.

Name of the Programme : B.A. Economics		
Course code	: ECO-204	
Title of the course	: Indian Economy	
Number of credits	: 4	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre - requisites	Same as Programme pre-requisites	
for the course:	(A-B)	
Course Objectives:	 To provide a basic understanding to the students on the development of Indian Economy in the pre-Independence p and post-Independence period. To analyse the demographic trends and Economic developm India. To acquaint the students with the impact of planning and ex reforms in India. To make the students understand the significance of product sectors in the economy and their impact on key economic indicators. 	eriod nent in conomic ctive
	NOA CREEK	No. of Hours
	Module I: Evolution of Indian Economy and Planning Process in India. Features of Indian economy in the pre-independence and post-independence Period. Meaning of Economic Planning: Objectives of Indian planning; Mixed Economy; Planning Commission; Development strategies Nehru -Mahalanobis Model (Features) and Rao- Manmohan Singh Model (Features) Transition from Planning Commission to NITI Aayog.	15
Content	Module II: Demographic features and Economic Development Demographic trends; Demographic Issues; National Population Policy 2000(features and measures). Economic Development (meaning);Distinction between economic growth and economic development; Physical Quality Life Index; Human Development Index; Gender Development Index, Happiness Index.	15
	Module III: Economic Challenges faced by Indian Economy Poverty, Unemployment, and Inequality of income (meaning, causes, effects, measures and any two policies; Interrelationship between poverty, unemployment and inequalities of income.	15
	Module IV: Productive Sectors Agriculture sector - Role of agriculture in Indian economy; Green Revolution; Land reforms; Agricultural marketing.	15

	Industrial Sector- Role of Industries in Indian economy;		
	Industrial Policy of 1991; Role of Public sector; Multinational		
	Corporation; MSME (definition).		
	Service sector- Significance of service sector in Indian		
	economy; Health status, Education; growth of IT sector;		
	Composition of Indian Banking System.		
	Chalk and talk aided by ICT enabled lectures.		
Dedeser	 Assignment and Presentations 		
Pedagogy	Group activity		
	 MOOC (or similar component) 		
	Main Text Book-		
	1. V K Puri, S.K Mishra and Bharat Garg (2022):Indian Economy: its		
	Development Experience, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.		
	Additional Readings		
	1. Gaurav Datt and Ashwani Mahajan (2022), Dutt and Sundaram		
	Indian Economy, S Chand and Company, New Delhi.		
Poforoncos /Poo	2. Uma Kapila (2014) Indian Economy since Independence, Academic		
ding	Foundation, New Delhi.		
ung	3. I.C Dhingra, (2004): Indian Economic Problems, S Chand &		
AND	Company, New Delhi.		
NOP TRON	4. M.B Shukla(2012):Indian Economy, Taxmann, New Delhi.		
Smark	5. P.K Dhar (2014): Indian Economy and Growing Dimensions, Kalyani		
9 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Publishers, New Delhi.		
d Bar al b	6. Ramesh Singh (2020-21): Indian Economy, McGraw Hill Education,		
2 PH	Chennai.		
A A A A A	Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:		
Concentration of the	1. Explain the transformation of Indian economy since independence.		
Course	2. Analyse the role of planning and economic reforms in transforming		
Outcome	India		
	3. Critically appraise development strategies in India		
	4. Assess the emerging challenges of the Indian economy		



Name of the Prog	gramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO- 205	
Title of the Cours	e : Development Economics - I	
Number of Credit	ts : 2	
Effective from A	:2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Successfully completed Mircoeconomics-1 and Macroeconomics	-1 or
for the Course:	equivalent	
Course	1. To understand the various facets of economic development.	
Objectives:	2. To analyse the theories of economic development.	
		No of
	b sol of	hours
	Module I: Introduction	
	Why study economic development? Poverty in the less-	
	developed world, The development enigma, Recent trends in	15
Contonti	economic growth, Why development, and why now?	15
content:	Economic growth and development require structural change,	
	Barriers to development.	
	Module II: Theories of Economic Development	
	The theory of the big push, A theory of balanced growth,	15
6-6	Unbalanced growth, Growth with unlimited supplies of labour,	2 IS
~ OF UNIVERSIA	Utilizing the economic surplus, Stages of growth theory.	NERSON N
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Group Discussions, Presentations, Short Assignments.	AR
References/	Main Text Book: Cypher, J. M. & Dietz, J. L. (2020), The Pr	ocess of
Readings:	Economic Development, Routledge, London.	A B
SA PRAK	1. Todaro, Michael. P & Smith S. C. (2020), 13th Ed., E	conomic
	Development, Pearson, U.K.	1 AN
Tagfat	2. Thirwal, A.P. and Lopez, P. P. Economics of Development: The	eory and
and the second	Evidence (2017), Bloomsbury Publishing India Pvt. Ltd., New	Delhi.
	3. Debraj Ray, Development Economics, (2009) Oxford Universi	ty Press.
	4. Ghatak, S. (2003) Introduction to Development Eco	onomics,
	Routledge, London.	
	Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:	
	1. Explain the difference between growth and development.	
Course	2. Compare, contrast and analyse the theories of e	conomic
Outcomes:	development.	
	3. Assess balanced and unbalanced growth	
	4. Evaluate different stages of growth	



