गोंय विद्यापीठ

ताळगांव पठार, गोंय -४०३ २०६

फोन: +९१-८६६९६०९०४८



Goa University

<mark>ITMANIRBHAR BHARAT</mark> Swayampurna Goa

Taleigao Plateau, Goa-403 206
Tel: +91-8669609048
Email: registrar@unigoa.ac.in

Website: www.unigoa.ac.in

Date: 20.12.2024

(Accredited by NAAC)

GU/Acad -PG/BoS -NEP/2024/713

CIRCULAR

In supersession to the Circular No. GU/Acad –PG/BoS -NEP/2024/217 dated 13.06.2024, the Syllabus of the **Bachelor of Arts in Political Science** Programme is attached with following changes:

- 1. Added Exit Courses for Semester II and Semester IV
- 2. Number of Credits for Course POL-221 'Community Engagement and Political Participation' shall be 3 Theory +1 Practical.

The Dean/ Vice-Deans of the D.D. Kosambi School of Social Sciences and Behavioural Studies and Principals of the Affiliated Colleges offering the **Bachelor of Arts in Political Science** Programme are requested to take note of the above and bring the contents of the Circular to the notice of all concerned.

(Ashwin Lawande) Deputy Registrar – Academic

To,

- 1. The Dean, D.D. Kosambi School of Social Sciences and Behavioural Studies, Goa University.
- 2. The Vice-Deans, D.D. Kosambi School of Social Sciences and Behavioural Studies, Goa University.
- 3. The Principals of Affiliated Colleges offering the Bachelor of Arts in Political Science Programme.

Copy to:

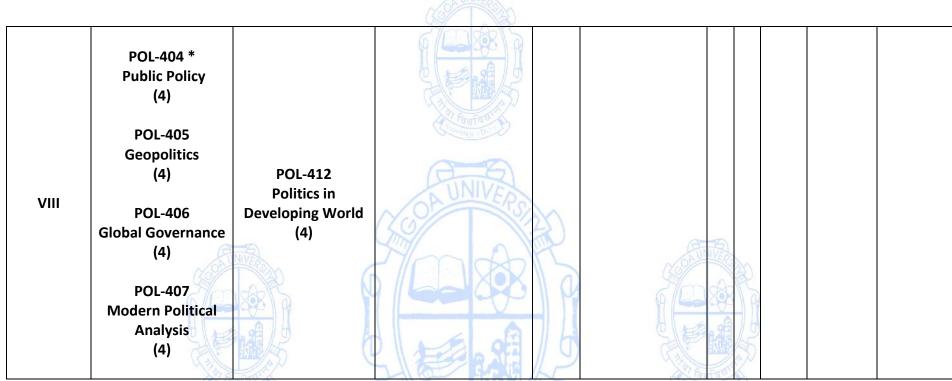
- 1. The Director, Directorate of Higher Education, Govt. of Goa
- 2. The Chairperson, BOS in Political Science.
- 3. The Controller of Examinations, Goa University.
- 4. The Assistant Registrar, UG Examinations, Goa University.
- 5. Directorate of Internal Quality Assurance, Goa University for uploading the Syllabus on the University website.

	Programme Structure for Semester I to VIII Under Graduate Programme – Political Science									
Semester	Major-Core	Minor	MC	AEC	SEC	ı	D	VAC	Total Credits	Exit
I		POL-111 Basic Concepts in Political Science (4)	POL-131 Contemporary Issues in India (3)		POL-141 Leadership Skills in Politics (3)					
11	POL-100 Introduction to Political Theory (4)	POL-111 Basic Concepts in Political Science (4) OR POL-112 Globalization and Politics (4)	POL-132 Introduction to Human Rights (3)	C DA	POL-142 Introduction to Political Reporting (3)					POL-161 Political Commun ication 4 (1T +3P)
III	POL-200 *# Indian Constitution (4)	POL-211 Political & Social Issues in India (4)	POL-231 Contemporary Global Issues (3)		POL-241 Local Self Governments in Goa (3)					

	POL-201 International Relations (4)			
IV	POL-202 * # Public Administration (4) POL-203* Government and Politics in Goa (4) POL-204 Gender & Women Empowerment (4) POL 205* Politics in Digital Age (2)	POL 221 Community Engagement and Political Participation (4) (VET)	Thowledge is Divine	POL-261 Political Manage ment and Advocac y 4 (1T +3P)
V	POL-300 * India's Defence & Security (4)			

		<u></u>	
	POL-301 Comparative Government & Politics (4) POL-302* # Indian Political Thinkers (4) POL-303* People's Movements in Goa (2)	POL-321 Environment and Sustainable Development (4) (VET) OR POL 322 Democracy & Legal Literacy in India (4) (VET)	
VI	POL-304 *# Western Political Thinkers (4) POL-305 Indian Administration (4)	POL-323 Urban Governance and Appraisal (4) (VET)	Trowledge is Divine

	POL-306 # India's Foreign Policy (4) POL-307 Project (4) *	NIVE STATES
VII	POL-400 * Research Methodology (4) POL-401*# Political Economy of India (4) POL-402# Theories of Democracy (4) POL-403 Critical Perspectives in Politics (4)	A STATE OF THE STA



Colleges offering the double major may follow the following demarcation.

Double Major B (with Political Science as second Major)

Note: Exit Courses along with the syllabus shall be notified soon.



^{*} Double Major A (With Political Science as First Major)

^{*#} Double Major A/B (With Political Science as first and second Major- Compulsory)

Semester I & II

Name of the Programme : B.A. Political Science

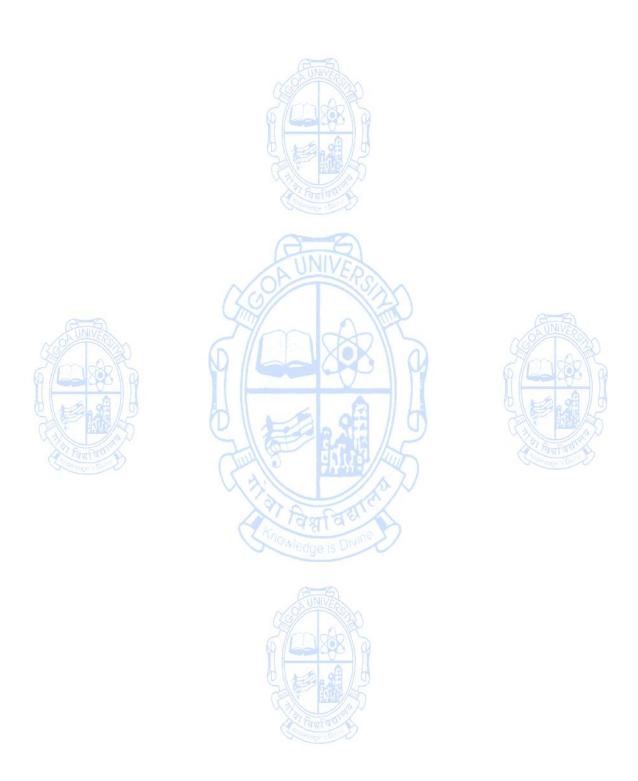
Course Code : POL - 100

Title of the Course : Introduction to Political Theory

Number of Credits : 04 Effective from AY : 2023-24

Effective from AY	: 2023-24		
Pre-requisites	Nil		
for the Course:	A CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE P		
Course Objectives:	 The course aims: to impart knowledge about the fundamentals of Political Sci theories of State and Sovereignty; to make the learner aware of the basic concepts in the dispolitical Science; and to inculcate the democratic spirit amongst the learners. 		
		No. of Hours	
	1. Introduction: Meaning, Nature and Scope of Political Science. Meaning of Political Philosophy, Political Thought and Political Theory. Relevance of Political Science.	15	
Content:	2. Basic Political Concepts- Power, Authority, Citizenship, Rights, Security and Democracy.	15	
	3. Basic Political Values: Liberty, Equality, Justice- Meaning, Types and Relationship	15	
	4. State – Meaning, Elements of State, Development of State. Sovereignty- Meaning, Features and Kinds	15	
Pedagogy:	Lectures, seminars, assignments, group discussions, interactive s	essions.	
References/ Readings:	 Andrew Heywood, Politics, Palgrave Macmillan, London, 1997. B. C. Rout, 'Political Theories Concepts & Ideologies', S. Chand & Co. Ltd., Delhi, 1986. B. K. Gokhale, 'A Study of Political Theory', Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay, 1979. Barrie Axford, Gary K Browning, Richard Huggins, Ben Rosamond, 'Politics: An Introduction' London, Routledge 2005. J. C. Johari, 'Contemporary Political Theory', Sterling publishers Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 1996. J. C. Johari, Principles of Modern Political Science, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi 2009. O.P.Gauba, 'An Introduction to Political Theory', MacMillan Publishers, New Delhi, 2009 V. D. Mahajan, 'Political Theory', Chand and Co. Ltd, Delhi, 2009 		
	Students will be able to understand the importance and release.		
Course Outcomes:	 the Political theories. 2. Students will be able to examine the important concepts ir Science. 3. Students will be able to understand the relationship betwee 	n Political	
	Equality and Justice.		

4. Students will be able to understand the importance of State and its development.



Course Code : POL-111

Title of the Course : Basic Concepts in Political Science

Number of Credits : 04 Effective from AY : 2023-24

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Nil	
for the Course:	A STATE OF THE STA	
Course Objectives:	The course aims to familiarize the students with the basic op definitions in Political Science. It enables students to understar fundamental aspects of state, nation, government, and civil society enhance their ability to relate themselves to the day-to-day p happenings and develop interest in larger understanding of the st Political Science.	nd the . It will olitical
	Andreways + David	No. of hours
	1. Introductory Concepts : meaning of Political Science, politics, political system, public policy, political participation, political culture, political processes.	15
Content:	2. State and Nation : meaning and elements of state, functions of the state; meaning of nation and nationalism, factors promoting nationalism.	15
	3. Government : meaning, organs of government; types of government- democracies and non-democracies.	15
	4. Civil Society and Citizenship : meaning, functions and characteristics of civil society, civil society organisations; definition of citizenship, the duties and obligations of citizens.	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, seminars, assignments, group discussions, interactive sess	sions.
References/ Readings:	1 York 2009	
Course Outcomes:	 At the end of the course: The students will understand the basic concepts in Political Scie The students will be able to differentiate between State and Na The students will be able to understand the functioning of the of the Government. The students will be able to understand the issues of contemimportance relating to Civil Society and Citizenship. 	tion. organs

Course Code : POL-131

Title of the Course : Contemporary Issues in India

Number of Credits : 03 Effective from AY : 2023-24

Eπесτive from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Nil	
for the Course:	Q S	
Course Objective:	 The course will introduce students to some of the important eventhe country that have made headlines. Students would get acquainted with the concepts behind the and critically assess the same. They will be able to develop interrelations between the current their historical context, and the recent political develoconnected to the same. 	events events,
		No. of Hours
Content:	 Important National and Local Events/Issues: Political and Social events of the previous Calendar Year. Trends in National Politics, Recent General Elections, Recent State Elections, Citizenship Amendment Act (CAA), National Population Register (NPR) & National Register of Citizens (NRC), Farm Bills and Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Flagship Programmes and Welfare Schemes: Vision 2035, Goods and Services Tax (GST), Make in India, Start Up India, 	15
Toursense a Dr.	 Ayushman Bharat, Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana, Aatmanirbhar Bharat, Last Union Budget. 3. Issues affecting Goan Politics and Society: Mhadei River Diversion Dispute, Challenges related to: Mining, Tourism, Unemployment, Agriculture and Land. 	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Field Visits, Group Discussions, Presentations	
References/Re adings:	 Journals: Economic and Political Weekly, Studies in Indian Polit Newspapers: The Hindu, The Times of India, Indian Expre Navhind Times, Herald Year Books: Manorama, Internet Resources 	ss, The
	 Periodicals: India Today, Frontline, Down to Earth, Pratiyogita I Competition Success Review, Civil Service Chronicle, Goa Mainstream. 	-
Course Outcomes:	 Students will be able to Understand the dynamics of important national and local events. Develop conceptual understanding linked to events. Know about the trend of functioning of state agencies in India. Critically analyze various events in the news in India. Learn to articulate various events in India. Understand the interrelation between various events in India. 	

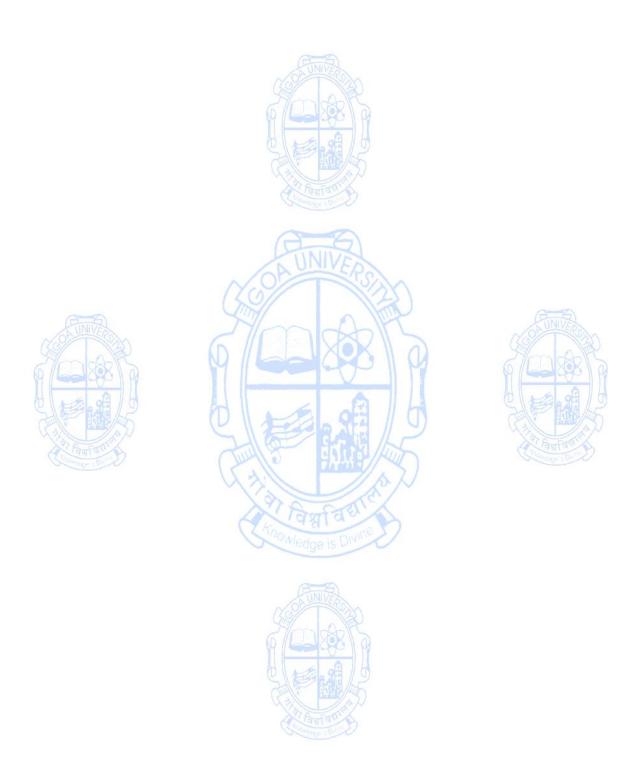
Course Code : POL-141

Title of the Course : Leadership Skills in Politics

Number of Credits :1T+2P Effective from AY : 2023-24

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Nil	
for the Course:	G AND S	
	The course aims:	
	1. to familiarize the students with the various aspects of leadersh	ip;
Course	2. to enables students to understand the leadership styles of im	portant
Objectives:	socio-political leaders; and	
	3. to make them understand the factors influencing leadership an	d in still
	leadership skills in them.	
	Tolker De	No. of
		hours
	1. Introduction to Leadership: Meaning and nature of	
	leadership, significance of leadership, principles of	
	leadership, (student's interaction with elected	5+20P
	representatives of Local Government/ MLA etc)	
(3-8)	2. Aspects of Leadership : Qualities of a good Leader, functions	2)
OBUNIVERS	of a leader, Leadership styles: Autocratic, Democratic, and	
	Free-reign; meaning and importance of Teamwork,	F. 20D
Content:	Collective Leadership; Case studies of leaders and their	5+20P
	leadership styles (Watching a movie or documentary on a	A / A
	Leader and writing its review for ISA)	
1 1 1 1 1	3. Leadership in Social and Political Movements: J P Narayan's	100
विमाविक	Total Revolution, Medha Patkar's Narmada Bachao Andolan,	
Of height a company	Anna Hazare's Lokpal Movement, other Civil Society	5+20P
	campaigns (RTI, Right to Food, Right to Work:	3+2UP
	MGNREGA)(Visiting Legislative Assembly, NGOs, Roleplay,	
	performing community service)	
Pedagogy:	Lectures, seminars, assignments, group discussions, interactive ses	sions.
	1. Brown, Archie, The Myth of Strong Leader: Political Leadership	in
	Modern Age, Penguin Random house, 2015.	
	2. Mittal, Ranjana, Leadership: Personal effectiveness and Team	
	building, S Chand publication, 2015.	
References/	3. Prasad, L. M, Principles and Practice of Management, Sultan Cl	nand &
Readings:	Sons publishers, 2020.	
neudings.	4. Smith, Perry M, Rules and Tools for Leaders: a down to earth g	uide to
	effective managing, Penguin publishers, 2002.	
	5. Vasishth, Neeru & et. al., Principles of Management, Taxmann	
	Publications ltd, 2022.	
	6. Vasishth, Neeru, Principles of Management with case studies,	Brd
	edition, Taxmann Publications, 2009.	
Course	1. The students shall understand the basic concepts related to	
Outcomes:	leadership.	
Cuttonies.	2. The students shall be able to understand various leadership sty	ıles.

- 3. The students will learn skills necessary for a successful leadership.
- 4. The students will develop an interest in the understanding of Leadership in Politics.