Name of the Prog	ramme : B.A. Economics	
Title of the Course	e : Decision Making with Spreadsheets I	
Course Code	: ECO 221	
Number of Credits	s : 4 (3T+1P)	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Same as Programme pre-requisites	
for the Course:		
Course	The objective of the course is to	
Objectives:	Introduce the students with decision-making tools using spread	sheets
		No. of
	A A B A I A	Hours
	Unit 1: Introduction to Decision Making using spreadsheets:	
	Range Names, Lookup Functions, Index Function, Match	
	Function, Text Functions, Dates and Date Functions, Evaluating	
	Investments by Using Net Present Value Criteria. Internal Rate	15L
	of Return More Einancial Functions Circular References If	
	Statements Time and Time Functions, Paste Special Command	
	Unit 2: Preliminaries to Decision Analysis:	
	Three-dimensional formulas The Auditing Tool Sensitivity	
	Analysis with Data Tables. The Goal Sock Command Using the	5
SINVE	Sconario Managor for Soncitivity Analysis The COUNTIE	VERC
	COUNTIES COUNT COUNTA and COUNTRIANK Eurotions	130
Zmarts	COUNTIES, COUNT, COUNTA, and COUNTBLANK FUNCTIONS,	10L+10P
N CON N	The SOMIF, AVERAGEIF, SOMIFS, and AVERAGEIFS Functions,	
Content: 🚅 / 🗇	The OFFSET Function, The INDIRECT Function, Conditional	
AP 10 KS	Formatting, Sorting in Spreadsneets, Tables, Spin Buttons,	
A A A A A	Scroll Bars, Option Buttons, Check Boxes, Combo Boxes and	Farth
Charling and Div	Group List Boxes.	S. D. D
	Unit 3: Decision Analysis using Solver:	
	An Introduction to Optimization with Solver, Using Solver to	
	Determine the Optimal Product Mix, Using Solver to Schedule	10L+10P
	Your Workforce, Using Solver to Solve Transportation or	
	Distribution Problems, Using Solver for Capital Budgeting,	
	Unit 4: Advanced uses of solver for decision making:	
	Using Solver for Financial Planning, Using Solver to Rate Sports	
	Teams, Warehouse Location and the GRG Multistart and	10L+10P
	Evolutionary Solver Engines, Penalties and the Evolutionary	
	Solver, The Traveling Salesperson Problem	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ case analysis/assignments/classroom interaction/lab	practical
	Main Text:	
	1. Winston, W., Microsoft [®] Excel [®] 2010: Data Analysis and Busi	ness
	Modeling, 3rd ed., 2011. Redmond, WA: Microsoft Press	
References/	Additional References:	
Readings:	1. Levine, D., Stephan, D., & Szabat, K., Statistics for Managers	Using
	Microsoft [®] Excel [®] , 7th ed., 2013. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pre	entice
	Hall.	
	2. Introduction to Management Science: Quantitative Approac	hes to
	Decision Making, by David Anderson, Dennis J. Sweeney, Th	omas

	Arthur Williams.
	Students will be able to:
	1. Familiarise with multiple spreadsheet commands for general day-
Course	to-day use
Outcomes:	2. Apply spreadsheet commands and functions in decision-making
	3. Use a spreadsheet solver for optimisation problems
	4. Use advanced spreadsheet techniques for multiproblem solutions









Name of the Progr	amme : B.A. Economics	
Title of the Course	: Financial Economics I	
Course Code	: ECO 222	
Number of Credits	: 4 (3T+1P)	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Same as programme pre-requisites	
for the Course:		
Course	To equip students with basics of investment and working of f	inancial
Objectives:	ratios.	
		No of hours
	Module 1: Investment Environment	
	Introduction to Investment; Nature, Meaning and	
	Importance of Investment; Real Assets versus Financial	15L
	Assets; Financial Markets and The Economy; Investment	
	process; Recent trends in Investment Environment.	
	Module 2: Forms of Financial Investments	
	Money Market; The Bond Market; Equity Securities; Stock	
	and Bond Market Indexes; Derivative Markets; Investment	10L+10P
6-6	companies: Types of Investment Companies; Mutual Funds:	INTER
Contont	Cost of investing in mutual funds.	T
content.	Module 3: Investment – Risk and Return	1000
9 6	Concept of Investment risk and return; Determinant of the	1990 1 6
ALAAH	level of Interest Rates; Risk and Risk Aversion; Capital	101+100
SER	allocation across Risky and Risk-Free Portfolios; Risk-Free	TOLTTOP
	Asset; Optimal Risky Portfolios; Diversification and	JAN MARK
विम्राविके	portfolio Risk; portfolios of Two Risky Assets.	dure s Di
o come como	Module 4: Security Analysis and Financial Ratios.	
	The Global Economy; Accounting versus Economic Earning;	
	Profitability Measures; Meaning of Ratio Analysis, types	10I ±10D
	and meaning of Financial ratio- Liquidity ratio; Market Price	102,101
	ratios, Importance of Financial ratio Analysis-Economic	
	Value Added; Limitations of Financial ratios.	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ case analysis/assignments/class room interaction	
	Main text	
	1. Bodie Zvi, Alex Kane, Alan J. Marcus and Pitabas Mohanty	(2015),
	Investments, 10th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pv	t. Ltd.
	New Delhi	
	References	
References/	1. Mark Hirchey , John Nofsinger (2008) Investment- Analysi	s and
Readings:	behavior, Tata mac Graw Hills Publishing Company Limita	tion, New
	Delhi.	
	2. Maheshwari S. N. (2015), Management Accounting and Fi	nancial
	Control, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi.	
	3. Prasanna Chandra, Financial Management- Theory and Pr	actice, Mc
	Graw Hills New Delhi. 10 th Edition	

	4. Khatri Kumar Dhanesh (2012), Investment Management and	
	Security Analysis-Text & Case, 2 nd Edition, MacMillan India Ltd.	
	5. Bhole, L.M. (2009): Financial Institutions and Markets, Tata McGraw	
	Hill, New Delhi	
	6. Pandey I. M. (2015) Financial Management, 11th Edition, Vikas	
	Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi	
	After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able	
	to:	
Course	1. Explain Investment, Investment process and recent trends in	
Outcomes:	Investment	
	2. Classify different forms of Investments	
	3. Analyze risk and return of Investment	
	4. Evaluate financial Ratios	
Contraction Provide		









Name of the Programme : B.A. Economics		
concepts		
No. of		
Hours		
5T± 15D		
517 ISP		
NIVER		
Nº2O		
RAND		
5T+ 15P		
25/9		
-FARTER N		
Read Day		
5T+ 15P		
45P		
cGraw Hill		
1		
nd Edition		

	1. Jain, K. R. (2023). <i>Customs Tariff of India 2023-24</i> , 78 th Edition, Taxmann.
	 Singhania, K. V. & Singhania, M. (2023). Students' Guide to Income Tax Including GST, 70th Edition, Taxmann.
	3. Sreekantaradhya, B. S. (2000). Structure and Reform of Taxation in
Poforoncos/Po	India, Deep & Deep, New Delhi.
adings:	4. T. N. Manoharan, G.R. Hari. (2024). Students' Handbook on Taxation,
	Snow White Publications Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai.
	5. Government of India. (2017). GST - Concept and status (as on 3rd June,
	2017). Central Board of Excise and Customs, Department of Revenue,
	Ministry of Finance.
	6. Goods and Service Tax (GST) (2019)-Concept & Status. Central Board
	of Indirect Taxes and Customs (CBIC) India.
	The students will be able to
C	1. Interpret provisions of direct and indirect tax legislations
Course	2. Analyze direct and indirect tax structures.
Outcomes:	3. Acquire the skills for practical computation of SGST, CGST and IGST.
	4. Assess customs duties.









Semester V		
Name of the Prog	gramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO-300	
Title of the Cours	e : Basic Statistics	
Number of Credit	ts : 04 (3T+1P)	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Same as Programme pre-requisites	
for the Course:		
	The objective of the course is to:	
Course	1. familiarize basic statistical concepts and	
Objectives:	2. learn the tools for analyzing data	
	3. understand the use of spreadsheets	
	Transferrer Part	No. of Hours
	Unit 1: Introduction to Basic Statistics	
	Statistics: The Art and Science of Learning from Data; Using Data	
	to Answer Statistical Questions, Sample Versus Population, Using	451
	Calculators and Computers.	12
	Practical: Introduction to spreadsheets, statistical functions in	
6-6	spreadsheets, data analysis in spreadsheets	R
~ OF UNIVERS	Unit 2: Exploring Data with Graphs	
Sama A	Exploring Data with Graphs: Different Types of Data, Graphical	AR
	Summaries of Data, Recognizing and Avoiding Misuses of	10L+10P
H LA A	Graphical.	A / 6
STERRY	Practical: Generating and interpreting graphs using spreadsheets	HAS .
Content:	Unit 3: Exploring Data with Descriptive Statistics	S.C.
Chieffing Br	Different Types of Data, Measuring the Center of Quantitative	50
	Data, Measuring the Variability of Quantitative Data, Using	10L+10P
	Measures of Position to Describe Variability	
	Practical: Generating and interpreting descriptive Statistics using	
	spreadsheets	
	Unit 4: Exploring Data with Associations:	
	Association: Contingency, Correlation, and Regression, The	
	Association Between Two Categorical Variables, The Association	
	a Variable. Cautions in Analyzing Associations	10L+10P
	Practical: Estimating measures of associations (correlation and	
	simple regression) using spreadsheets: interpreting measures of	
	association	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ case analysis/assignments/classroom interaction/lab pr	actical
Main	Alan Agresti, Christine Franklin, and Bernhard Klingenberg (2017)	The Art
References	and Science of Learning from Data, Fourth Edition, Pearson Educa	tion.
	1. Black, Ken. (2019). Business Statistics: For Contemporary Dec	ision
	Making (10th). New York: West Publishing Company.	
Additional	2. G.C. Beri (2005): Business Statistics, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw	Hill
Reierences	Publishing Company Ltd, Delhi	
	3. Ron C. Mittel Hammer (2013): Mathematical Statistics for Eco	nomics

	4. and Business, 2nd Edition, Springer
	5. Levine, D., Stephan, D., & Szabat, K., Statistics for Managers Using
	Microsoft [®] Excel [®] , 7th ed., 2013. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall
Course Outcomes:	Students will be able to use and interpret:
	1. vital statistics
	2. preliminary statistical graphical tools
	3. summaries and explore data in spreadsheets
	4. measures of association in spreadsheets