Course Code : POL-112

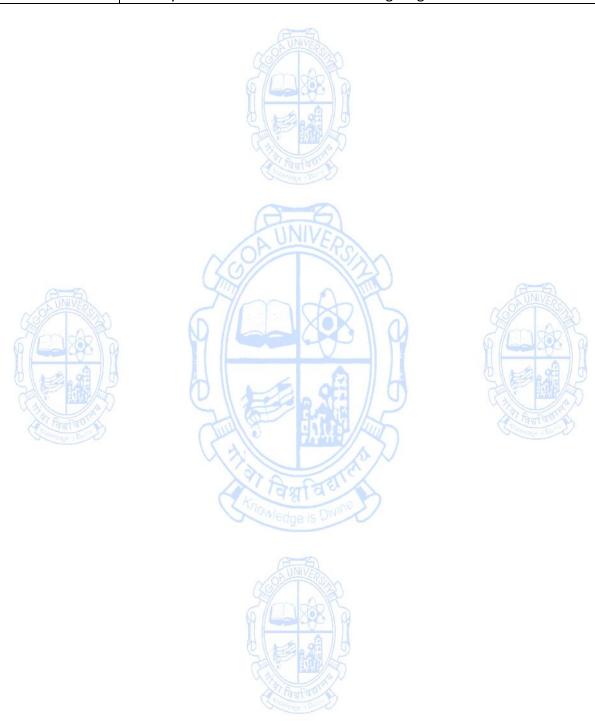
Title of the Course : Globalization and Politics

Number of Credits : 4

Effective from AY : 2023-24

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Any student who is eligible for admission to an Undergraduate De	egree
for the Course:	Programme.	
Course Objectives	 The course seeks to introduce students to globalization and its on politics through institutions as well as processes. While making the student understand the multifaceted chara globalization and its discontents, the course shall also look context and the manner in which issues of state, power and p the global domain is being sought to be re-examined awar conventional notions of globalization. 	acter of at the policy in
		No. of
		Hours
	1. Understanding Globalization: Nature and meaning of Globalization in Political, Economic and Cultural domain.	15
Content	2. Drivers of Globalization: Role of Ideas, Technology, and Institutions. Politics of International Economic Institutions (IMF, World Bank, WTO)	15
	3. Contesting Globalization: Critique of Globalization (inequality, environment, exclusion), World Social Forum, Global recession and its political fallout, Emergence of Popular Nationalism.	15
Taufault.	4. Global Politics in the Digital Age : Social media and Virtual Communities, Big Tech and Data Security, Cyber Warfare.	15
Pedagogy	Lectures, Tutorials, Group Discussions	
Readings/Refer ences	 Baylis, John, Smith, Patricia and Owens Steve (2008) Global and World Politics: An Inroduction to International Relations, University Press, Oxford. Bishop, Jonathan (2014) Transforming Politics and Policy Digital Age, IGI Global, Hershey/Beijing. Chaulia, Sreeram (2013) Politics of Global Economic Recent Regulation, Responsibility and Radicalism, Routledge, New York. Dasgupta, Samir and Peterse, Jan Nederveen (2009) Polic Globalization, Sage, New Delhi. Kesselman, Mark (2006) The Politics of Globalization: A Wadsworth Publishing, Belmont. Lane, Jan Eric (2006) Politics of Globalization: Promises and D Routledge, New York. Monses, Linda, et.al (2023) Transversal Politics of Tech, International Political Sociology, (17)1-23. Stiglitz, Joseph (2002) Globalization and Its Discontents, Norton, New York 	oxford in the cession: ork. itics of Reader, angers, of Big
Course	The students will grasp globalization as a dominant process of	:
Outcomes	contemporary times.	
	The state of the s	

- 2. They can identify the major politically oriented drivers of golobalisation.
- 3. They can give a political scientific critique of components and processes of globalization.
- 4. They will understand the nature of digital globalization.



Course Code : POL - 132

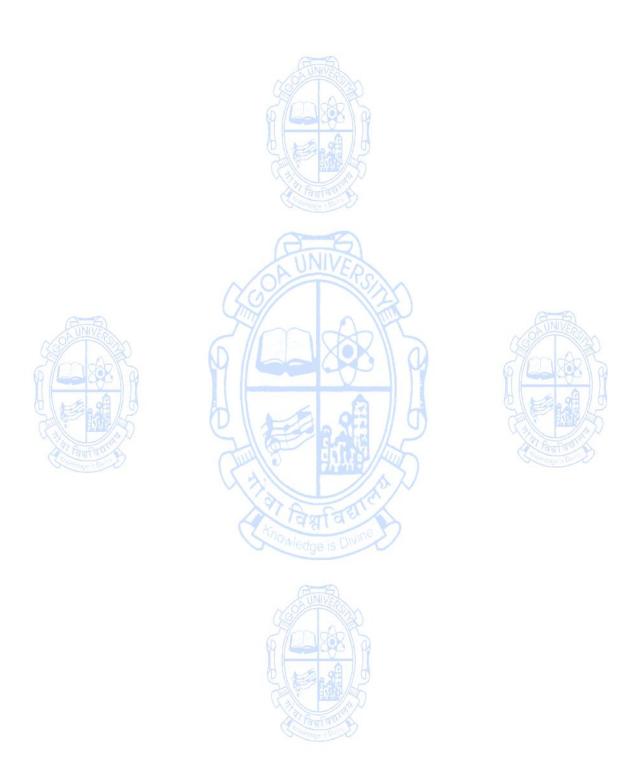
Title of the Course : Introduction to Human Rights

Number of Credits : 03

Effective from AY : 2023 -2024

Eπесτive from AY	: 2023 -2024	
Pre-requisites	Nil	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	 The Course seeks to introduce the students to the nature and of human rights by looking at the historical evolution contemporary debates in the area. It looks at the debates both from the perspectives of the internand national domain while also giving examples. 	on and
	Tawa and the state of the state	No. of hours
	1. Human Rights: Meaning and Emergence; Classification of Rights; Generations of Human Rights; Universalism and Cultural Relativism.	15
Content:	2. Human Rights in the International System: United Nations Human Rights Council, Universal Declaration of Human Rights; Conventions for Elimination of Discrimination Against Women; Convention on the Rights of the Child; United Nations High Commission for Refugees.	15
	3. Human Rights in the National Context: Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles, National Human Rights Commission, Human Rights NGOs-PUCL-PUDR.	8
विशाविया ।	4. Issues and Concerns of Human Rights: Gender rights; Refugees; Environment, Dalit Rights	7
Pedagogy:	Lectures and Assignments	
References/ Readings:	 Amit Bhattacharya (2012) Human Rights in India; Historical Perspective and Challenges Ahead, Setu Prakashani. Giriraj Shah & K. N. Gupta (2006), "Human Rights: Prospective for 21st Century", published by Diamond Pocket Books, New D. Human Right Activism & Role of NGO's, Indian Institute of Human Rights, New Delhi. Jack Donnelly (2013) Universal Human Rights in Theory and Pracornell University Press. Manisha Priyam, Krishna Menon, Madhulika Banerjee (2009) "Rights, Gender and Environment", by, - Pearson. Stammers Neil (2009), Human Rights and Social Movements, Peress, London 	Pelhi. nan actice, 'Human
Course Outcomes:	 Students will understand the evolution of the concept of Rights. They will know the origin and significance of International Rights Conventions. They are equipped with the knowledge of the Fundamenta enshrined in the Indian Constitution and the working of the Numan Rights Commission. 	Human I Rights

4. They are familiarised with the contribution of Civil Society in the field of Human Rights.



Course Code

: POL-142

Title of the Course Number of Credits

: Introduction to Political Reporting

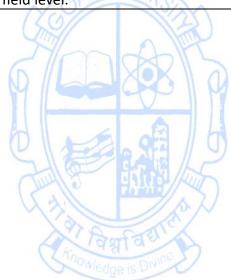
: 1+2P

Number of Credits	: 1+2P	
Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites for	Any student who is eligible for a UG Programme can opt	for this
the Course	course.	
Course Objectives	 The Course introduces students to the nuances of jour and political reporting. It seeks to enhance student's skills in political reporting context of variety of media. The Course emphasizes on the various types of media the emerged and the specific skills that are required for the and electronic component. It has a component requiring students to write reporting students. 	g in the nat have ne print
	INIVE	No of
	A CARLON AND A CAR	Hours
GOA UNIVERSITY	1. Introduction to Journalism: Journalism: Meaning and Types (News, Features, Opinions), Sources of News, Beat Reporting, Journalism Skills (News gathering, Cultivation of Sources, Verification) Ethics in Journalism	5+20P
Content	2. Political Reporting: Institutions, processes and issues, Basic processes- elections, public services, Development, Decentralization; Basic issues- Caste, Religion, Language, Crime & corruption. (Preparing Reports/Documentaries/Short films)	5+20P
Swange survey	3. Media and Information Revolution : Internet and social media, Importance of Toolkits; Writing for Print Media, focus of the story, arranging data, Writing the Report (Examples of reports- features, Editorials, Articles, News analysis and interviews), Reporting for Electronic Digital media: Blogs (Press Conference, Public Meeting, Gram Sabha meetings)	5+20P
Pedagogy	Lectures, Group Discussions, Field Work.	
	 Alok Mehta (2007), "Indian Journalism: Keeping it Clean & Co, New Delhi. Bill Kovach and Tom Rosenstiel (2001), "The Elem Journalism", Three Rivers Press. 	nent of
References/Readings	 Kelly Mcbride& Tom Rosenteil, (2013), "The New Education, New Delhi. Kiran Prasad (2003), "Political Communication: The Experience. The domain, political process, and presentation", B.R.Publishing Corporation, Delhi. M.V. Kamath, (2006) "A Journalism at Large", Jico Pu 	Indian news

House.

	6. Rob Armstrong (2004), "Covering Politics: A Handbook of
	Journalist", Wiley, Johns & Sons.
	7. T. K. Ganesh (2006), News Reporting and Editing in Digital Age", GNOSIS, Delhi.
	8. Tapas Roy (2006), "Online Journalism: The Basic Text", CUP, New Delhi.
	9. Thomas C. Leonard (2006), "The Power of the Press: The Birth of American Political Reporting", OUP.
	10. Uma Joshi (2002), "Media Research: Cross Sectional Analysis", Authors Press.
	 Student would be able to have a basic understanding of journalism and its role in society.
Course Outron	2. They would be able to grasp the essence of political reporting and its types.
Course Outcomes	3. They would be able to understand the role of new digital platforms in political reporting.
	4. They would get a practical experiencing of doing a story at the field level.







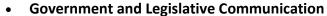


Course Code: POL-161

Title of the Course: Political Communication

Number of Credits: 4 (1T +3P) Effective from AY 2024-25

Effective from AY	2024-25	
Prerequisite	Any student who has completed first year of UG with Political Sci	ence and
for the course:	wishes to exit the course at the end of the first year UG program	me.
Objectives:	 To understand the meaning and significance of Political Communication during processes. To understand the importance of political communication during processes. To understand the importance of political communication bureaucratic, legislative and governmental matters. To know the impact of political communication in popular media a discourse. 	electoral
		No. of
Contents:	 Unit 1: Foundations of Political Communication : Concept and Scope of Political Communication Defining political communication in theory and practice Key elements: message, medium, and audience Theories of Political Communication Agenda-setting, framing, and priming theory Spiral of silence and two-step flow theory Functions and Role in Democracy Facilitating public debate, civic engagement, and participation Practical Work:(Indicative) Case Study Analysis: Breakdown of significant political speeches or campaigns. Content Writing Exercise: Write a 300-word political message (op-ed, public announcement, or speech). 	Hours 6T+21P
	Unit 2: Political Communication in Elections • Political Advertising and Debates • Study of famous successful Political Campaigns and campaign ads • Analyze televised political debates and discuss their impact on voters • Opinion Polls and Voter Surveys • Design simple poll questions • Learn how to read and understand poll results Practical Work: • Watch a political debate clip and write a short reflection (200 words).	5T+21P
	Unit 3: Government, Legislative, and Bureaucratic Communication	5T+21P



- Analyzing speeches from Parliament or public addresses by ministers
- Press releases and official government statements

• Crisis Communication and Governance

- Strategies during pandemics, natural disasters, or economic crises
- Use of government portals and social media for public outreach

Transparency and Accountability in Communication

- Understanding the Right to Information (RTI) Act
- Evaluation of open data systems and government websites

Practical Components:

- **Press Release Writing:** Draft a 200-word government press release.
- Mock RTI Request: Formulate a question for submission under RTI.
- Content Review Exercise: Analyze a public address or parliamentary debate and summarize it in a 500-word report.

Unit 4: Mass Media, Public Opinion, and Voting Behaviour

- Mass Media's Role in Shaping Public Opinion
 - o Print, television, and digital media
 - Media bias, ownership, and its impact on news framing

Impact of Political Communication on Voting Behaviour

- How campaigns, propaganda, and media messages influence voters
- Psychological factors like heuristics in voting decisions

• Challenges in Political Communication

- Misinformation, fake news, and algorithmic biases
- Ethical concerns and media responsibility

Practical Components:

- **Media Critique:** Compare the framing of a news story across different media outlets.
- Content Creation: Write a social media post (150 words) for a political campaign, adapting it for Facebook, Instagram, and Twitter.
- Presentation Task: Students present a real-world case of misinformation or fake news and suggest counterstrategies.



5T+21P

Pedagogy:	Lectures, Group Discussions, Assignments, Field Visits
Pedagogy: Lectures, Group Discussions, Assignments, Field Visits 1. McNair, B. (2017). An Introduction to Political Communication (Edition). Routledge. 2. Sanders, K. and Canel, M.J. (2013). Government Communication and Challenges (1st Edition). Bloomsbury Academic. 3. Hussain, A. and Gautam, R.K. (2023) Political Communication in Digital Age: Contemporary Issues and Perspectives from India (1st Edition). Bharti Publications. 4. Negrine, R. and James, S. (2023) The Political Communication Research (1st Edition). Routledge. 5. Norris, P. (2002). A Virtuous Circle: Political Communications in Industrial Societies. Cambridge University Press. 6. McCombs, M. E., & Shaw, D. L. (1972). "The Agenda-Setting Function of Mass Media." Public Opinion Quarterly, 36(2), 176–18 7. Feezell, J. T. (2018). Agenda Setting through Social Media: The	
COA UNIVERSITY	Importance of Incidental News Exposure and Social Filtering in the Digital Era. Political Research Quarterly, 71(2), 482–494. 8. Bennett, W. L., & Iyengar, S. (2008). "A New Era of Minimal Effects? The Changing Foundations of Political Communication." Journal of Communication, 58(4), 707–731.
	Students will be able to: 1. Comprehend the significance of political communication as part of political behavior
Course Outcomes:	 Understand the importance of political communication in electoral politics. Learn strategies and skills of political communication pertaining to governmental, bureaucratic and legislative matters. Apply political communication skills in practical domains of media ,
	voter behavior analysis, social messaging.



Semester III

Name of the Programme : B.A. Political Science

Course Code : POL-200

Title of the Course : Indian Constitution

Number of Credits : 04 Effective from AY : 2023-24

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Nil	
for the Course:		
Course Objectives:	The course aims to impart knowledge about the making of the Indian Constitution. The course aims to familiarize the students with the theoretical and functional aspects of the Indian Parliamentary System. The course aims to understand the constitutional arrangements that guide the state policy and protect people's rights. The course will emphasise on the origin and development of such mechanisms in India.	
	AUNIVERS	No. of hours
COAUNVES A	 Making of Indian Constitution: Constituent Assembly- Working, Preamble and Salient features of the Indian Constitution - Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy. 	15
Content:	2. Union Government: President, Prime Minister, and Council of Ministers, Parliament-Rajya Sabha, Lok Sabha, Speaker, Legislative procedure, Committee System in Parliament.	15
Taylor Commence on the commence of the commenc	3. Judiciary: Structure, Independence of the Judiciary, Role & Functions of Supreme Court, Judicial Review, Judicial Activism.	15
	4. Centre – State Relations and Local Self Government: Distinctive features of Indian Federation; Legislative, Administrative and Financial relations between the Union and the States; Decentralization – 73rd and 74th Amendments.	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, seminars, assignments, group discussions, and intessessions.	eractive

1	Basu, D.D. (2022). An Introduction to the Constitution of India (26th
	Edition), Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
2	2. Chakrawarty, B., & Pandey, R. (2008). <i>Indian Government and</i>
	Politics, Sage, New Delhi.
3	3. Fadia, B.L. (2017). <i>Indian Government and Politics</i> (13th Revised
	Edition), Sahitya Bhawan, Agra.
4	I. Ganesh, T.K. (2006). News Reporting and Editing in Digital Age,
	GNOSIS, Delhi.
5	5. Ghosh, P. (2017). <i>Indian Government and Politics</i> , PHI Learning Pvt.
	Ltd., New Delhi.
6	5. Kapur, Anup Chand. (2014). The Indian Political System, Visionias,
	New Delhi.
References/	7. Kashyap, S., Khanna, D.D., & Kueck, G.W. (2018). Reviewing the
Readings:	Constitution, Shipra Publications, New Delhi.
8	3. Khosla, M. (2012). <i>The Indian Constitution</i> , Oxford University Press,
	New Delhi.
9	9. Laxmikant, M. (2023). <i>Indian Polity,</i> McGraw Hill Education, New
	Delhi.
1	.0. Narang, A.S. (2000). Indian Government and Politics, Gitanjali
0.0	Publication, New Delhi.
	Suggested Online Link:
7700000	. https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
	2. http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
PO LES OFF I TO	3. http://egyankosh.ac.in/
The state of the s	https://epathshala.nic.in/
	5. https://rtionline.gov.in/
Company of the Company	5. https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice
1	. Students will be able to understand the making of the Indian
	constitution.
	2. Students will be familiarised with the theoretical and functional
Course	aspects of the Indian Parliamentary System.
Outcomes: 3	3. Students will be able to understand the constitutional arrangements
	that guide the state policy and protect people's rights.
4	I. Students will examine the origin and development of such
	mechanisms in India.