Name of the Programme : B.A. Economics		
Course Code	: ECO-301	
Title of the Course	: Public Finance	
Number of Credits	: 04	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Prerequisites	Successfully completed Microeconomics-1 &2 and Macroecono	omics-1
for the Course	&2	
	To introduce students to the	
Course	1. role of public expenditure,	
Objective	2. management of revenue, and	
	3. implications of debt in macroeconomic management.	
		No. of
		Hours
	Module 1 Public Sector	
	Need and Functions of Public Sector, Social goods and market	
	failure, market failure due to non rival consumption, market	
	failure due to non-excludability and combined causes of	15
	market failure, Public provision for social goods, Need and	
	instruments of stabilization policy, Public sector in the circular	
000	flow. Public sector in the National Income accounts.	5
AUNIVERS	Module 2 Public Expenditure	- Rom
	Public expenditure growth by type of expenditure. Causes of	AR
6/200	expenditure growth. Fundamentals of project evaluation-	XXX D
	Types of benefits and costs, measurements of benefit and	15
SIE 2	costs.	R
Call and S	Canons of Public expenditure. Effects of public expenditure on	A A A
Content	production and distribution.	TTOTAL
Addinance - Div	Module 3 Taxation	
	Ability to pay- Horizontal Equity & Vertical Equity, Nature of	
	tax burden. Concept of Incidence- Statutory incidence.	
	Economic Incidence and Tax shifting. Effects of tax on Private	15
	sector saving, Adam Smiths Canons of taxation, Distinction	
	between Direct & indirect tax, Income tax and Goods and	
	services tax from India's perspective.	
	Module 4 Fiscal Federalism in India	
	Transfer of resources through finance commissions (1951-	
	200), Transfer of resources through finance commissions	
	(2000-2010), Fifteenth Finance commission (2021-2026),	
	other sources of transfer, Problems of federal finance in	15
	Indian and suggestions for improvement, local finance -	
	functions and sources of revenue for Panchayats and	
	Municipalities	
Pedagogy	Lectures/Case analysis/assignments/class room interaction	
	1. Public Finance in Theory and Practice- Richard A Musgrave	& Peggy
References/	B Musgrave	
Readings	2. Public Finance by B.P. Tyagi	
_	3. Indian Economy , V.K Puri, S.K Misra, Bharat Garg	

	Students will be able to
Course	1. assess the role of the public sector
Outcomo	2. evaluate techniques of public expenditure
Outcome	3. evaluate efficacy of tax and non-tax revenue
	4. assess role of debt in macroeconomic management









Name of the Prog	gramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO 302	
Title of the Cours	e : Research Methodology	
Number of Credit	ts : 04	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisite	Same as programme pre-requisites	
for the course		
Course Objective Unit	Equip students with basic methods of social research ability to design a research study frame a hypothesis basic report writing Content	No of Hours
Content:	I-Introduction and Research Design Research: meaning, objectives, types and significance, criteria for good research, problems faced by researchers in India, steps involved in social science research. Research Design: meaning, need, features and important concepts: dependent and independent variable, extraneous variable, control, treatments, experiment and research hypothesis. II-Research Methods Research methods: Case study, social survey and experimental method (meaning features importance and limitations)	15
	III -Hypothesis Hypothesis: Meaning, features, importance and sources. Basic concepts concerning testing of hypothesis: null and alternative hypothesis, type I and type II errors, level of significance and two tailed and one tailed tests	15
	 IV- Sampling Techniques and Report Writing Sampling methods: Simple random, stratified, multistage, cluster and snow ball sampling. Sampling and non sampling errors. Report writing: Significance, types and steps involved. 	15
Pedagogy	Lectures, case analysis, assignments and discussion	
References	 Main Text: Research Methodology-methods and Techniques- C R Kothari and Garg, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers Additional Readings: Research Methods- Ram Ahuja, Rawat Publications. Research Methodology and statistical Techniques-Santosh Deep and Deep Publications New Delhi. 	Gaurav Gupta,
Course Outcomes	 After the successful completion of the course, students will be able undertake social science research. evaluate different research methods. create samples using different sampling methods write reports based on analysis 	e to,

Name of the Prog	ramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO 303	
Title of the Course	e : Development Economics - II	
Number of Credit	s : 02	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Successfully completed Development Economics - I	
for the Course:	AND	
Course Objectives:	 To understand the significance of technology in e development. To realize the benefits and costs of Transnational Corporat economic development. 	conomic ions and
		No of hours
	Module I: Technology and Economic Development What is technology? A technological strategy of development, Total factor productivity and national technology, Technology- centered development, Industrial innovation: Continuing technological progress, Industrial policies to promote an ITLC, Macro- policies and technological change.	15
Content:	Module II: Transnational Corporations and Economic Development Meaning of TNCs, Import substitution industrialization and the TNCs, The globally integrated production system, Foreign direct investment, Who in the less-developed countries gains from FDI? Capital formation and TNCs, Potential costs of TNCs to a host country, Weak linkages, thin globalization, Export promotion and the fallacy of composition, Long-term costs of TNCs: the potential for environmental degradation, Export processing zones and the problems of small nations, Vertically integrated TNCs and development prospects, Bargaining with the TNCs, FDI in Asia and Latin America.	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Group Discussions, Presentations, Short Assignments.	
References/	Main Text Book: Cypher, J. M. & Dietz, J. L. (2020), The Pr	ocess of
Readings:	Economic Development, Routledge, London.	
	 Todaro, Michael. P & Smith S. C. (2020), 13th Ed., E Development, Pearson, U.K. Thirwal, A.P. and Lopez, P. P. Economics of Development: The Evidence (2017), Bloomsbury Publishing India Pvt. Ltd., New Debraj Ray, Development Economics, (2009) Oxford Universi Ghatak, S. (2003) Introduction to Development Economic Routledge, London. 	conomic eory and Delhi. ty Press. onomics,
Course Outcomes:	 Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to: Explain the significance of technology in economic developm Understand the role of policy in technological development Examine the benefits and drawbacks of Transnational Corpor economic development. Assess role of FDI in developing countries 	ent. ations in

Name of the Progr	amme : B.A. Economics	
Title of the Course	: Decision Making with Spreadsheets II	
Course Code	: ECO-321	
Number of Credits	: 4	
Effective from AY	:2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Successfully completed Decision Making with Spreadsheets I	
for the Course:	(And)	
Course	The objective of the course is to	
Objectives:	 Familiarize students with forecasting methods in spreadshee 	ets
00)0011003	 Introduce students to decision-making models in spreadshee 	ets
	6 8 30	No. of
	26	Hours
	Unit 1: Statistics and decision making:	
	Importing Data from a Text File or Document, Importing Data	
	from the Internet, Validating Data, Summarizing Data by Using	
	Histograms, Summarizing Data by Using Descriptive Statistics,	
	Using PivotTables and Slicers to Describe Data, Sparklines,	
	Summarizing Data with Database Statistical Functions, Filtering	
	Data and Removing Duplicates, Consolidating Data, Creating	15L
6-6	Subtotals, Estimating Straight Line Relationships, Modelling	A
OBUNIVERSON	Exponential Growth, The Power Curve, Using Correlations to	NERSON N
	Summarize Relationships, Introduction to Multiple Regression,	AR
6 (2388) 2	Incorporating Qualitative Factors into Multiple Regression,	293 \ Q
	Modelling Nonlinearities and Interactions, Analysis of Variance:	ALA
SIE SILP	One-Way ANOVA, Randomized Blocks and Two-Way ANOVA	KARK I
Call Enersy	Unit 2: Time series and forecasting:	JEN
Praulater	Using Moving Averages to Understand Time Series, Winters's	TTO B
Section Diversion of Diversion	Method, Ratio-to-Moving-Average Forecast Method,	
Content:	Forecasting in the Presence of Special Events,	
	An Introduction to Random Variables, The Binomial,	401.400
	Hypergeometric, and Negative Binomial	10L+10P
	Random Variables, The Poisson and Exponential Random	
	Variable, The Normal Random Variable, Weibull and Beta	
	Distributions: Modelling Machine Life and Duration of a	
	Project, Making Probability Statements from Forecasts.	
	Unit 3: Introduction to Decision Analysis Modelling:	
	Using the Lognormal Random Variable to Model Stock Prices,	
	Introduction to Monte Carlo Simulation, Calculating an Optimal	101.100
	Bid, Simulating Stock Prices and Asset Allocation Modelling,	10L+10P
	Event Probabilities, Using Resampling to Analyze Data, Pricing	
	Stock Options, Determining Customer Value.	
	Unit 4: Advanced models of decision making:	
	The Economic Order Quantity Inventory Model, Inventory	
	Modeling with Uncertain Demand, Queuing Theory: The	101.405
	Mathematics of Waiting in Line, Estimating a Demand Curve,	10L+10P
	Pricing Products by Using Tie-Ins, Pricing Products by Using	
	Subjectively Determined Demand.	

Pedagogy:	Lectures/ case analysis/assignments/classroom interaction/lab practical
References/ Readings:	 Main Text: Winston, W., Microsoft[®] Excel[®] 2010: Data Analysis and Business Modeling, 3rd ed., 2011. Redmond, WA: Microsoft Press Additional References: Levine, D., Stephan, D., & Szabat, K., Statistics for Managers Using Microsoft[®] Excel[®], 7th ed., 2013. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall. Introduction to Management Science: Quantitative Approaches to Decision Making, by David Anderson, Dennis J. Sweeney, Thomas Arthur Williams.
Course Outcomes:	 Students will be able to: Apply statistical tools Execute time series forecasting Execute forecasting methods Undertake advanced models of decision making in spreadsheets.









Name of the Progr	amme : B.A. Economics	
Title of the Course	: Financial Economics II	
Course Code	: ECO-322	
Number of Credits	: 4	
Effective from AY	:2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Successfully completed Financial Economics I or equivalent	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	 To understand: 1. Option Market, Future market, swaps 2. Risk management and it's functioning 3. role of International Diversification. 	
		No of hours
Content:	 Module 1: Option Market Introduction to Option Market; Option Contract; Option Strategies: The Put-call parity relationship; Option-like Securities; Financial Engineering; Exotic Options. Module 2: Option Valuation Introduction to Option Valuation; Restrictions on Option Values; Binomial Option Pricing; Black-Scholes Option Valuation; Empirical Evidence on Option Pricing. Module 3: Future markets, swaps and Risk Management The Futures Contract; Mechanics of trading in Future Markets: Futures Markets Strategies; Futures Prices versus Expected Spot Prices; Foreign Exchange Futures; Stock-index Futures; Interest rate Futures; Swaps; Commodity Futures Pricing. Module 4: International Diversification, Hedge Funds International diversification-meaning; Global markets for Equities; Risk factors in international investing; Hedge Funds; Hedge Funds versus Mutual Funds; Hedge Funds Strategies; 	15 15 15 15
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ case analysis/assignments/class room interaction	
Main Reading:	 Bodie Zvi, Alex Kane, Alan J. Marcus and Pitabas Mohanty (2 Investments, 10th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. New Delhi 	2015), Ltd.
Additional References	 Mark Hirchey , John Nofsinger (2008) Investment- Analysis a behavior, Tata mac Graw Hills Publishing Company Limitatic Delhi. Maheshwari S. N. (2015), Management Accounting and Fina Control, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi. Prasanna Chandra, Financial Management- Theory and Prac Graw Hills New Delhi. 10th Edition Khatri Kumar Dhanesh (2012), Investment Management and Security Analysis-Text & Case, 2nd Edition, MacMillan India L Bhole, L.M. (2009): Financial Institutions and Markets, Tata Hill, New Delhi 	and on, New ancial ctice, Mc d _td. McGraw

	 Pandey I. M. (2015) Financial Management, 11th Edition ,Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi
Course Outcomes:	 The student will be able to: 1. Explain Option Market. 2. Classify Option Valuation. 3. Analyze Future markets, swaps and Risk Management. 4. Relate International Diversification and Hedge Funds.