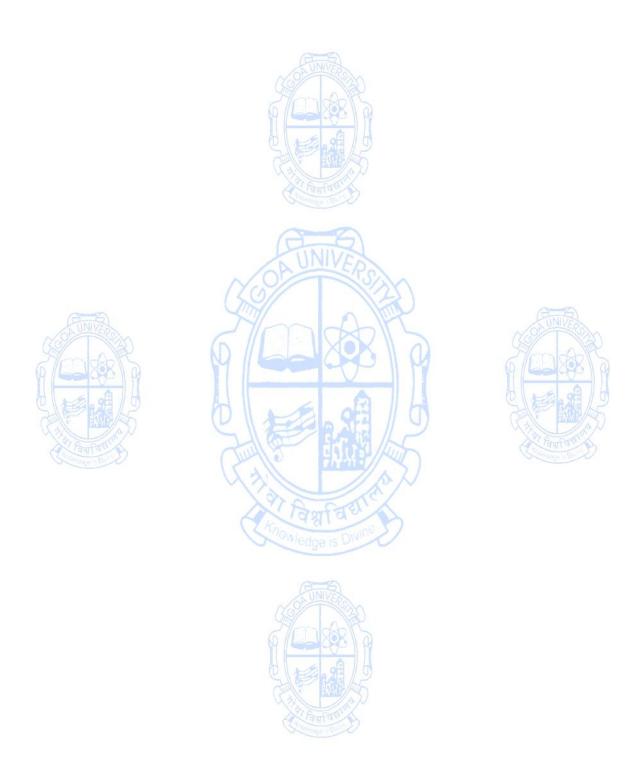
Course Code : POL - 201

Title of the Course : International Relations

Number of Credits : 04 Effective from AY :2023-24

Effective from A1	.2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Any student who is eligible for admission to the second yea	r of the
for the Course:	Undergraduate Degree Programme.	
Course		
Objectives	3	
	9 (No. of hours
	Introduction to International Relations: Nature& Scope; Importance; Interdisciplinary nature, Evolution (Overview of World Wars & Cold War).	15
Content	2. Theories in International Relations: Idealism, Liberalism, Neo Liberalism and Realism &Neo Realism, Feminist Approach	15
	3. State and Non-State Actors: State: Values of the State, Changing role; Non-State Actors: NGOs, MNCs, IGO [UNO], Terrorism	15
G CORUNY COR	4. Economic Institutions & Interstate Issues: IMF, WB and WTO, - origin, structure, objectives/functions; Types of Conflicts: Inter-state & Civil; Refugees; Global Cyber Politics.	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, seminars, assignments, group discussions, interactive se	essions
References/ Readings:	 Baylis, John (ed.). (2009). Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations, Oxford University Preyork. Brower, Daniel R. (2005). The World Since 1945: A Brief History Pearson Prentice Hall. Ghosh, Peu. (2014). International Relations, Prentice Hall Indipolitic. Goldstein, Joshua, & Pevehouse, Jon. (2014). International Repearson Education, New Delhi. Malhotra, V. K. (2021). International Relations, Surject Publication. Delhi. Oatley, Thomas. (2004). International Political Economy, Pear Education, New Delhi. Viotti, Paul R., & Karppi, Mark V. (2007). International Relation World Politics, Pearson Prentice Hall. 	a, New clations, ations, eson ons and
Course Outcomes:	 The students will be able to understand the relevant inclusive/inter-disciplinary nature of International Relations; The students will be able to understand different perspective discipline. The students will be able to analyse State and non-state actors impact of globalisation; and 	es to the

4. The students will be able to observe the significance of international economic institutions and the challenges the state faces in modern times.



Course Code : POL-211

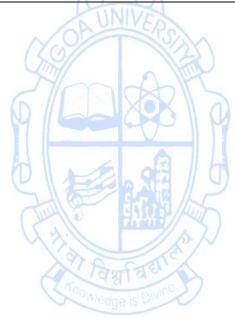
Title of the Course : Political and Social Issues in India

Number of Credits : 4 Effective from AY : 2023-24

Pre-requisites	Any student who is eligible for admission to the second year of the	ne
for the Course:	Undergraduate Degree Programme.	
Course Objectives:	This course is designed to provide a comprehensive understanding political landscape in India. Students will explore the intrice political parties, the electoral process, and the evolving nature party system. It also explores identity shaping, civil society dynamic media's role in political discourse.	acies of e of the
		No. of hours
	1. Political Parties in Indian Democracy: Meaning and Features; Types of Party Systems; Role of Regional & National Parties; Changing Nature of Party System in India; Role of Coalitions in Indian Politics.	15
Content:	2. Democracy and Elections in India: Importance of Elections in Democracy; Election Procedure in India Election Commission (Composition and Functions); Defects and Electoral Reforms; Criminalization of Politics.	15
Tayland Tayland	3. Issues Shaping Indian Politics: Secularism and Communalism: Debate; Caste and Politics: Politics of Caste; Linguistic Politics; Regionalism.	15
	 Dynamics of Civil Society: New Social Movements and Interests; Role of NGOs; Understanding the Political Significance of Media and Popular Culture. 	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, seminars, assignments, group discussions, interactive s	sessions.
References/ Reading:	 Bhambhri, C.P. (1997). The Indian State: Fifty Years, Shipra Publications, New Delhi. Brass. (2001). Politics of India since Independence, Orient Longman, New Delhi. Chakrabarty, Bidyut. (2008). Indian Politics and Society since Independence, Routledge. DeSouza, P.R., & Shridharan, E. (2006). India's Political Parties, Sage, New Delhi. Gehlot, N.S. (2002). New Challenges to Indian Politics, Deep and Deep, New Delhi. Jones, W.S. Morris. (1989). Government and Politics in India, Universal Book Stall, New Delhi. Kothari, R. (1986). Caste in Indian Politics, Orient Longman, New Delhi. 	

	8. Mehra, Ajay. (2013). <i>Party System in India: Emerging Trajectories</i> , Lancers, New Delhi.
Course outcome	 Students will be able to critically analyze the historical, cultural, and socio-economic factors shaping contemporary politics and social issues in India. Students will be able to evaluate the impact of political ideologies, policies, and governmental structures on social justice, human rights, and equality within the Indian context. Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of the diverse perspectives and marginalized voices in Indian politics and society, including those of minority groups, women, and indigenous communities. Students will be able to formulate informed opinions and propose potential solutions to address pressing political and social challenges in India, integrating interdisciplinary knowledge and ethical
	considerations









Course Code : POL-231

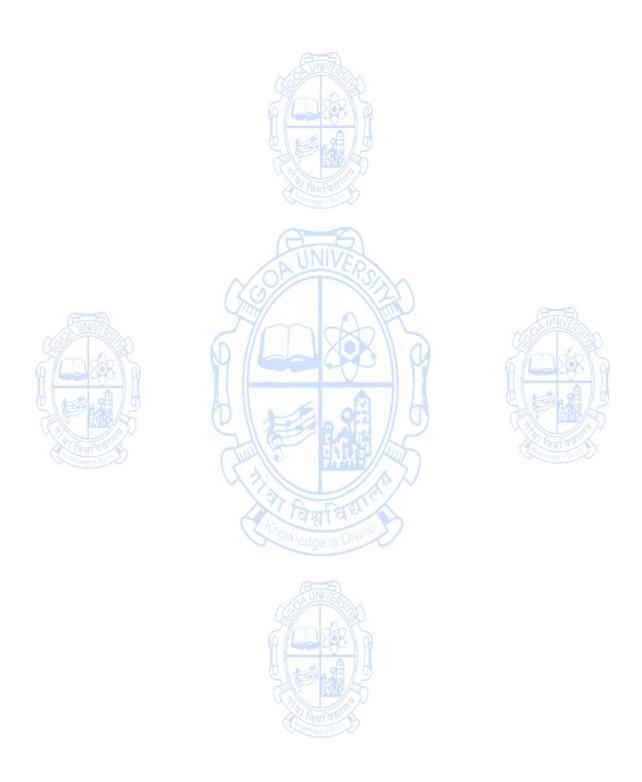
Title of the Course : Contemporary Global Issues

Number of Credits : 3

Effective from : 2023-2024

Effective from	: 2023-2024	
Prerequisite for	A student who is eligible for admission to the second	
the course:	year of the Undergraduate Degree Programme.	
	 To offer a contemporary understanding of Political, Econo strategic developments at the global level. 	
Course Objectives: 2. To address the issues, challenges, and concerns at the global of the interrelationship between various even global and national level 4. To encourage students to develop a critical understare important global issues		ts at the
		No. of Hours
	1. Introduction to Global Affairs: Regional & Super Powers; Role of Diplomacy, Role of UNO.	15
Contents:	2. Multilateral institutions: Global and regional-WTO, G20, European Union, BRICS.	15
Q Q N Q	3. Global challenges: Key Conflicts (Russia-Ukraine, Israel- Palestine), Terrorism, Environmental concerns, Refugee crisis	15
Pedagogy:	Critical Pedagogy, Textual Method, Group Discussion, Fieldwork, Panel Discussion	
Tool Marge & United	 Baylis, John (ed.). (2009). Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations, Oxford University Pr New York. 	
	2. Brower, Daniel R. (2005). <i>The World Since 1945: A Brief Hist</i> Pearson Prentice Hall.	ory,
References/	3. Goldstein, Joshua, & Pevehouse, Jon. (2014). <i>International Relations</i> , Pearson Education, New Delhi.	
Readings:	4. Malhotra, V.K. (2021). <i>International Relations</i> , Surjeet Publi Delhi.	cations,
	5. Moller, Jorgen, Jackson, Robert, & Sorensen, George. (2021 Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approx Oxford University Press.	
	 Viotti, Paul R., & Karppi, Mark V. (2007). International Relat World Politics, Pearson Prentice Hall. 	ions and
	1. The students will develop a fundamental understar contemporary global issues	iding of
Course	2. The students will be able to assess various dimensions concerns critically.	of global
Outcomes:	3. The students will be able to develop the interrelation global, and national issues.	between
	 The students will be able to learn how global issues affect in and society. 	dividuals

5. The student will be able to understand India's role at the global level



Course Code : POL-241

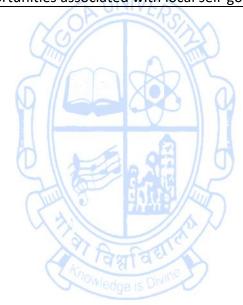
Title of the Course : Local Self Governments in Goa

Number of Credits :3 (1T+2P) Effective from AY : 2023-24

Ellective from At	: 2025-24	
Pre-requisites	Any student who is eligible for admission to second year of the	
for the Course:	Undergraduate Degree Programme	
Course Objectives:	 The course aims to enhance students' knowledge by fost understanding of the evolution of local self-governance in Go The course aims to develop practical skills by providing opport for students to engage in real-world scenarios. The course aims to encourage critical analysis by guiding stucritically evaluate the structures and functioning of logovernance. 	rtunities
		No. of hours
Content:	 Evolution of Local Self- Governance: Importance of local governance; Evolution; Impact of 73rd and 74th Amendment Acts; Role of panchayats and municipalities; Difference between rural and urban governance; Communidades (Practical Elements: Visiting Panchayats/Municipalities, NGOs; Guest Lectures, Quiz, Presentations, Videos/Documentaries) Structure and Functions of Local Self Governments in Goa: Process of elections to local bodies and their composition; Power and functions of local self-governments (Panch, Sarpanch, Mayor, Councilors); Role of Gram Sabha, Council Meetings, Zilla Parishad (Practical Elements: Visiting Local Bodies; Case Studies, 	5+20P 5+20P
	Roundtable Discussions, Debates, Mock Gram Sabha) 3. Challenges and Opportunities in Local Self Governance: Financial, Administrative and Resource Constraints; Issues related to inclusive local governance; Community Participation; Outreach Initiatives to promote schemes; Need for Reforms in local bodies (Practical Elements: Case Study Analysis of Local Governance Issues; Movie/Documentary Screening & its Review; Mock Village Socio-Economic Survey & Review)	5+20P
Pedagogy:	Lectures, seminars, assignments, group discussions, Case study analyses, field visits and interactive sessions.	
References/ Readings:	 Gahloth, Brijpal Singh, Henriques, Elizabeth Joey & Prajith, De (Eds.). (2016). Goa: Looking Back Looking Forward, Broadway Publishing House. Mukherjee, Amitav. (1994). Decentralisation: Panchayat Rajit Nineties, S. Chand Publishing. Myneni, S.R. (2021). Local Self Government, Allahabad Law A Publishers. 	n the

	4. Palanithurai, G. (2005). Dynamics of New Panchayati Raj System in
	India, Concept Publishing.
	5. Rajashekar, D. (2021). Handbook of Decentralised Governance and
	Development in India, Routledge India.
	6. Rajneesh, Shalini. (2002). Rural Development Through Democratic
	Decentralization, Deep & Deep Publications.
	7. Sachdeva, Pardeep. (2011). Urban Local Government and
	Administration in India, Pearson Education India.
	1. The students will be able to demonstrate foundational knowledge on
	the historical evolution of local self-governance in Goa.
	2. The students will be able to apply practical skills by engaging in on-site
Course	activities to gain firsthand insights into the functioning of local
Outcomes:	governance.
	3. The students will be able to analyze local governance structures by
	examining the structural components of local self-governance.
	4. The students will be able to critically evaluate challenges and
	opportunities associated with local self-governance.









Semester IV

Name of the Programme : B.A. Political Science

Course Code : POL-202

Title of the Course : Public Administration

Number of Credits : 04

Effective from: 2023-2024

Eπесτive from:	2023-2024	
Pre-requisites	Any student who is eligible for admission to second year	of the
for the	Undergraduate Degree Programme.	
Course:	A COLOR	
Course Objective:	 To understand the nature and scope of Public Administration; To comprehend the changing paradigms of Public Administratio To acquaint with the concept of Bureaucracy, Recruitment proce Importance of Training. To understand the meaning and Functions of Management 	ess and
		No. of hours
Content	 Public Administration as a Discipline: Meaning, Nature, Scope, and Significance of the Public Administration; Public and Private Administration; Evolution of Public Administration as a Discipline; Changing nature of public administration (Comparative administration, Development administration, New Public Administration, New Public Management) Organization and its Principles: Organization: Meaning, Forms of Organizations; Principles of Organization: Hierarchy, Unity of Command, Span of Control, Coordination, Centralization, Decentralization and Delegation; Basis of Organisation; Line, and Staff. Personnel Administration: Bureaucracy: Meaning, features and Types; Max Weber and Bureaucracy; Recruitment- process of Recruitment; Training- meaning, importance, Objectives. and Types. Management: Meaning and features; Functions and 	15
	Importance; Types of Management; Theories of Management: Scientific management, Human Relation Theory.	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Group discussions, Assignments.	
	 Basu, R. (1996). Public Administration. Sterling Publishers Privat Delhi. Bhatia, S. K. (2004). Management Thoughts Starters. Thir Publication. New Delhi. 	nk Inc.
References/	3. Bhattacharya, M. (1991). <i>Public Administration: Structure, Proce Behaviour</i> . The World Press. Calcutta.	ess and
Readings:	4. Bhattacharya, M. (1999). <i>New Horizons of Public Administ</i> Jawahar Publications. New Delhi.	ration.
	5. Chopra, J. K. (2003). <i>Encyclopedia of Public Administ</i> Commonwealth Publications. New Delhi.	
	 Goel, L. (2002). Public Personnel Administration. Deep & Publications. New Delhi. 	Deep

- 7. Goel, S. L. (2002). *Public Financial Administration*. Deep & Deep Publications. New Delhi.
- 8. Haldipur, R. N., & Singh, T. (1997). *Public Administration: Reflections and Explorations*. Kanishka Publishers, Distributors. New Delhi.
- 9. Maheshwari, S. R. (2006). *Public Administration in India: The Higher Civil Service*. Oxford University Press, New Delhi, India.
- 10. Nigro, F. A., & Nigro, L. G. (1984). *Modern public administration* (6th ed). Harper & Row. New Delhi.
- 11. Patnayak, R. (2002). *Modern Public Administration*. Anmol Publications. New Delhi.
- 12. Sharma, M. (2003). *Theory of Public Administration*. Anmol Publications. New Delhi.
- 13. Sinha, P. S. N. (1996). *Public Services and Efficient Administration*. Commonwealth Publications. New Delhi.
- 14. Srivastava, O. P. (1991). *Public Administration and Management*. Himalaya Publishing House. New Delhi.
- 15. Tyagi, A. R. (1990). Public Administration: AtmaRam & Sons. New Delhi.
- 16. Vishnoo Bhagwan, & Bhushan, V. (2007). *Public Administration*. S. Chand & Co. New Delhi.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. The students will be able to understand the meaning, evolution and the changing nature of Public Administration.
- 2. Students will be familiarised with the concept of organisation and various principles of Organization.
- 3. Students will be able to comprehend the Recruitment process and importance of Training.
- 4. The students will be able to explain the concept of management and critically evaluate the various theories of Management.



Course Code : POL-203

Title of the Course : Government & Politics of Goa

Number of Credits : 4

Effective from AY : 2023-24

Effective from A	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Any student who is eligible for admission to second year of the	
for the	Undergraduate Degree Programme.	
Course:	1 CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE P	
Course Objectives:	 To familiarise the students with the developments that occurre Goa after liberation. To understand the major reforms and issues that occurred in t state and their impact on Goan Society. To understand the styles of political leadership in Goa. 	
	Continue of the second	No. of Hours
	 Political Transition: Struggle for Liberation & Military Rule; Land Reforms (Tenancy Reforms 1964, Mundkar Act 1975); Comunidades-Meaning, Uniform Civil Code. 	15
Content:	2. Elections & Political Leadership in Goa (1963-1984): Political Parties- Formation & Growth (Congress, MGP, UGP& BJP); Political Leadership (Bhausaheb Bandodkar, Shashikala Kakodkar& Jack Sequeira).	15
	3. Political Instability and Political Leadership (1989-2019): Defection: Definition, causes and role of the Speaker; Coalition Governments- PDF, CDF & BJP coalitions; Political Leadership (Pratapsingh Rane &Manohar Parrikar).	15
Continue of Day	 Contemporary Issues and Challenges: Tourism- Importance and impact on Goa; Migration- causes and its impact; Mining: Issues & Challenges; Environmental concerns; New age concerns: Elderly 	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Group discussions, Assignments.	
References/ Readings:	 Almeida, J. C. (2013). Goa: Administration and Economy Before and After 1962 (A. Fernandes, Ed.; First edition). Broadway Publishing House. Panaji, Goa. Alvares, C. A., Gadgil, V., & Goa Foundation (Eds.). (2002). Fish Curry and Rice: A Source Book on Goa, its Ecology, and Life Style (4th rev. ed). Goa Foundation. Mapusa, Goa. Code of Comunidades, Department of Revenue, Govt. of Goa Dantas, N. (Ed.). (1999). The Transforming of Goa. Other India Press. Goa. D'Souza, B. G. (1975). Goan Society in Transition: A Study in Social Change. Popular Prakashan. Mumbai. Fernandes, A. (1997). Cabinet Government in Goa, 1961-1993: A Chronicled Analysis of 30 Years of Government and Politics in Goa. Maureen & Camvet Publishers. Gokhale, N. A. (2023). Manohar Parrikar: Brilliant Mind, Simple Life. Bloomsbury India. New Delhi. 	

 Olivinho JF, G. (n.d.). The Goan Village Communes. Vasantrao Dempo Education & Research Foundation. Panaji, Goa. Pais e Martins, S., & Sakhardande, P. (2023). The Quest for Goa: History and Heritage of Goa from Ancient Times to 2019 (First edition). Goa
1556. Saligao, Goa.
10. Parobo, P. D. (2015). India's First Democratic Revolution: Dayanand Bandodkar and the Rise of the Bahujan in Goa. Orient BlackSwan. New Delhi.
11. Patil, S., & Nagvenkar, M. (2020). <i>An Extraordinary Life: A Biography of Manohar Parrikar</i> . Ebury Press, an imprint of Penguin Random House. Gurgaon, Haryana, India.
12. Pereira, R. G. (1978). <i>Goa: Gaunkari (the old village associations)</i> . Pereira. Panaji, Goa.
13. Prabhudessai, Sandesh(2023) <i>Ajeeb Goa's Gajab Politics,</i> Qurate Books, Panjim, 2023
14. Rane, Vijayadevi (2024) Maker of Modern Goa: The Untold Story of Pratapsingh Rane, Rupa, New Delhi, 2024
15. Rubinoff, A. (2000). Serial Elections: Tragi-Comedy in Goa. <i>Economic and Political Weekly</i> , 35(16).
16. Rubinoff, A. G. (1998). The Construction of a Political Community: Integration and Identity in Goa. Sage Publications. New Delhi.
17. Rubinoff, A. G. (2013). 'How Different Are Goa's Politics?' Studies in Indian Politics, 1(2), 203–212.
18. Saksena, R. N. (2003). <i>Goa: Into the Mainstream</i> . Abhinav Publication. New Delhi.
19. Trichur, R. S. (2013). Refiguring Goa: From Trading Post to Tourism Destination. Goa 1556. Saligao, Goa.
20. Wallace, P., & Roy, R. (Eds.). (2003). <i>India's 1999 Elections and 20th century Politics</i> . Sage Publications. New Delhi.
 The students will be able to evaluate the political situation in Goa. The students will be able to interpret and compare the role of the
political parties in the state.
Outcomes: 3. The students will be able to critically analyze the leadership of different chief ministers
4. The students will be able to analyse the role and impact of the laws, issues and institutions.

Course Code : POL-204

Title of the Course : Gender and Women Empowerment

Number of Credits : 4

Effective from AY : 2023-24

Effective from A	: 2023-24		
Pre-requisites	Nil		
for the Course:	Carried States		
Course Objectives:	 This course is designed to provide a deep understanding of gender-related issues in India. Students will explore the social construction of gender, feminist theories, and the politics of empowerment, addressing topics such as declining sex ratios, political participation. It enables students to analyze local and global women's movements. It also explores contemporary debates on women's rights, including reservation, uniform civil code, gender violence, and media portrayal. 		
	ALINIUS I	No. of hours	
OFUNVES	 Gender and feminism: Meaning of gender, social construction of gender, patriarchy- ideology and practice Feminism: Theories of feminism (Liberal and Radical), Feminist thinkers: Mary Wollstonecraft and Betty Freidan 	15	
Content:	2. Women's Movement and Multilateral Initiatives on Women Empowerment: Evolution of the international women's movement (Waves of feminism), Black feminist movement, Origin of women's movement in India, Dalit Feminist movement, Anti Arrack Movement, Gulabi Gang Movement Multilateral Initiatives on women empowerment: CEDAW and UN Development Goals (No. 3 to promote gender equality and empower women)	15	
	3. Politics of Empowerment: Social: Declining Sex Ratio, Eradicating evils in Indian Society, Education: A Tool of Empowerment, Economic: Wage Disparity and Property Rights Political: Barriers to political participation of women, Political parties and women, Women and leadership.	15	
	4. Contemporary Issues and Debates: Reservation for Women, Uniform Civil Code, Gender violence and women safety, Gender portrayal in media, Digital Activism (Me too movement)	15	
Pedagogy:	Lectures, seminars, assignments, group discussions, interactive sessions.		
References/ Readings:	 Bhardwaj, P. R. (Ed.). (2005). Gender Discrimination: The Politics of Women Empowerment (1. publ). Anamica Publ. New Delhi. Bhasin, K., Agarwal, B., Pacific and Asian Women's Forum, & ISIS International. (n.d.). Women and Media: Analysis, Alternatives and Action. Isis International and the Pacific and Asian Women's Forum (PAWF). New Delhi. Chowdhry, D. P. (1992). Women, Welfare, and Development: A Source 		
	Book. Inter-India Publications. New Delhi.		

- 4. Devi, L. (1998a). *Women and Development* (1st ed). Institute for Sustainable Development; Anmol. New Delhi.
- 5. Devi, L. (1998b). *Women Empowerment and Societal Improvement*. Institute for Sustainable Development. New Delhi.
- 6. Flavia, Ghosh, S. V., & Majlis (Organization: Mumbai, India) (Eds.). (2012). *Negotiating spaces: Legal domains, gender concerns, and community constructs*. Oxford University Press. New Delhi.
- 7. Golombok, S., & Fivush, R. (1994). *Gender Development*. Cambridge University Press. New York.
- 8. Govrnment of India, M. of education and S. W. (1974). *Towards Equality: Report of the Committee on the status of women in India*. Department of Social Welfare.
- 9. Menon, N. (2000). Elusive Women: Feminism and Women's Reservation Bill. *Economic and Political Weekly*, *35*(43–44).
- 10. Prasad, K. (2010). *Women and Media: Challenging Feminist Discourse*. The Women's Press. Delhi.
- 11. Narasimhan, S. (1999). *Empowering Women*. Sage Publication. New Delhi
- 12. Saini, A. (2017). *Inferior: How Science Got Women Wrong?* Beacon Press. Boston

Unit-26 Feminism, 2017, IGNOU http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/23796

Kinds of feminism – https://www.uah.edu/woolf/feminism-kinds.htm
Unit-4 Feminisms: Variations and contexts - https://egyankosh.ac.in
Unit-20 Form & Extent of gender-based violence- April 2017, IGNOU – http://hdl.handle.net/123456789/6823

Unit-14 Gender and health – https://www.egyankosh.ac.in

- The students will be able to understand the concept of gender and they
 will be able to analyze the effect of society on gender. The students will
 be acquainted with the theory of feminism and will be able to trace the
 effect of the writings of feminist thinkers on the theory.
- 2. The students will be introduced to the international women's movement and women's movement in India. They will be able to examine some important issues and examine its effects on the women's movement. Important multilateral initiatives on women's movement will be introduced to the students.
- 3. The students will be able to understand the concept of empowerment and its various facets. They will be able to analyze the obstacles to women's empowerment and will be able to explore various mechanisms to empower women.
- 4. The students will be able to examine the contemporary issues relating to women's empowerment like Uniform Civil Code and political reservation for women. They will also be able to judge the effects of violence and media on women.

Course Outcomes:

Course Code : POL-205

Title of the course : Politics in Digital Age

Number of Credits : 02 Effective from : 2023-24

Effective from	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisite	Any student who is eligible for admission to second year of the	
for the course:	Undergraduate Degree Programme.	
Course Objective:	 To introduce learners to various aspects of the Digital age. To familiarise learners with administrative reforms in the context digitalisation. To make the learner aware of the influence of digitalisation on Polit and Political processes. To analyse the shift in the traditional form of governance. 	
	No	of
	Hou	urs
Content:	 Politics and Governance in the Digital Age: Meaning, nature, and aspects of the Digital Age, advantages and disadvantages of digitalisation; Digital reforms: E-Governance: meaning, features, advantages, and forms; Digital Public infrastructure: Digital India campaign, AADHAR& DBT. 	5
	2. Influence of Digitalisation on Political processes: Elections and digital campaigning, Polarisation and communalism, Internet freedom and censorship, Artificial Intelligence (AI), Privacy and misuse of digital information, Misinformation & fake news, Big Data companies and their impact: Google, Facebook, Twitter (X).	555
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Group Discussions, Assignments.	
References/ Reading	 Bargués-Pedreny, P., Chandler, D., & Simón Rodríguez, M. E. (Ed. (2019). Mapping and Politics in the Digital Age. New York, N. Routledge. London. 	owens. on in india. ital och. ital och. ital och. cret

	 Risse, M. (2023). Political Theory of the Digital Age: Where Artificial Intelligence Might Take Us. Cambridge University Press. New York. Thomas, P. (2012). Digital India: Understanding Information, Communication, and Social Change. SAGE Publications. Thousand Oaks, Calif.
	Students will be able to:
	1. Understand the nature of the digital age and digital space.
	2. Comprehend the influence of digitalisation on political processes and
Course	components.
Outcomes:	3. Understand the shift in the traditional mode of politics and administrative reforms driven by digitalisation.
	4. Students will be able to understand the benefits and disadvantages of digitalisation.









Course Code : POL 221

Name of the course : Community Engagement and Political Participation

Number of Credits : 03 (Theory)+01 (Practical)

Effective from : 2024-25 onwards

Effective from	: 2024-25 onwards
Pre-requisite	Any student who is eligible for second year UG Programme
for the course:	
Objective:	 To understand the significance of Community Engagement and PoliticalParticipation. To Examine barriers to effective community engagement and strategies toovercome them. To understand the importance of Inclusive Political participation. To understand the mechanisms for better community engagement and political Participation.
Content:	1. Community Engagement; Definition, Importance, Types, Pillars 11T+7P of Engagement & Modes of Community Engagement. (Suggested Practical Components: Visit/Interview of local NGO in various fields (education, health, education etc.), Community Engagement mapping exercise in Goa/India, Exercises to build trust amongst the classmates, Community Engagement Project Simulation) 2. Reasons for community disengagement and Techniques for 11T+7P better communityEngagement, building communities, examples of community engagement, causes of conflicts & conflict resolution. (Suggested Practical Components: Fishbowl conflict resolution, Brainstorm Common Community Conflicts, Mock Community Council Meeting, Observing Conflict Triggers in Media) 3. Political Participation; definition, difference between 11T+8P community engagement and political participation. Direct & Indirect political participation. Issues related to political participation and Mechanisms for better political participation. (Suggested Practical Components: Solution Pitch for better political participation, Classroom mock election, College survey on political awareness & participation, Creation & discussion of political cartoons, Mock policy debate on current issues) 4. Inclusive Political Participation; Youths, Children, Women, people with special needs & Tribal participation. Importance of 12T+8P Mahila Gram Sabha & Bal Gram Sabha at grassroot governance, examples of citizen interventions in India& in Goa. (Suggested Practical Components: Accessibility Audit of government institutions & public spaces, Screening of documentary on Tribal & Women issues, Debate/Discussions on Women safety/participation/representation, Case studies of Women & Tribal community engagement (Professor can choose any activity from above as per convenience to engage the practical lectures)

Pedagogy:	Lectures, Group Discussions, Guest Lectures, Assignments, Field Visits	
	1. Rumley, M. (2020). Modern-Day Strategies for Community	
	Engagement.Purposely Created Publishing Group.	
	2. Barrett, M., & Zani, B. (2015). Political and Civic Engagement	
	Multidisciplinary perspectives. Routledge.	
	3. Block, P. (2009). Community: The Structure of Belonging. Berrett-	
	KoehlerPublishers.	
	4. Hansson, E., & Weiss, M. L. (2018). Political Participation in Asia.	
	Routledge.	
References/Re	5. Weil, M., Reisch, M. S., & Ohmer, M. L. (2012). The Handbook of	
ading	Community Practice. SAGE Publications Inc.	
	6. Wilson, P. (2019). The Heart of Community Engagement. Routledge.	
	7. Wimmer, J., Wallner, C., & Winter, R. (2019). (Mis)Understanding	
	Political Participation. Routledge.	
	8. Cordenillo, R. (2014). Inclusive Political Participation & Representation.	
	International Institute for Democracy and Electoral Assistance	
	9. Information Resources Management Association. (2019). Civic	
	Engagement and Politics: Concepts, Methodologies, Tools, and	
	Applications. IGI Global.	
(G_G)	Students will be able to:	
ONUNIVERS	1. Comprehend the significance of community engagement and political	
	participation	
Course	2. Understand the difference between community engagement and	
Outcomes	political participation.	
STE MAL	3. Learn strategies and skills to improve community engagement and	
THE PARTY OF	political participation.	
शिवप्रविश	4. To understand the importance of Inclusive community engagement &	
Sameope - Unit	Political participation.	