Semester VI		
Name of the Progra	mme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO 304	
Title of the Course	: Environmental Economics	
Number of Credits	: 04	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Successfully completed Microeconomics 1&2 and Microecono	omics
for the Course:	1&2 or equivalent	
Course	To learn the implications of changing prospectives on the	
Objectives	environment and use policy making to move towards sustaina	able
Objectives:	development.	
	A Contraction of the second se	No. of
		Hours
	Module 1: Introdution: The Economy And The	
	Environment	15
	Changing Perspectives On The Environment;	15
	Resources, Environment And Economic Development	
	Module 2: Economic Analysis Of The Environment	
Content:	The Theory Of Environmental Externalities	15
6-0	Common Property Resources And Public Goods	R
NOA UNIVERSION	Module 3:	- CREAN
Sand	Resource Allocation Over Time;	15
Q Land Star D	Valuing The Environment	000
HER ALA	Module 4: Environmental Policy	· 16
SPARK	Cost Benefit Analysis	15
(a)	Pollution: Analysis And Policy	<u> </u>
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ case analysis/assignments/class room interaction	1000
	Main Text:	
	1. Jonathan M. Harris and Brian Roach (2018), Environmenta	al and
	Natural Resource Economics: A Contemporary Approach b	ру
References/	Routledge.	
Readings:	Additional Reference	
Neddings.	1. Hanley, Nick, Shogren, Jason, White, Ben (2007) Environm	iental
	Economics In Theory and Practice, Pearson.	
	2. Tom Tietenberg (2007), Environmental Economic and Poli	cy by
	Pearson.	
	After the successful completion of the course, the student wil	l be able
	to:	
Course	1. understand the changing prospectives of the environment	t.
Outcomes:	2. know various issues concerning the environment.	
	3. apply the valuation methods of the environment.	
	4. frame policy on environmental issues.	

Name of the Programme: B.A. EconomicsCourse Code: ECO-305Fitle of the Course: Growth EconomicsNumber of Credits: 04Effective from AY: 2024-25		
Pre- requisites for the Course:	Successfully completed Microeconomics 1&2 and Microeconomics 1&2 or equivalent	
Course Objective:	The paper aims to introduce the concept of economic growth, the related to growth, the role of capital and innovation in the growth process and population and sustained growth rate.	ories
Content:		No. of Hours
	Module 1 Introduction to Economic Growth Meaning and importance of Economic Growth, Distinction between Growth and Development, Measuring Economic Growth, Factors of Economic Growth (Economic and Non- Economic), Economic Growth and Income Distribution (Kuznets Hypothesis), Empirical Regularities about Economic Growth, Stages of Growth, Meaning and Characteristics of Modern Economic Growth.	15
	Module 2 Growth Models Classical growth theories: Adam Smith and David Ricardo, Harrod- Domar model application to LDCs, Joan Robinson's model, Robert Solow's model of long-run Growth, New Endogenous Growth models: Solow-Swan model, Arrow's Learning by doing, Romer- Lucas.	15
	Module 3 Capital, Innovation and Growth Accounting Introduction to capital and innovation, Measuring the Growth of total factor, Growth Accounting (Solow and Denison), Problems with Growth Accounting, Capital accumulation and Innovation, Meaning of Capital output ratio, Marx versus Kuznets pattern of Economic Growth, Technical progress (Hicks and Harrod), Understanding Growth Miracles.	15
	Module 4 Population and Sustained Growth Population and Living Standards, Malthusian and Post Malthusian Era, Modern Growth Era, Population Growth in Solow Model, Investing in Education	15

Pedagogy:	Lectures/ Case analysis of countries/assignment/classroom interaction
Main Reference	 Aghion Philippe & Peter Howitt (2009), <i>Economics of Growth</i>, The MIT Press Cambridge, Massachusetts London, England.
Additional References	 Thirlwall, A.P. (2006). Growth and Development with special reference to Developing Economies, 8th Edition. Palgrave Macmillan, London. Barro Robert J. and Xavier Sala-i-Martin (2004), Economic Growth, The MIT Press Cambridge, Massachusetts London, England. Weil N. David (2013), Economic Growth, International Edition, Person Jones Charles and Dietrich Vollrath (2013), Introduction to Economic Growth, W. W. Norton & Company, Inc. New York
Course Outcome:	 The students will be able to: Understand the concept of economic growth and the factors associated with it. Explain the growth models along with their implications. Explain the role of capital and innovation in the growth process. Analyse the impact of population on economic growth.