Course Code : POL-261

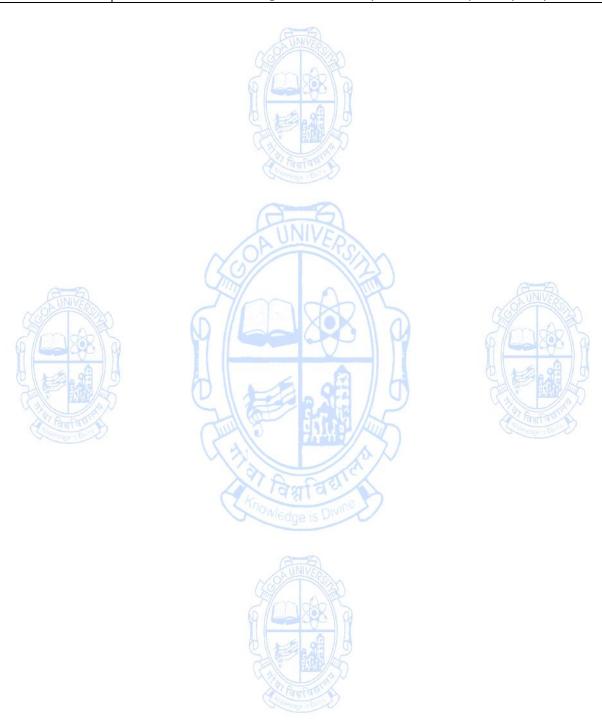
Title of the Course : Political Management and Advocacy

Number of Credits : 4 Effective from AY : 2024-25

Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Prerequisite for the course:	Any student who has completed second year of UG with Politica and wishes to exit the course at the end of the second programme.	
Objectives:	 To understand the meaning and significance of Political manager advocacy. To develop a capacity to relate political management and advantagement and social life. To comprehend the basic working and issues pertaining to management. To know the impact of political communication in popular media a discourse. 	vocacy to
Contents:	Unit 1: Fundamentals of Political Management and Advocacy	No. of Hours 6T+21P 5T+21P
	Unit 3: Civil Society and Advocacy for Social Change • Understanding Civil Society Organizations (CSOs)	5T+21P
	Working of Non Governmental OrganizationsRole of CSOs in governance and democracy	

		I
	Civil Society and the State	
	Social Movements and Change	
	Case studies	
	Practical Work:	
	Research and present on a social movement.	
	Write a policy recommendation to support a	
	social cause.	
	Unit 4: Public Policy and Bureaucracy	5T+21P
	 Introduction to Public Policy 	
	 Stages: Agenda-setting, formulation, and 	
	implementation	
	 Bureaucracy and Policy Execution 	
	 Role of civil servants in policy enforcement 	
	Practical Work	
	 Write a report on Structure and functioning of a 	
	government organization	
	 Write a policy brief on a public issue. 	
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Group Discussions, Assignments, Field Visits	
	1. Johnson-Cartee, K. S., & Copeland, G. A. (2004). Strategic Polit	ical
(a=6)	Communication: Rethinking Social Influence, Persuasion, and	A CONTRACTOR
OA UNIVERS	Propaganda. Rowman & Littlefield.	
	2. Tilly, C., & Tarrow, S. (2015). Contentious Politics (2nd Edition)	AR
	Oxford University Press.	295 \ P
	3. Lees-Marshment, J. (2020). Political Management: The Dance	ofa
SIE	Government and Politics (1st Edition). Routledge.	
THE STATE OF	4. James, T. S. et.al. (2019). Electoral management and the	
र विश्वविश	organisational determinants of electoral integrity: Introduction.	Tan
Selflenge - Div	International Political Science Review / Revue Internationale de	
	Science Politique, 40(3), 295–312.	
Deferences/De	5. van Ham, C., & Garnett, H. A. (2019). Building impartial elector	al
References/Re	management? Institutional design, independence and electoral	
adings:	integrity. International Political Science Review / Revue International	onale
	de Science Politique, 40(3), 313-	
	334. https://www.jstor.org/stable/26956791	
	6. Purdue, D. (2007). Civil Societies and Social Movements: Poter	ntials
	and Problems (1st Edition). Routledge.	
	7. Vojvodić, N., et. al. (2016). Principles and functions of political	
	management. Journal of Process Management – New Technolog	ies, 4(1),
	17-24.	
	8. Quadri, M.O. (2022). Public Policy and Bureaucracy. In: Farazm	and,
	A. (eds) Global Encyclopedia of Public Administration, Public Polic	
	and Governance. Springer, Cham.	•
	Students will be able to:	
Course	Apply principles of political management and advocacy t	o actual
Outcomes:	situations.	
	1	

- 2. Develop competence to analyze political manifestoes and frame electoral strategies
- 3. Gain insights into significance of civil society mobilization and gain expertise in evaluating NGO working and management
- 4. Understand working of bureaucracy and evaluate public policy.



Semester V

Name of the Programme : B. A. in Political Science

Course Code : POL-300

Title of the Course : India's Defence and Security

Number of Credits : 4
Effective from : 2023-24

Effective from	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Any student who is eligible for admission to third year	of the
for the course	Undergraduate Degree Programme.	
Course Objective	 To introduce the significance of India's National Security and thought. To comprehend the Defence Policy of India. To familiarize with the structural arrangements of India's Forces. To understand the vitality of different military alliances si India. 	Defence
	AND	No. Of hours
OA UNIVERSIMA	1. Introduction to India's National Security: Concept, Objectives, Scope and Elements of National Security, Internal and External Security, Strategic Thought, India's Nuclear Security.	15
Content:	2. India's Defence Policy: Definition and Objectives of Defence Policy, India's National Defence Policy and strategy: Military Doctrine, Defence Expenditure and Procurement, Defence Reforms.	15
	3. Organisation of India's Defence Forces: Indian Armed Forces, Indian Naval Forces, Indian Air Force, Second Line of Defence: Coast Guard, National Security Guards, Territorial Army, NCC; National Security Council & Intelligence Agencies.	15
	4. Military Alliances: Pacts, Peace Treaties, Defence Cooperations, Strategic Partnerships, Security Dialogues.	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Assignments, Quiz, Presentations	
References/ Reading	 Bajpai, K. (2023). How Realist Is India's National Security Routledge, India. Basrur, R. (2022). Minimum Deterrence and India's Nuclear Standford University Press, California. Behera, L. K. (2021). India's Defence Economy: Planning, Bu Industry and Procurement. Routledge, Oxon. Chadha, V. (2013). Armed Forces Special Powers Act: The Lancer's Books, New Delhi. Kavic, L. (2020). India's Quest for Security: Defence Policies University of California Press. Mishra, S. (2017), Defence Beyond Design: Contours of India's Nukherjee, A. & Mohan, R. (2016), India's Naval Strategy at Security. Routledge, Oxon. 	Security. Idgeting, Debate. 1947-65. Nuclear

	8. Pant, H. (2022), The Routledge Handbook of Indian Defence Policy:
	Themes, Structures and Doctrines, Taylor & Francis Group, United
	Kingdom.
	9. Safety & Security. Routledge, Oxon.
	10. Sen, G. (2023), The Purpose of India's Security Strategy: Defence,
	Deterrence and Global Involvement. Taylor & Francis Group, United
	Kingdom.
	1. To be able to evaluate the significance of India's National Security.
	2. To be able to comprehend the structural designing and functioning of
Course	India's Defence system.
Outcomes:	3. To be able to highlight the significance and differentiate between
	different Military Alliances signed by India.
	4. To be able to analyze key elements of India's defence policy









: POL 301 **Course Code**

Name of the Course : Comparative Government and Politics

(UK, USA, China and France)

Number of Credits : 4 **Effective From** : 2023-24

Effective From	: 2023-24	
Prerequisite	Any student who is eligible for admission to third year	of the
for the Course	Undergraduate Degree Programme.	
Course Objectives:	 This Paper seeks to study select constitutions of the world by a a comparative approach The ideological basis and the constitutional provisions and inst arrangement are to be explained, analysed and evaluated crit This paper also studies formal and informal political processes select countries by highlighting the role played by political pressure groups, interest groups. New social movements that bring about changes in the landscape of these select countries are also studied. 	itutional ically. of these parties,
	NO TOPON	No. Of Hours
	1. Study of Comparative Government and Politics: Meaning, Nature, Scope, Evolution, Significance, Approaches: Systems Approach, Structural-Functional Approach and Marxist Approach.	15
Contents:	2. Constitutions of UK, USA, China and France: Evolution, Nature and Special Features.	15
Tourisma - Dr. C.	3. Political Parties: Parties, Party Systems (Classification) and Features (UK, USA, China, France).	15
	4. Pressure Groups: Meaning, nature and characteristic of Pressure Groups/Interest Groups (Business Groups, Military-Industrial Complex in USA, Farm Organizations in UK and France).	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Presentations, Assignments.	
References/ Readings	 Almond, G. & et.al. (2000). Comparative Politics Today: A World View, HarperCollins Publishers, New York. Blondel, J. (1969). An Introduction to Comparative Government. Weindenfeld and Nicolson, London. Brich, A. H. (1980). British System of Government. Allen & Unwin Publishers, UK. 	

	9. Maddex, R. L. (2008). Constitutions of the World. CQ Press,	
	Washington.	
	10. Wright, V. (1989). The Government and Politics of France. Holmes &	
	Meier Publishers, New York.	
	1. Students will be able to learn a comparative perspective on	
	understanding major government systems.	
	2. Students will be able to draw convergences and divergences between	
Course	distinct constitutional systems.	
Outcomes	3. Students will be able to comprehend diverse practices across political	
	parties.	
	4. Students will also be able to relate the role of pressure /interest groups	
	with across political systems.	









Course Code : POL 302

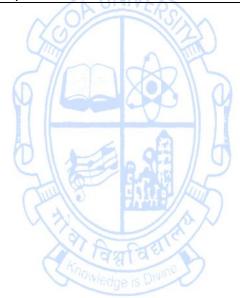
Name of the course : Indian Political Thinkers

Number of Credits : 04 Effective from : 2023-24

Lifective Holli	. 2023-24	
Pre-requisite	Any student who is eligible for admission to third year of the	
for the course:	Undergraduate Degree Programme.	
Course Objective:	 To study ideas of ancient and modern Indian Thinkers To familiarize students to the key ideas of some eminent political thinkers who continue to shape contemporary prodiscourse in the country today. To understand Renaissance and Reformation in India and role Indian thinkers in it. To understand the contribution of Indian Political Thinkers nationalist discourse. 	oolitical e of key
	PINIO	No. of hours
G LINIVERSITY OF THE PARTY OF T	 Kautilya, Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Gopal Krishna Gokhale Kautilya- Saptanga Theory, Mandala Theory, Views on Finance Raja Ram Mohan Roy- Social Reforms, Political Liberalism, Ideas on Education Gokhale- Servants of Indian Society, Self-Government, Economic Ideas 	15
Content:	2. Tilak, Swami Vivekananda, Aurobindo Ghosh Tilak-Swaraj, National Education, Home Rule Vivekananda-Cultural Nationalism, Universal Religion, Advise to youth Aurobindo Ghosh-Passive Resistance, Nationalism, Ideas on Nation building	15
	3. Savitribai Phule, Gandhi, Ambedkar, Savitribai Phule- Female Education, Contribution to feminist Ideology, Social Reforms Gandhi- Satyagraha, State, Ideas on Panchayati Raj Ambedkar-Ideas on Social Justice, Views on religion, Contribution to Constitution of India	15
	4. Maulana Azad, Nehru Ram Manohar Lohia Maulana Azad- Hindu Muslim Unity, Liberty Nehru- Secularism, Parliamentary Democracy, PanchsheelLohia-Four Pillar State, New Socialism, Sapta Kranti	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Group Discussion, Assignment, Presentation	

	1. Arora, P. & Grover, B. (2012). Selected Western and Indian Political
	Thinkers. Cosmos , Chandigarh.
	2. Chakrabarty, B. & Pandey, R. K. (2009). Modern Indian Political
	Thought: Text and Context. SAGE Publications, New Delhi.
	3. Gauba, O. P. (2020). <i>Indian Political Thought</i> . National Paperbacks,
References/	New Delhi.
Reading	4. Jayapalan, N. (2005). <i>Indian Political Thinkers</i> . Atlantic Publishers and
	Distributors, New Delhi.
	5. Mukhi, H. R. (1994). Modern Indian Political Thought. SBD Publisher,
	New Delhi.
	6. Rathod, P. B. (2005). <i>Modern Indian Political Thinkers</i> . Commonwealth
	Publishers, Delhi.
	Students will be able to:
Course	1. To analyze the central ideas of Indian Political Thinkers
Course	2. To compare the ideas of ancient and modern Indian thinkers.
Outcomes:	3. Examine the relevance of their ideas in contemporary period.
	4. Critically examine the ideas of Indian Political Thinkers









Course Code : POL-303

Title of the Course : People's Movements in Goa

Number of Credits : 2

Effective From AY : 2023-24

Prerequisite	Any student who is eligible for admission to third year of Underg	raduate
for the course:	Degree Programme.	
	1. To familiarise the students with movements that have occu	ırred in
Course	Goa.	
Objectives:	2. To highlight the issues that people have participated.	
	3. To study the impact of the movement on decisions of the Government	rnment.
		No. of
		Hours
	1. Important Movements in Goa: Introduction, Types of	
	Movements, Characteristics of Movements, Relevance,	4.5
Contents:	Opinion Poll, Ramponkar Agitation, Language, Statehood &	15
	Medium of Instruction Controversy	
	2. Major agitations & Issues in Goa: Nylon 6,6, SEZs, Regional	
	Plan, UTTA agitation; Coal Agitation, Mhadei Bachao	15
(3-3)	Abhiyan	5)
D. O. O. UNIVERSIA	Lectures, Group Discussion, Critical Pedagogy, Textual Method	l, Panel
Pedagogy:	Discussion	AME
0/688	1. Abreu, S. & Heredia, R. C. (2014). Goa 2011: Reviewing and Red	covering
	Fifty Years. Concept Publishing Company.	A / A
	2. Alvares, C. (2002). Fish Curry and Rice. Goa: A Goa Fou	ndation
The state of the s	Publication, Goa.	10 h
References/	3. Basu, R. (2012). Mining in Goa: Beyond Forest Issues. Econol	mic and
Readings:	Political Weekly, 47 (3), 77-79.	
Readings.	4. Basu, R. (2015). Catastrophic Failure of Public Trust in Minin	g: Case
	Study of Goa. Economic and Political Weekly, 50 (38), 44-51.	
	5. D'Cruz, S. & Raikar, A. (2004). Ramponkars in Goa: F	Between
	Modernisation, Government and the Deep Blue Sea. Econor	nic and
	Political Weekly, 39 (20), 2048-2054.	
	5. Students will be able to understand the key issues that have pr	ompted
	people's movements in Goa .	
Course	6. The students will be able to assess the successes and limitation	is of the
Outcomes:	same.	
	7. The students will be able to develop a multidisciplinary perspe	ctive on
	people centric concerns in Goa.	

Course Code

: POL 321

Title of the Course

: Environment and Sustainable Development

Number of Credits

Effective from : 2023-2024

	: 2023-2024	
Prerequisite for the	Any student who is eligible for admission to third year of	
course	Undergraduate Degree Programme.	
Course Objectives:	 To offer conceptual understanding political ecology. To address the challenges faced by the ecology at national and international level. To innovate the indigenous strategies to combat the concerns. To encourage legal and policy intervention in the Econogramance. 	global
		No of Hours
	Introduction: Meaning of Environmental Ecosystem, Industrialization: Urbanization and Environmentalism, Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).	15
A UNIVERSITY	Environmental Concepts: Deep Ecology, Ecology and Gender, Religion and Conservation, Environmental Ethics.	15
Contents:	Human-Environmental Concerns: Climate Change Programme, Economic Growth and Sustainability, Disaster Management, Energy and Food Security, Environmental Impact Assessment.	15
Four Control	Environmental Policy and Sustainable Governance: Indigenous Knowledge and Natural Resource Management, Traditional Practices of Sustainability (Bund, Khazans, Kumeri cultivation)	15
Pedagogy:	Critical Pedagogy, Textual Method, Group Discussion, Field Panel Discussion	work,
References/Readings:	 Aggarwal, A. (2008). Indigenous Institutions for Resource Management: Potential and Threats. Econom Political Weekly, 43 (23), 21-24. Arnold, D. & Guha, R. (1995). Nature, Culture, Impensary on the Environmental History of South Asia. University Press, Delhi. Barnhill, D. L. & Gottlieb, R. S. (2001). Deep Ecology and Religions: New Essays on Sacred Grounds. State Univenway York Press, Albany. Bicker, A. & et. al. (2004). Development and Local Known New Approaches to Issues in Natural Resources Manage Conservation and Agriculture. Routledge, UK. Ciecierska-Holmes, N. & et. al. (2020). Environmental Pundia. Routledge, Oxon. Enders, J. C. & Remig, M. (2015). Theories of Sust Development. Routledge, London. 	rialism: Oxford I World rsity of wledge: ement,

	 Forsyth, T. (2003). Critical Political Ecology: The Politics of Environmental Science. Routledge, Oxon. Gadgil, M. and Guha, R. (1995). Ecology and Equity: The Use and Abuse of Nature in Contemporary India. Routledge, Oxon.
	9. Giddens, A. (2009). <i>The Politics of Climate Change</i> . Polity Press, UK.
	10. Guha, S. (1999). <i>Environment and Ethnicity in India 1200-1991</i> . Cambridge University Press, UK.
	11. Kanie, N. & Biermann, F. (2017). Governing through Goals: Sustainable Development Goals as Governance Innovation. The MIT Press, Cambridge.
	 12. Madegowda, C. (2009). Traditional Knowledge and Conservation. <i>Economic and Political Weekly</i>, 44 (21), 65-69. 13. Rangarajan, M. (2008). <i>Environmental Issues in India: A Reader</i>.
	Pearson education.
	14. Robbins, P. (2020). <i>Political Ecology: A Critical Introduction</i> . Blackwell Publishing.
	15. Scoones, I. & et. al. (2024). Climate Change and Critical Agrarian Studies. Routledge.
CORUNIVERS	16. Shiva, V. (2020). Reclaiming the Commons: Biodiversity, Traditional Knowledge, and the Rights of Mother Earth. Synergetic Press, US.
	17. Taylor, P. W. (2011). Respect for Nature: A Theory of Environmental Ethics. Princeton University Press, UK.
	18. Weston, D. (2014). The Political Economy of Global Warming: The Terminal Crisis. Routledge, Oxon.
Contagn = Dr	The students will learn the political understanding of the ecosystem and environmentalism.
	2. The students will deliberate critically around the concerns of environmental ethics
Course Outcomes:	3. The students will assess the severity of the environmental concerns and the critically examine the response of the political
	systems.4. The students will innovate indigenous designs to attain socio- economic sustainability.

Course Code : POL-322

Title of the Course : Democracy and Legal Literacy in India

Number of Credits : 4

Effective from AY : 2023-24

Effective from AY	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites	Any student who is eligible for admission to third year of the	
for the Course:	Undergraduate Degree Programme.	
	1. To acquaint the student about the Constitution and the legal	system
	and administration in India.	
	2. To enable the student to understand the different laws preva	ailing in
Course	India.	
Objectives:	3. To familiarize the student with the rights duties with	in the
	constitutional- legal framework.	
	4. To make them analyze the opportunities and challenges posed	l by the
	legal system for different sections of people.	
	A A	No. of
	INIVE	hours
	1. Democracy & Legal System: Structure & Hierarchy of Courts	
	in India; Specialized Courts (Fast Track Courts, Family Courts,	
(A)	POCSO Court, CBI Court, NGT); Lok-Adalats; Role of Police in	15
OAUNIVERS	Criminal Law Administration. (Practical Component: visit to	
	district courts, Case study of a case in NGT etc.)	SHE
6/2388	2. Foundations of Legal Rights and Responsibilities:	32 / Q
	Fundamental Rights & Duties; Procedure of FIR, Arrest, Bail,	ALA
SIE	Search & Seizure; History of Criminal Code in India; Prisons &	15
HAIP A	Jails; Juvenile Justice System in India. (Practical Component:	
Content:	visit to Jail/Juvenile home, Preparing a mock FIR etc.)	
Annual Section 1	3. Understanding Specific Laws: Law against the discrimination	
	of SCs & STs; Laws to protect women against violence; Law	
	against Terrorism, Law against Cybercrime. (Practical	15
	Component: Case study of a prominent case under the	
	relevant Acts; Special lecture & Interview with a legal expert)	
	4. Access to Justice and Legal Empowerment: Alternative	
	Dispute Resolution; RTI: Act & implementation; Legal Services	
	Authorities Act and Right to Legal Aid; Public Interest	15
	Litigation; Challenges in Access to Justice. (Practical	
	Component: Drafting RTI, Interaction with SLSAs)	
Podagogy	Lectures, seminars, Field visits, assignments, group discu	issions,
Pedagogy:	interactive sessions.	
	1. Aggarwal, N. (2002). Women and Law in India. New (Century
	Publications, Delhi.	
	2. Agnes, F. (2001). Law and Gender Inequality: The Politics of W	'omen's
References/	Rights in India. Oxford University Press.	
Readings:	3. Chakrabarty, B. (2008). Indian Politics and Society since Indeper	ndence.
	Routledge, Oxon.	
	4. Kothari, J. (2005). Criminal Law on Domestic Violence: Promis	ses and
	Limits. Economic and Political Weekly, 40 (46), 4843-4849.	

5. Mathew, P. & Bakshi, P. (2005) *Indian Legal System*. Indian Social Institute, New Delhi. 6. Mathew, P. D. (1983). On Your Rights if Arrested. Indian Social Institute, New Delhi. 7. Mohanty, M. & et. al. (2011). Weapon of the Oppressed: An Inventory of People's Rights in India. Danish Books, Delhi. 8. Shankaran, K. & Singh, U. K. (2008). Towards Legal Literacy. Oxford University Press, New Delhi. 9. Singh, G. (1995). Consumer Protection Act 1986 And Medical Profession In India: Conflicts And Controversies. Journal of the Indian Law Institute, 37 (3), 324-363. 10. Vihan, R. (2013). The Protection Of Women From Domestic Violence In India: In Context Of Domestic Violence Act 2005. The Indian Journal of Political Science, 74 (1), 49-60. 11. Wadehra, B. L. (2009). Public Interest Litigation: A Handbook. Universal Law Publishing, Delhi. 1. Students will be able to analyze the foundational principles of democracy and their significance in shaping legal frameworks. 2. Students will be equipped to critically evaluate the legal mechanisms that support and sustain democratic governance. Course 3. Students will develop an understanding of their rights and **Outcomes:** responsibilities as citizens within a democratic society. 4. Students will gain practical skills in legal literacy, enabling them to navigate legal systems and advocate for their rights effectively.

Semester VI

Name of the Programme : B. A. Political Science

Course Code : POL 304

Title of the Course : Western Political Thinkers

Number of Credits : 4
Effective From AY : 2023-24

Effective From A	: 2023-24	
Pre-requisite	Any student who is eligible for admission to third year	of the
for the Course	Undergraduate Degree Programme.	
Course Objectives:	 This paper seeks to provide critical understanding of the philosophical themes in Western Political Thinking by studying thinkers, right from early Greek period to the modern times. It emphasizes on their major theoretical and philosophical Thought. It relates the philosophical foundations to the more instructions of state and citizenship. The paper seeks provide an understanding of the dialectical shaping the society 	g select ophical mental
	OR STREET	No. of
	(70)	Hours
A A	1. Plato, Aristotle, Machiavelli:	2)
OAUNIVERS	Plato: Theory of Justice, views on Education, Communism;	
	Aristotle: Views on State and Government, views on	2 M
	Revolution, Concept of Citizenship;	15
4 6 6	Machiavelli: Concept of Power, Advise to the Prince, Views on	A / 6
SIE	Religion and Morality.	
Contents:	2. Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau: Hobbes: Social Contract Theory, Sovereignty, Absolutism; Locke: Social Contract Theory, Natural Rights, views on Constitutional government; Rousseau: Theory of Social Contract, General Will, Concept of Popular Sovereignty.	15
	3. Burke, Mill:	
	Burke: Ideas on State, Views on Revolution, Views on Liberty, Political Conservatism; Mill: On Liberty, Individualism, On Representative government, Utilitarianism.	15
	4. Hegel and Marx:	
	Hegel: Ideas of Dialectics, Ideas of History, views on State, Concept of 'Geist' and Freedom; Marx: Dialectical Materialism, Materialistic Interpretation of History, Theory of Surplus Value, Classless Society.	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Assignments, Presentations	
	1. Ashcraft, R. (1986). Revolutionary Politics and Locke's Two Tre	atises
References/	of Government. Allen and Unwin. London.	
Readings	2. Dyson, I. A. (2004). Fifty Major Political Thinkers. Routledge. N	ew
	Delhi.	

	3.	E.Barker, S. (1959). The Political Thought of Plato and Aristotle.
		Dover Publications. New York.
	4.	Harmon, J. (1964). Political Thought from Plato to the present.
		McGraw-Hill.
	5.	J.H.Burns. (1991). The Cambridge History of Political Thought 1450-
		1700. Cambridge University Press. Cambridge.
	6.	Nelson, B. (2009). Western Political Thought. Pearson Education.
		Delhi.
	7.	Ramaswami, S. (1999). A History of Political Thought: Plato to Marx.
		Prentice Hall. New Delhi.
	8.	Rao, V. V. (1993). Ancient Political Thought. S. Chand and Company
		Ltd. New Delhi.
	9.	Sabine, G.H. (1973). A History of Political Theory. Oxford and IBH
		Publishing CO. PVT. LTD. New Delhi.
	1.	Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of the
		historical development and evolution of Western political thought
	2.	Students will be able to apply theoretical frameworks from Western
Course		political thought to contemporary political issues and debates
Outcomes:	3.	Students will be able to articulate and defend their own
G=6		interpretations of Western political thought
OBUNIVERS	4.	Students will be able to develop critical insights into the working of
(8)		state and society.



Course Code : POL-305

Title of the Course : Indian Administration

Number of Credits : 4

Effective from AY : 2023-24

Effective from A	(: 2023-24	
Pre-requisites for the Course:	Any student who is eligible for admission to third year of the Undergraduate Degree Programme	
Course Objectives:	 To impart knowledge about the operation of Public Administ the Indian context. To familiarize these students with the concepts and issues cowith planning and development in India. To highlight the important aspects connected with the provent Public Services in India. To emphasize on the issues connected with financial Administ India. 	onnected isions of
	PINIVE	No. of hours
COA INVEST	1. Transparency and Accountability: Meaning& Importance. Corruption: Meaning, Forms, Causes and Institutional remedies (CBI, CVC); Lokpal and Lokayukta, Right to Information Act 2005, Citizen's Charter.	15
Content:	2. Planning and Administration: Meaning, Importance and Types of planning (centralized, decentralized) Socio-economic objectives of planning in India, critical evaluation of Planning Commission of India, National Development Council, NITI Aayog.	15
	3. Development Administration and Basic Public Services: Meaning and Features, Agencies of social welfare (Women and child development, Rural Development agencies) Education, Health, Sanitation and Housing, Case Studies.	15
	4. Financial Administration: meaning of Budget, Types of Budget, process of Budget making in India, Financial Committees: Public Accounts Committee, Estimates Committee & Comptroller and Auditor General.	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, seminars, assignments, group discussions, and in sessions.	teractive
References/ Readings:	 Avasthi, A.a. (2021). Indian Administration, Lakshmi Narain Pu Agra. Bidyut Chakrabarti. (2016). Indian Administration: Evolut Practice. Sage Publications, New Delhi. Dr. Vishnoo Bhagwan, D.V.(n.d.). (2021). Public Administr Chand and Company Ltd. New Delhi. M.S.K. Thavaraj. (1996). Financial Administration of India. Publications. New Delhi. N. Jayapalan. (2001). Indian Administration: Vol I & II. Publisher. New Delhi. 	ion and ation. S.

	6. S.R. Maheshwari. (2013) Public Administration in India, Macmllan
	Publisher Ltd. New Delhi.
	7. S.R. Maheshwari. (2013). Indian Administration, Orient Blackswan Pvt.
	Ltd. Publications. New Delhi.
	8. Sharma, U.S. (2006). Public Administration. Atlantic Publishers and
	Distributors Pvt.Ltd. New Delhi.
	9. U.B. Singh.(1998). Administrative system in India: Vedic age to 1947.
	APH Publishing Corporation. New Delhi.
	1. Students will be able to understand the about the operations of Public
	Administration in the Indian context.
	2. Students will be familiarized with the concepts and issues connected
Course	with Planning and Development in India.
Outcomes:	3. Students will be able to understand the important aspects related to
	provisions of Public Services in India.
	4. Students will examine the various issues related with Financial
	Administration in India.









Name of the Programme

: B.A. Political Science

Course Code

: POL-306

Title of the Course

: India's Foreign Policy

Number of Credits

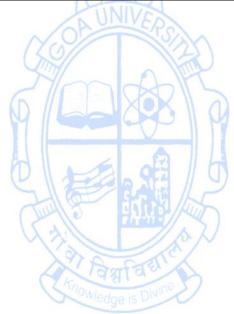
: 4

Effective from : 2023-2024

Eπесτive from	: 2023-2024	
Prerequisite for the	Any student who is eligible for admission to third year of th	ie
course:	Undergraduate Degree Programme	
Course Objectives:	 To have a conceptual understanding of India's Foreign P To develop a critical understanding of various events in Foreign Policy To understand the various challenges faced by India executing foreign policy To analyze India's relations with important state and no actors To explore the various prospects for India at the Intern level 	India's a while on-state
	RUNIVERS	No. of Hours
ORUNVERS	1. India's Foreign Policy: Determinants (Internal and External), Objectives and Principles; Non-Alignment to Multi-alignment.	15
Contents:	2. India's Bilateral relations: Pakistan, USA, China, and Russia.	15
	3. India and Multilateral groupings: UN,WTO, Regional Groupings-EU, SAARC and BRICS.	15
Constant Dr.	 India's Foreign Policy concerns: Terrorism, Energy Security, Refugee crisis, Diaspora, Environmenta concerns 	
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Group Discussion, Critical Pedagogy, Textual N Panel Discussion	1ethod,
References/Readings:	 Baldev Nayar, and T.V.Paul.(2003). India in the World Cambridge University Press, New York. C. R Gharekhan. (2007) Indian Foreign Policy Challe Opportunities. Foreign Service. New Delhi. C Raja Mohan. (2006). Crossing the Rubicon: Making of New Foreign Policy. Penguin Viking. New Delhi. Harsh Pant, K.B. (2013) India's National Security: A Moxford. New Delhi. J. Bandhopadhyaya. (1970). Making of India's Foreign Allied Publishers. New Delhi. M. Dubey. (2007). India's Foreign Policy: Foreign Institute. P Srivastava (ed).(2001). Non-Aligned Movement Externations. Kanishka Publishers. New Delhi. Piu Ghosh. (2020). International Relations. PHI Learning Ltd. 	nges & India's Reader. policy. Service tending

	9. Rajiv Sikri. (2014). Challenge and Strategy: Rethinking India's
	Foreign Policy. Sage. New Delhi.
	10. S. Mallavarappu, B.S. (2012). International Relations:
	Perspectives from the South Pearson. New Delhi.
	11. U.R. Ghai, K.K. G. (2018). India's Foreign Policy. New Academic
	Publishing Company.
	1. The students will learn the various concepts connected to
	India's Foreign Policy
	2. The students will assess the challenges and prospects about
	India's relations with significant entities
Course Outcomes:	3. The students will be able to learn about India's major bilateral
course outcomes.	and multilateral engagements and the inherent political and
	economic challenges.
	4. The students will be able to critically analyze, and deliberate
	various issues, challenges, and concerns related to India's
	Foreign Policy