Name of the Prog	gramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO-306	
Title of the Cours	e : International Economics	
Number of Credits : 04		
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Prerequisites	Successfully completed Microeconomics 1&2 and Microeconomic	cs 1&2
of the course	or equivalent	
Course	To equip the students with the understanding of International	
Objective	Economics.	
		No. of
	b and all the	Hours
	Module 1: Introduction to International Trade	
	International Trade, Migration and Foreign Direct Investment.	
	Reasons for Trade, Ricardian Model, Determining the Pattern	
	of International Trade Solving for International Prices	15
	Specific-Eactors Model Earnings of Labor Earnings of canital	
	and land	
	Modulo 2: Trado and Posourcos	
	Hockschar Ohlin Model Testing the Hockschar Ohlin Model	
	Efforts of Trade on Factor Prices, Movement of Canital	-
AND	Effects of frade off Factor Prices, Movement of Capital	
(69° - 63)	between Countries: Foreign Direct investment, Gains from	CEN.
Smaph	Labor and Capital Flows,	15
M Control	New Explanations for international Trade: Basics of imperfect	
6 20	Competition, Trade Under Monopolistic Competition, The	
Content	North American Free Trade Agreement, Intra-Industry Trade	
A B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	and the Gravity	
Continue Di	Equation, A Model of Offshoring,	Dr. D
	Module 3: Free trade and Protection under different market	
	structures	
	A Brief History of the World Trade Organization, The Gains	
	from Trade, Import Tariffs for a Small Country, Import Tariffs	15
	for a large country, Import Quotas, Tariffs and Quotas with	
	Home monopoly, Tariffs with foreign Monopoly, Dumping,	
	Policy response to dumping, Infant Industry Protection	
	Module 4: International Trade Policies	
	WTO goals on Agricultural commodities, Export subsidies in a	
	small and large home country, Production subsidies, Export	
	subsidies, Export Quotas, High technology export subsidies,	15
	Multilateral Trade Agreements, Regional Trade Agreements,	
	International agreements on labour issues, International	
	Agreements on the Environment	
Pedagogy	Lectures/ tutorials/assignments/self-study	
	Core Readings:	
References	Robert C. Feenstra and Alan M. Taylor, Fourth edition, Internation	nal
	Economics, Worth publishers	
Course	Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able t	o:
Outcomes		

1. Analyze and determine the pattern of international trade between
countries.
2. Analyze the effects of international trade on factor prices and factor
incomes.
3. Evaluate the Impact of Trade Policies on Market Structures
A Assess the seale and invaligations of intermetional assessments

4. Assess the goals and implications of international agreements.









Name of the Prog	gramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO 323	
Title of the Cours	e : Basic Econometrics for Social Sciences	
Number of Credit	ts : 04	
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Probability and Statistics 2 or equivalent	
for the Course:	(The second seco	
Course Objectives:	 The objective of the course is to introduce students to Basic econometric analysis. Use of appropriate econometric software 	
		No. of Hours
	Unit 1: Introduction to Econometrics: What is Econometrics? Basic Ingredients of an Empirical Study. Terms and terminology, examples of models Practical: Introduction to software and interface.	15L
	Unit 2: Review of Probability and Statistics: Random Variables and Probability Distributions; Mathematical Expectation, Mean, and Variance; Joint Probabilities, Covariance, and Correlation; Random Sampling and Sampling Distributions; Procedures for the Estimation of Parameters; Properties of Estimators; The Chi-square distribution, t- distribution, and F-distributions; Testing Hypotheses; Interval Estimation. Practical: Use sample data in software to explore: Distribution graphs, test statistic calculator, estimate descriptive statistics, covariance and correlation, testing of hypothesis (t-test: one and two samples; F-test: one and two samples).	10L + 10P
Content:	Unit 3: The Simple Linear Regression Model The Basic Model; Estimation of the Basic Model by the Method of Ordinary Least Squares (OLS); Properties of Estimators; The Precision of the Estimators and the Goodness of Fit; Tests of Hypotheses; Scaling and Units of Measurement; Application: Estimating an Engel Curve Relation Between Expenditure on Health Care and Income; Confidence Intervals; Forecasting; Causality in a Regression Model; Application: Relation Between Patents and the Expenditures on Research and Development (R&D). Practical: Use sample data to estimate simple linear regression models with the OLS method in software and interpret the results of OLS output.	10L + 10P
	Unit 4: Multiple Regression Analysis Normal Equations; Goodness of Fit; General Criteria for Model Selection; Testing Hypotheses; Specification Errors; Application: The Determinants of the Demand for Bus Travel; Application: Women's Labor Force Participation; Empirical Example: Net Migration Rates and the Quality of Life.	10L + 10P

	Practical: Use sample data to estimate multiple regression
	models with the OLS method in software and interpret the
	results of OLS output.
Pedagogy:	Lectures/ case analysis/assignments/classroom interaction/lab practical
	Main Text:
	1. Ramanathan, Ramu (2002) Introductory Econometrics with
	Applications, Pearson Education, Singapore.
	Additional References:
	1. Adkins, L. C. (n.d.). Using gretl for Principles of Econometrics, 5th
References/	Edition Version 1.0.
Readings:	2. Gujarati, D.N. and D.C. Porter (2009). Essentials of Econometrics.
	McGraw Hill, 4th Ed., International Edition.
	3. Gujarati, D.N. (2004) Basic Econometrics. 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill
	Companies.
	4. Wooldridge, J. M. (2012, 2016). 6 th edition, <i>Introductory Econometrics:</i>
	A Modern Approach, © 2016, 2013 Cengage Learning.
	Students will be able to:
	1. Frame and test econometric models manually using Ordinary Least
	Squares.
Course	2. Conduct econometric models using Ordinary Least Squares using
Outcomes:	software
Smark	3. Interpret results derived from simple and multiple regression models.
	4. Incorporate qualitative variables into regression frameworks and
	interpret their results.