Course Code

: POL-323

Name of the Course

: Urban Governance and Appraisal

Number of Credits

: 04

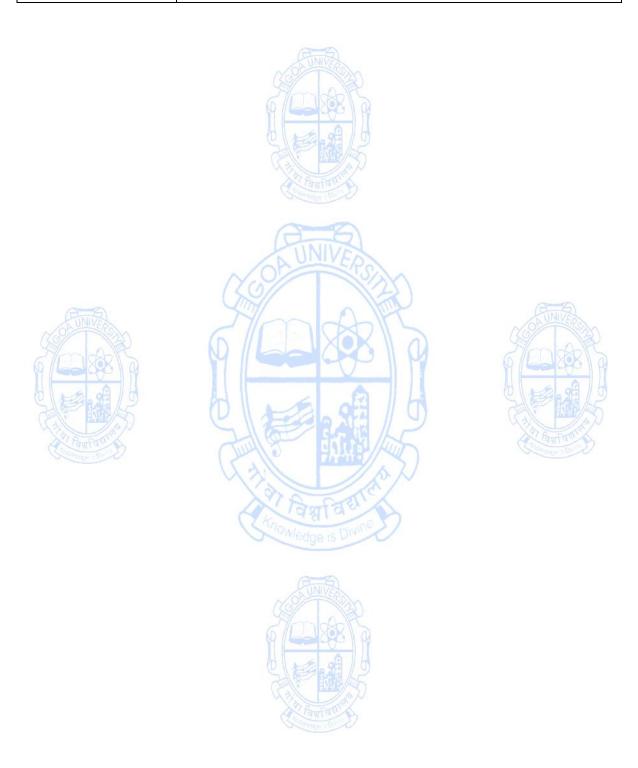
Effective from

: 2023-2024

Effective from	: 2023-2024	
Prerequisite for the	Any student who is eligible for admission to third year	ar of the
course:	Undergraduate Degree Programme.	
Course Objectives:	 To familiarize students with the concept of Urbanisa urban governance. To understand the functioning of Urban Local Bodies up 74th Amendment Act. To comprehend contemporary issues related to urban 4. To enable the students to learn basic tools and technic appraising urban governance To analyse various Urban Development Programmes in 1. 	inder the isation. iques for
		No. of
Contents:	 Introduction to Urban Governance in India and organisational framework for Urban Governance: Meaning and features of Urban Governance, Evolution of Urban Governance in context to India, 74th Constitutional Amendment Act; Composition and Functions of Municipal Corporations, Municipal Councils and Nagar Panchayats; Goa State Urban Development Agency (GSUDA) Urbanisation-Issues and Challenges: Urban Slums, Waste Management, Health Care and Sanitation, Environmental Pollution. Urban Governance Appraisal Tools: Survey Method, Interview method and Focus Group Discussion. Urban Development Programmes: National Urban Health Mission, Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) – Housing for all (Urban), Smart Cities Mission (SCM), Swachh Survekshan, Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation (AMRUT), National Urban Livelihood Mission (Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana). 	15 15 15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Group Discussion, assignments and field trips	
References/Readings:	 Journals Bhattacharya, M. (2008). New Horizons of Administration. New Delhi, India: Jawahar Publication Butsch. C., Sakdapolrak, P., & Saravanan, V.S. (2012). Health in India. Internationales Asienforum, 43(1–2), 3. Dietrich, G. (1986). Housing The Urban Poor. Econo. Political Weekly. 2((9). 376-379. John, D., Francis, K.M., & Sabu P.J. (2019). Urbaniza Environmental Issues in India - An Intertemporal and 	es. 2). Urban 13–32. Omic and

	 Analysis. International Journal of Research and Analytical Reviews.6(2). 700-706. 5. Kamble, P.S. (2014), Environmental Damage Cost on Urban India. International Journal of Physical and Social Sciences. 4(6). 484-504. 6. Karn, S.K., Shikura, S., & Harada, H. (2003). Living Environment and Health of Urban Poor: A Study in Mumbai. Economic and Political Weekly.38(34).3575-3586. 7. Mainul S K M., Qamar, Sethy, T. (2023). Solid Waste Management In Indian Perspectives: A Comprehensive Review. Humanities and Social Science Studies. 12(1). 35-45.
	 Moses, V.J.R.E., K.N. (2015). A Study On Urban Poverty: Features and Trends In India. <i>EPRA International Journal of Economic and Business Review, 3</i>(6).147-150. Wankhade, K. (2015). Urban Sanitation in India: Key Shifts in The National Policy Frame. <i>Environment and Urbanization</i>.
	<i>27</i> (2). 555-572.
	Books
	1. Chakrabarty, Pandey, R.K. (2019). Local Governance in India.
AND	India: Sage. New Delhi.
CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	2. Choudhury, S. (2017). Smart Cities Mission: Strategies for
a de la compaction de l	Urban Transformation. Smart City Publications. 3. Gupta S (2015). Evolution of Urban Governance in India.
The state of the s	Metropolitan books.
	4. Gupta, R.K.(2020). Environmental Pollution in Urban Centres.
	Environmental Awareness Press.
Transport De S	5. Joshi, R.K. (2021). National Urban Livelihood Mission:
mange a visit	Empowering Urban Communities. Livelihood Publications.
	6. Mani, N. (2016). Smart Cities and Urban Development in India. India: New Century Publications. New Delhi.
	7. Mohanty, P.K. (2014). Cities and Public Policy: An Urban
	Agenda for India. India: Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd. New
	Delhi
	8. Shekar, S. (2021). Slum Development in India: A Study of Slums
	In Kalaburagi
	9. Khan, F.A.(2016). Slums and Urban Poverty. Poverty Solutions Institute.
	The students will be acquainted with meaning and features of
	urban governance and will be able to summarise the evolution
	of Urban governance in India.
Cause Outsesses	2. The students will understand the composition and functions of
Course Outcomes:	Municipal Corporations, Municipal Councils, and Nagar Panchayats.
	3. The students will be able to analyse contemporary urban issues
	such as slums, waste management, health care, sanitation, and
	environmental pollution.

4. The students will examine the key urban development programs in India, including the National Urban Health Mission, PMAY, Smart Cities Mission, Swachh Survekshan, AMRUT, and National Urban Livelihood Mission.



Semester VII

Name of the Programme : B.A. Political Science

Course Code : POL-400

Title of the Course : Research Methodology

Number of Credits : 4
Effective from AY : 2024-25

Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites for the Course:	Any student who is eligible for admission to the fourth year of the Undergraduate Degree Programme	e
Course Objectives:	 To develop amongst the student understanding of doing rese work. To learn the techniques to the research work. To understand the ethical aspect to be followed. To enable the students to develop an appropriate research detection. 	
	Crowding + Darre	No. of hours
	1. Introduction to research: Meaning, Purpose of research, Classification of research, Fundamentals of research methods, Criteria of good research, Research ethics and Plagiarism, Report writing steps.	15
A LAND	2. Types of Research: Pure research, applied research, Exploratory Research, Descriptive research, Diagnostic research, Quantitative and Qualitative research.	15
Content:	 Research Design: Meaning and its importance, components of research design, features of good research design, Exploratory Research Design – concept, types and uses, Descriptive Research Designs – concept, types and uses. 	15
Togetterpa - United	4. Methods, Collection and Analysis of Data& Citation Styles: Methods of data collection- Interview Method, Mailing Method, Observation Method, Preparing questionnaire, Survey Method; Primary and secondary sources of data, Sampling- meaning and methods, Classification and Tabulation, Graphical presentation, APA & MLA.	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Group Discussion, Critical Pedagogy, Textual Method Discussion	, Panel
Deference /	 Black Thomas. (2001). Understanding Social Science Research Publication, India Ltd, New Delhi. Fern Edward F. (2001). Advanced Focus Group Research Publication, India Ltd, New Delhi. George, J. (1964). The Science of Education Research. 	n, Sage
References/ Readings:	 Publishing House, New Delhi. Mariampolski H. (2001). Qualitative Market Research Comprehensive Guide. Sage Publication, India Ltd, New Delhi Michael V.P. (2016). Research Methodology in Manag Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi. William Philip at. Al. (1973). Evaluation and Assessment 	ement.
	Educational Studies: A third Level Course Methods of Educ	

	Enquiry. The Open University Press. Walton Hall Blethaley Buckinghamshire.
	1. The students will learn the nuances of doing research work.
Course	2. The students will be able to develop a basic research design.
Outcomes:	3. They will be able to apply techniques to do a quality research work.
	4. The students will be able to produce a quality research work.



Course Code : POL-401

Title of the Course : Political Economy of India

Number of Credits :4

Effective from AY : 2024-25

Effective from A	: 2024-25	
Prerequisites	Any student who is eligible for admission to the fourth year of the	
for the course:	Undergraduate Degree Programme	
	The course intends to introduce students to some of the key issues	relating
	to state and economic development in India from the independenc	e
Course	period to the contemporary phase. It looks at both the aggregate a	nd the
Objective:	sectoral spaces in India's public policy and performance with refere	nce to
	the role of state, market and peoples' movements and concerns.	
		No. of
	Transaction of the Control of the Co	Hours
	1. Understanding State and Political Economy: Meaning, Scope	
	and Definition of Political Economy, Classical and	45
	Contemporary Approaches to Political Economy, New Political	15
	Economy.	
0	2. State and Economic Development in India: Planning, Public	
Content:	Sector, Agrarian Crisis and Reforms, Public Sector	2 20
ON UNIVERS	Industrialization in pre and post reform period, NITI Ayog and	20
	Cooperative Federalism.	2 MG
6/4/88/	3. Social Movements in India: Tribals, Women, Dalits,	36 1 0
	Environment.	15
	4. Contemporary Concerns: Conflicts over Water, Food Security,	11/25
7 6	Digital Divide, Banking Crisis	10
Pedagogy:	lectures/assignments/self-study	
	1. Brass, Paul R. (1992). The Politics of India Since Indepe	ndence.
	Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.	
	2. Caporaso, James A. (1992). Theories of Political Economy. Ca	mbridge
	University Press.	
	3. Byres, Terence, J. (Ed). (1994). The State and Development Pla	anningin
	India. Oxford University Press, Delhi.	
	4. Chatterjee, Partha. (1997). A Possible India: Essays in Political C	riticism.
	Oxford University Press, Delhi.	
References/	5. Das, Arvind N. (1994). India Invented: A Nation in the Making. M	lanohar,
Readings	New Delhi.	
neadings	6. Frankel, Francine R. (2009). India's Political Economy:1947– 20	004. The
	Gradual Revolution. Princeton University Press, Princeton.	
	7. Khilnani, Sunil. (1997). The Idea of India. Hamish Hamilton, Lon-	
	8. Kohli, Atul. (1990). Democracy and Discontent: India's Growing	Crisis of
	Governability. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.	
	9. Kohli, Atul. (2012). Poverty amid Plenty in India. Cambridge Ui	niversity
	Press, Cambridge.	
	10. M, McCartney. (2009). India - The Political Economy of	Growth,
	Stagnation and the State, 1951- 2007. Routledge.	

	11. Nayyar, Deepak. (1996). Economic Liberalisation in India: Analytics,
	Experience and Lessons. R.C. Dutt Lectures on Political Economy, Orient
	Longman.
	12. Panagariya, Aravind. (2008). India the Emerging Giant. Oxford University Press.
	13. Rudolph, L.I and S.H. (1987). In Pursuit of Lakshmi: The Political Economy of the Indian State. University of Chicago Press, Chicago.
	14. Vanaik, Achin. (1990). The Painful Transition: Bourgeois Democracy in
	India. Verso, London.
	Students would be able to:
Course Outcomes	1. Grasp the meaning and approaches to Political Economy.
	2. Understand issues relating to state and economic development in India
	3. Understand Indian economy from a sectoral perspective.
	4. Critically evaluate some of the contemporary problems that India faces.









Course Code : POL-402

Title of the Course : Theories of Democracy

Number of Credits : 4
Effective from AY : 2024-2025

Effective from AY	: 2024-2025	
Prerequisites	Any student who is eligible for admission to the fourth year	of the
For thecourse	Undergraduate Degree Programme	
Course Objectives	 The course examines the origin of the idea ofdemocrae evolution of the concept and theories of democracy. The course also introduce students to the actual work democracy in western and non-western societies. 	•
	The second secon	No. of Hours
	Idea of Democracy - Athenian Origin, Protective and Developmental Democracy, Deliberative democracy & Defence of Public Realm.	10
Cantanta	Key Concepts- Freedom & Autonomy, Equality, Majority Rule, Citizenship.	10
Contents	3. Theories-Liberal, Socialist, Representative, Participatory.	10
(CO) A TOO TOO	4. Critique- Marxist & Socialist, Elitist, Feminist.	10
6 28 6	5. Contemporary Issues- Rational Choice, Nationalism, Multiculturalism, Civil Society.	10
	6. Democracy in non-Western World-Case Studies from Asia, Africa and Latin America.	10
Pedagogy	Lectures, Group discussion, assignments based on self-stud	yk
Continue of the Continue of th	 Beetham, David. (2001). Democracy. National Book Truendle. New Delhi. Blaug & Schwarzmantel. (Eds.). (1998). Democracy: Reader. Edinburgh University Press. 	
	3. Cunningham Frank. (2001). Theories of Democracy: Critical Introduction. Routledge, London.	
References/Readings	University Press, New York.	
	5. Held, David. (2006). Models of Democracy. Cambridge, CL	
	 Lipset, Saymour. (1995). Encyclopedia of Democracy Norwegian University Press, Routledge, London. 	Σy,
	7. Schumpeter, Joseph. (1987). Capitalism, Socialism Democracy. Unwin Paperback, London.	&
	8. Tilly, Charles. (2009). Democracy, Cambridge: CUP.	

After completing the course the students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the basic concepts and theories of democracy.
- 2. The course equips the students to investigate interface between theory and practice of democracy.
- 3. Comprehend the contemporary issues associated with democracy.
- 4. Understand the working of democracy in western and non-western societies.





Course Outcomes





Course Code : POL-403

Title of the Course : Critical Perspectives in Politics

Number of Credits : 4

Effective from AY : 2024-2025

Prerequisites	Any student who is eligible for admission to the fourth year of the	ne
for the course	Undergraduate Degree Programme	
Course Objectives	This course introduces the students to the methodologies perspectives. It covers Utilitarian, Libertarian, Communitaria Feminist and Ambedkarite perspectives to help students theoretical understanding to strengthen their critical aptitude.	n, Marxist,
		No. of Hours
	1. Utilitarian Perspective - Jeremy Bentham, J.S. Mill	10
Contents	 Libertarian and Communitarian Perspective - Robert Nozick, John Rawls, Alasdair MacIntyre, Michael Sandel 	10
	3. Marxist Perspective- Karl Marx, Antonio Gramsci, Hannah Arendt	10
UNIVEO	4. Feminist Perspective - Betty Friedan, Simone deBeauvoir, Anne Philips	10
39	5. Biopolitics - Michael Foucault	10
	Ambedkarite Perspective - John Dewey's Pragmatismand Ambedkar, Concept of Dhamma	10
Pedagogy	Lectures, Debates, Group Discussion Assignment based on self-s	tudy 🔑
References/ Reading	 Bellamy, Ed., & V. Cox. (Trans.) Cambridge UniversityPress, I. Gramsci, A. (1994). Gramsci: Pre-Prison Writings. Cambridge Press, New York. Hannah, A. (1964). Eichmann in Jerusalem: A Report on the of Evil. Viking Press, New York. MacIntyre, A. (1981). After Virtue: A Study in Moral Theo Duckworth & Co. Ltd, London. Michael, S. (2012). What Money Can't Buy - The Moral Market. Penguin, London. Mill, J. S. (1863). Utilitarianism. Parker, Son, And, Bourn, Wellondon. Millett, K. (1970). Sexual Politics. Rupert Hart-Davis, UK. Nozick, R. (1974). Anarchy, State and Utopia. Basic Books, I. Phillips, A. (1991). Engendering Democracy. PolityPress, Ca. Rawls, J. (1971). Theory of Justice. President and Fellows of College, United States of America. Rawls, J. (1993). Political Liberalism. ColumbiaUniversity Prok. Rawls, J. (2001). Justice As Fairness A Restatement. The Press of Harvard University Press, Cambridge. Russell, B. (1917). Principles of Social Reconstruction. 	University The Banality Try. Gerald Limits of Test, Stand, New York. The Maryard Tress, New The Belknap
	Unwin Limited, London.	

	14. Sandel, M. (1998). Democracy's Discontent America in Search of a
	Public Philosophy. The Belknap Press of Harvard University Press,
	Cambridge.
	15. Sandel, M. (2009). Justice What's the Right Thing To Do? Penguin
	Books, London.
	16. Simone, B. d. (1949). The Second Sex. Editions Gallimard, Paris.
	1. Students will be able to develop a broad understanding of the critical
	perspectives in politics.
	2. The Students are familiarised to various methodologies of the critical
Course	perspectives which will enable them to solve the difficult debates of
Outcomes	the public policy.
	3. Students will be able to conduct critical inquiry in their subject of study
	using the approaches discussed in this course.
	4. Students will develop contextual reasoning.