Name of the Prog	gramme : B.A. Economics	
Course Code	: ECO 324	
Title of the Cours	e : Indian Financial System	
Number of Credits : 04		
Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-Requisites	Successfully completed Microeconomics 1&2 and Macroeconom	ics 1&2
for the course:	or equivalent	
	To introduce students to	
Course	1. the basics of Financial System in India	
Objective:	2. the institutions that govern the system	
	how the system has evolved and its current status	
		No. of
	Madula 4. Einensial C. Contra	Hours
	Module 1: Financial System	
	Introduction: Formal Informal Financial Sectors, The Indian	
	Financial System; Components of the Formal Financial System -	
	Financial Institutions, Financial Markets, Financial Instruments,	
	Financial Services, Interaction among Financial System	
	Components; Functions of a Financial System; Key Elements of	
(And)	a well-functioning Financial System; Nature and role of	
100 UNIVERSION	Financial Institutions and Financial Markets	The second
Smaph		695
	The Financial System and the Economy: Types of Economic	990 T 14
ALAA	Units, National Income Accounts - Classification of the Indian	A 16
SIERAL	Economy, Flow of Funds Accounts (Concept); Trends in savings	KI AS
	and Investment; Relationship Between the Financial System	2 PM
र विग्रा विश्व	and Economic Growth (Key Highlights)	Tab
A substance		
Content:	Reforms in Financial System: Indian Financial System in the	
	Pre-Reforms Period; Objectives of Financial System Reforms -	
	Financial Efficiency, Stability, and Integration	
	Module 2: Financial Markets I	
	The Money Market: Introduction – Functions, benefits of an	
	efficient money market, the Indian Money Market, Role of RBI	
	in the Money market, steps to develop the money market in	
	India; Money market instruments – Treasury Bills (Concept,	
	Features, Types, Importance, Concepts – 91 days T-bills, 364	
	days T-bills, 182 days T-bills, 14 day T-bills), Commercial papers	
	(Concept, Process, Guidelines for Issue, Size), Commercial Bills	4 5
	(Concept, Types, Features, Size), Certificate of Deposit	15
	(Concept, Guidelines for Issue, Size), Call/Notice Money	
	Market (Concept, Call rate, MIBOR, Call Rates Volatility, Factor	
	Influencing Call Money Market Rate); Link between the Money	
	market and the monetary policy in India; Tools for managing	
	liquidity in the money market (Concepts) – Reserve	
	Requirement, Interest Rates, Bank Rates, Refinance from the	
	Reserve Bank, Repos; Money market Derivatives (Concept)	

The Capital Market: Introduction – Functions, Primary and Secondary Markets; History of the Indian Capital Market (Brief), Capital market scams: Harshad Mehta vs Ketan Parekh Scam, Key reforms in primary and secondary capital markets	
Module 3: Financial Markets II The Primary Market: Intermediaries to an issue; Free Pricing Regime; Book Building (Brief); Online IPOs, Primary Issue – Public Issue (IPO & FPO Concepts), Rights Issue (Concept and electronic and physical rights issue processes), Indian Depository Receipts (IDRs – Concept, Eligibility for issue, Investors, Minimum issue size and subscription), Private Placement Market (Concept), Preferential issue (Concept), Qualified Institutional Placement (QIP); Mutual Funds; Resource Mobilisation from International markets – Global Depository Receipts (GDRs), American Depository Receipts (ADRs), External Commercial Borrowings (ECBs - Concept), Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds (FCCBs – Concept), Foreign Currency Exchangeable Bonds (FCEBs - Concept) Disinvestment of Public Sector Undertakings: Disinvestment (Concept & Objectives); The PSU Sell-off Methods; Strategic Sales Techniques; Proceeds realised from Disinvestment of stock market in India; Post reforms market scenario; Listing of Securities: Central Listing Authority, SEBI Regulations, 2003; Risk Management – Trading rules and regulations, Circuit breakers; Internet trading; Stock market Index – Methodologies for calculating the Index, Global Stock Market Indices, Major Indices in India (Sensex & NIFTY); Stock Exchanges – BSE & NSE (Brief Concept and Indices); Measures to boost the liquidity in the secondary market – Investment by foreign institutional investors in the Indian Stock Market, Depositories, Buy back of shares	15
Module 4: Financial Markets III The Derivative Market: Introduction – Economic Benefits of Derivatives, Derivatives defined under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, Types of Financial Derivatives, Features, Traders in Derivative Market; Forward Contracts, Future Contracts, Need for Future Market, Role of Clearing House, Pricing Futures (Problems); Futures trading Strategies – Hedging, Speculation, and Arbitrage; Options – Concept, Types, Benefits, Payoff profile of call and put options; Option Trading strategies – Option spread, Volatility trading; Derivatives market in India, Derivatives Trading in India	15
	The Debt Market: Link between the money Market and the
-------------	---
	Debt Market, Characteristics, Participants, Types of
	Instruments Traded; The private corporate debt market (Brief),
	The Public Sector Undertaking Bond market (Brief),
	Government Securities Market (Introduction & Importance;
	Issuers, investors, and types of government securities)
	New Financial Instruments (Explain discussion)
Pedagogy:	Lectures/Case Analysis/Assignments/Classroom Discussions
Main Text:	1. Pathak, B (2011): The Indian Financial System, Pearson Education
	1. Sarkhel, J (2017): Indian Financial System and Financial Market
Additional	Operations, McGraw Hill Education
References:	2. Khan, M (2018): Indian Financial System, McGraw Hill Education
	3. Bodie, Z (2024): Investments, McGraw Hull Education
	The students will be able to:
	1. Explain the different aspects of the Indian financial system
Course	2. Evaluate components and institutions of the capital market
Outcome:	3. Distinguish between and highlight the importance of various
	financial market tools
	4. Explain the role of derivatives in the financial system