Name of the Programme

: B.A. Political Science

Course Code

: POL-411

Title of the Course

: State and the Marginalized

Number of Credits

. -

Effective from AY

: 2024-25

Effective from A1	: 2024-23		
Prerequisite for the	A student who is eligible for admission to fourth year of the		
Course:	Undergraduate Degree Programme.		
Course Objectives:	 To enhance student's understanding of the concept of marginalization in Indian politics. To familiarize them with the interlinkages between caste, class and gender. To examine the role of the state with respect to welfare and affirmative action. To enable familiarization with issues pertaining to religion and minority rights in India. 		
	AND THE REST OF THE PARTY OF TH	No. of Hours	
AUNVER	1. Concept of Marginalization, The Indian State & Liberal Ethos, marginalizations and Democratic Politics, dimensions of marginalization (Caste, Class & Gender), Marginalization and Political Representation.	10	
	2. Caste and Politics, Caste in Census, Reservation Policy, Dalit women in India.	10	
Contents:	3. Industrial Labour, Agrarian Classes and Tribals, Common property resources.	10	
Tay Tay	4. Religion and Indian Constitution, Affirmative action as inclusion. Religious Freedom and Minorityrights.	10	
menge s Unit	5. The Welfare State. Markets, Globalisation and the poor.	10	
	6. The Secular state and the religious minorities, the Developmental State and the marginalised.	10	
Pedagogy:	Lectures, Group Discussion, assignments and field trips		
References/Readings:	 Chandra G. (2006). Tribal Development in India Publication, New Delhi. Hasan Zoya. (2011). Politics of Inclusion. OUP, New Del 		
	 Hasan Zoya. (2011). Politics of inclusion. Gor, New Defin. Hasan Zoya. (2014). Democracy and the Crisis of Inequality. Primus Books, Delhi. Kothari Rajni. (2010). Caste in Indian Politics. Orient Longman, 		
	New Delhi.		
	 Seth D. (1999). Minority Identity and Nation State. OU Delhi. Shah Ghanshyam. (2002). Dalits and State, Concept Pu Company, New Delhi. 		
	8. Shah Ghansyam. (2002). Caste & Democratic Politics Permanent Black, New Delhi.	in Indi.	

	 Shah Ghansyam. (2002). Social Movements & State. Sage Publication, New Delhi. Sharma Trilok. (2011). Dalit Women. Sonali Publication, New Delhi.
Course Outcomes:	 The students will gain an understanding of the major concepts related to marginalization. The students will be able to understand and analyze issues of marginal sections in India. The students will be able to evaluate various constitutional and legal provisions for marginals in India. The students will be able to evaluate public policies and the response of the state toward marginal. The students will be able to apply constitutional and policy mechanisms for marginal.









Semester VIII

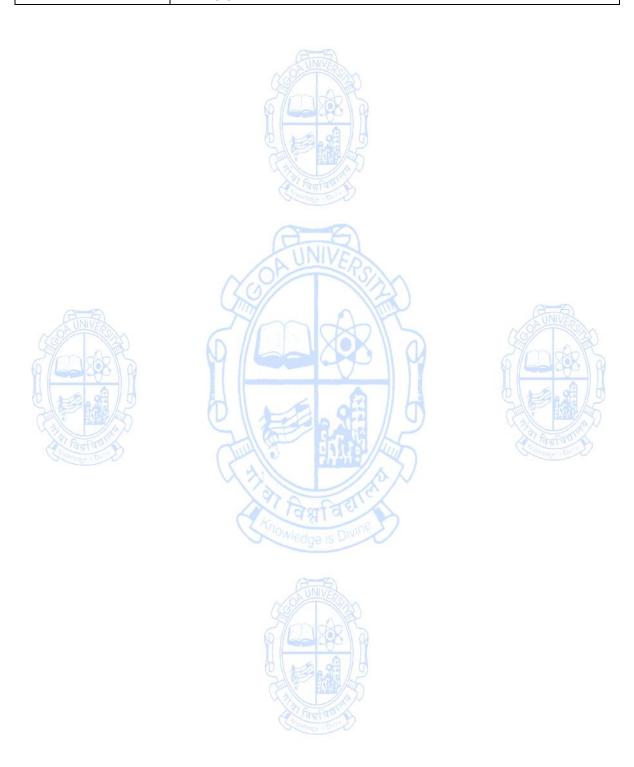
Name of the Programme : B.A. Political Science

Course Code : POL-404
Title of the Course : Public Policy

Number of Credits : 4
Effective from AY : 2024-25

Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Prerequisites for the	Any student who is eligible for admission to fourth year of the	
course:	Undergraduate Degree Programme	
Course Objective:	The course intends to introduce students to the basic concepts, models and process of public policy. The course enhances their understanding of the trends of public policy in India since independence.	
	Fayra To	No of Hours
	1. Public policy: meaning, nature, scope and significance, models of public policy, public policy and globalization,	15
Content:	Public policy process: formulation, implementation and evaluation	15
Content.	3. Major public policies in India: Environment policy, education policy, health policy, employment policy	15
	4. Trends of public policy in India: Independence and challenges of public policy, Economic liberalization model, Decentralization model, civil society in policy making	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures/assignments/self-study	
References/Readings	 Chakrabarti, R., & Sanyal, K. (2017). Public Policy Introduction, . New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Chakrabarty, B., & Chand, P. (2016). Public Policy: Concept, Theory and Practice. New Delhi: Sage publications. Chakrabarty, B., & Chand, P. (2017). Public Administration: From Government to Governance. Hyderabad: Orient BlackSwan. Dye, T. R. (2021). Understanding Public Policy. Florida: Pearson. 	
Course Outcomes	 After completing the course students will be able to: Enhances students understanding of the concepts and models of public policy Develop knowledge and skill to understand the complex process of public policy formulation, implementation and evaluation 	

- 3. Demonstrate the skill to critically analyze the major public policies in India.
- 4. Understand the major trends in the public policy process in



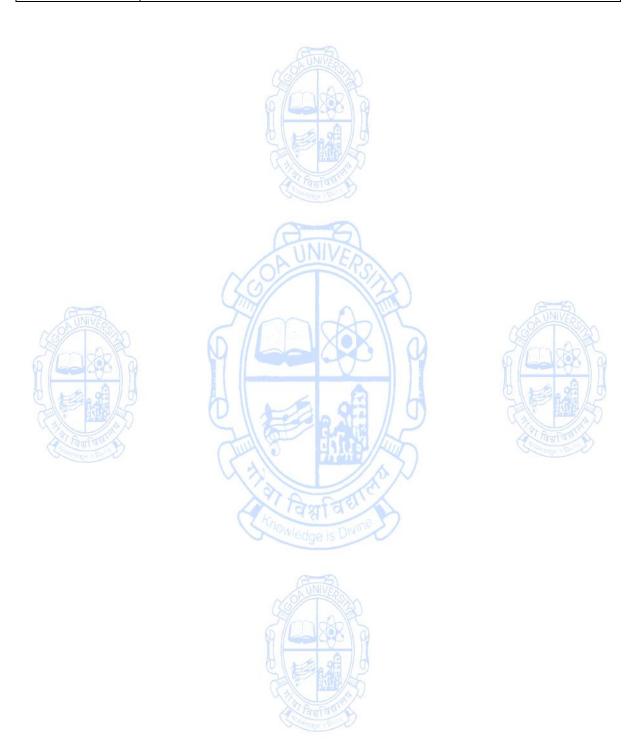
Name of the Programme : B.A Political Science

Course Code : POL-405
Title of the Course : Geopolitics

Number of Credits : 4

Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Any student who is eligible for admission to fourth year	of the
for the Course	Undergraduate Degree Programme	
Course Objective	 To familiarize with the key concepts of geopolitics. To understand the historical background of geopolitical traditions. To identify the major geopolitical actors in the global political arena. To understand the distribution of power in the contemporary geopolitical system. 	
	Trawfast Dail	No of Hours
	 Introduction to Geopolitics: Origin, Meaning and Relevance of Geopolitics, Key Classical Concepts in Geopolitics. 	15
Content:	Critical Geopolitics: Understanding Critical Geopolitics, Mandala Theory, Heartland Theory, Mahan Theory.	15
COL UNIVERSITY	3. Boundaries in Geopolitics: Definition, International Boundaries, Borderlands, Frontiers, Boundary Conflicts-Israel-Palestine, Korean Peninsula, Kashmir.	15
	4. Contemporary Geopolitics: Key Players- US, Russia, China and Indo-Pacific.	15
Pedagogy:	Lectures/Assignments, Map Test, Quiz, Presentations	9月 / 6
References/ Reading	 Agnew, J. A. (1998). Geopolitics: Re-visioning World Politics. US: Taylor & Francis. Anderson, E. W. (1999). Geopolitics: International Boundaries as Fighting Places. The Journal of Strategic Studies, 125-136. Armstrong, W., & Anderson, J. (Eds.). (2007). Geopolitics of European Union Enlargement. New York: Routledge. Flint, C. (2006). Introduction to Geopolitics, Routledge. Oxon: Routledge. Mamadouh, V., & Dijkink , G. (2006). Geopolitics, International Relations and Political Geography: The Politics of Geopolitical Discourse. Geopolitics, 349-366. Sempa, F. P. (2002). Geopolitics: From the Cold War to the 21st Century. New Brunswick: Transaction Publishers. Sloan, G., & Gray, C. S. (1999). Why geopolitics? Journal of Strategic Studies, 1-11. Tanugi, L. C. (2008). The Shape of the World to Come: Charting the Geopolitics of New Century. New York: Colombia University Press. Wu, Z. (2017). Classical geopolitics, realism and the balance of power 	
Course Outcome:	 theory. Journal of Strategic Studies, 1-38 Students would be able to relate geography with power. Students would be able to evaluate the patterns of geopolitical shifts in the past and present. 	

- 3. They would able to comprehend the relevance of Geography and its influence in political dimension in International Relations.
- 4. Students would be able to highlight the significance of the regional and global powers in global politics



Name of the Programme : B.A Political Science

Course Code : POL-406

Title of the Course : Global Governance

Number of Credits : 4

Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	Any student who is eligible for admission to fourth year	of the
for the Course	Undergraduate Degree Programme	
	1. To introduce the students to the concept of Global Gove	rnance
	including actors and processes.	
	2. To understand the evolution of global governance institutions	in the
Course	3. To identify the challenges faced in the process of global governance in	
Objective		
	the political and economic domain.	
	4. To understand the contemporary issues which impact the wor	king of
	global governance structures.	
	A=A	No of
	TINIVE	hours
	1. Introduction to Global Governance: Defining Global	
	Governance, Paradigms of Global Governance (Realist,	15
(3-6)	Institutionalist, Constructivist, Pluralist)	2
OAUNVERS	2. Global Governance in the Post War World: United Nations	
S	System, Multilateral Regimes (Strategic and Economic),	15
Content:	Regional Organizations	0 0
A CA	3. Globalization and Global Governance: Factors and Actors	A / 6
	shaping globalization (state and non state), Impact on Global	15
(1)	Governance (Reform and Reconstruction of Global	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
विश्वविक	governance)	>
	4. Contemporary Issues in Global Governance: Global Cyber/AI	
	Governance, Climate Change Issues, Global Health	15
	Governance, Conflict Management	
Pedagogy:	Lectures/Assignments/Self-Study, Case Study, Quiz, Presentations	
	1. Claros, A. L., Dahl, A. L., & Groff, M. (2020.). Global Governan	ce and
	the Emergence of Global Institutions for the 21st Centur	y. UK:
	Cambridge University Press.	
	2. Cox, R. (1981). Global Governance from the Bottom Up" in	
	Forces, States and World Orders Beyond International Re	lations
	Theory. E-International Relations, 136-55.	
_	3. Hall, P. A., & Taylor, R. C. (1996). "Political Science and the Thre	ee New
References/	Institutionalisms. Political Studies, 936-957.	_
Reading	4. Hurrell, A. (2011). The Theory and Practice of Global Governance	
	Worst of All Possible Worlds? International Studies Review, 144	
	5. Keohane, R. O., & Nye, J. S. (2012). Power and Interdependenc	e. New
	York: Longman.	
	6. Lennox, V. (2008). Conceptualising Global Governance in Intern	
	Relations. Retrieved from https://v	vww.e-
	ir.info/2008/10/03/conceptualising-global-governance-in-	
	<u>international-relations/</u>	

	7. Ruland, J., & Carrapatoso, A. (Eds.). (2022). Handbook on Global
	Governance and Regionalism. Glos: Edward Elgar.
	1. Students would be able to know the concept and evolution of global
	governance.
	2. Students would be able to analyse the role of various actors in shaping
Course	global governance in post-world war
Outcome:	3. Students would be able to relate globalization with transformation in
	global governance.
	4. Students would be able to identify the contemporary challenges in
	global governance









Name of the Programme : B.A Political Science

Course Code : POL-407

Title of the Course : Modern Political Analysis

Number of Credits : 4

Effective from AY	: 2024-25	
Pre-requisites for the	Any student who is eligible for admission to fourth year of the	
Course	Undergraduate Degree Programme	
Course Objectives	This course will introduce students to the conceptual and theoretical framework of modern political analysis. It focuses on the comparative conceptual analysis of the political system. The emphasis on political system bridges the gap between the social and political factors by providing the new tools of political analysis. The concepts of political analysis would help the students in understanding the larger democratic process.	
		No of
		Hours
OR UNIVERSAL	 Introduction to Modern Political Analysis. a) Meaning b) Nature - Difference between Traditional and Modern Political Approach c) Features of Modern Political Analysis 	15
Content	 2. Political System a) Meaning and Nature b) Functions of the Political System c) Classification of Political System: David Easton and Gabriel Almond 	15
Total Marine & Co. 1	 3. Political culture and Political Elite a) Meaning of Political Culture and Political Elite b) Basic Elements of Political Culture c) Different perspectives on Political Elite: Robert Michels, Gaetano Mosca, Alfred Pareto, C. Wright Mills 	15
	 4. Political Socialization and Political Participation a) Meaning of Political Socialization and Participation, b) Agencies of Political Socialization c) Factors affecting Political Participation 	15
Pedagogy	Lectures/Assignments	
Readings/References	 Almond, G. A., & Powell, G. B. (1996). Comparative Politics: A developmental approach. New York: Little, Brown & Co. Almond, G. A., & Verba, S. (1963). The Civic Culture: Political Attitudes and Democracy in Five Nations. New Jersey: Princeton University Press. Ball, A. R. (1988). Modern Politics and Government. UK: Macmillan Education. Blondel, J. (1973). Comparing Political Systems. London: Weidenfild& Nicolson. 	

	Charlesworth, J. C. (1973). Contempo	rary Political Analysis.
	New York: The Free Press.	
	Gauba, O. P. (1981). Political Theory.	New Delhi: Macmillan
	Publishers India LTD.	
	Heywood, A. (1997). Politics. Engla	nd: Springer Nature
	Limited.	
	Students will be able to be able to unde	erstand the conceptual
	frame of modern political analysis	
	Students will be able to understand the	e factors that influence
Course Outcomes	the political systems	
course outcomes	Students will be able to analyse the tool and political participation	s and methods of social
	Students will be able to understand the	e larger working of the
	democratic processes.	









Name of the Programme : B A Political Science

Course Code : POL-412

Title of the Course : Politics in the Developing World

Number of Credits : 4

Effective from A	Y : 2024-25	
Pre-requisites	A student who is eligible for admission to fourth year of the Unde	ergraduate
for the course	Degree Programme.	
Course Objectives	 To familiarize students with different trajectories of development and globalization. To introduce students to the alternative discourse in International Relations which focuses on the politics revolving around developing countries of regions such as Africa, Asia, Latin Americaand Middle East. To enable students to develop analytical skills to identify the key political, economic, social, cultural and ethnic factors that affect the developmental process. To enable students to know the key policy issues within the developing world. 	
6-3		No. of Hours
O UNIVERSITY OF THE PROPERTY O	Developing World in International Politics: Introduction, issues in developing States, difference between developed and developing States	10
	2. Theorising the State: International politics, inequality, institutionalism, global economy, south-south relations.	10
Content:	3. Ethno-politics and Nationalism: Colonialism, post-colonial development, state-building, nation-building.	10
Plange Virvo	4. State and Civil Conflict: The modern state, violent conflict, civil war, failed state.	10
	5. Democratization and Human Rights: Social movements, fragile versus strong state, regime change and human rights.	10
	6. Policy Issues: Poverty and hunger, migration and internal displacements, environment, health.	10
Pedagogy:	Lectures/Assignments/Self-Study	
References	 Acemoglu, D., Robinson, J., & Johnson, S. (2001). The Colonial Comparative Development: An Empirical Investigation. Economic Review, 1369-1401. Banerjee, A., & Duflo, E. (2014). Under the Thumb of History Institutions and the Scope for Action,. Annual Review of Economy 971. Bose, S. (2004). De-Colonization and State Building in South Associational Affairs, 95-113. Gosovic, B. (2016). The Resurgence of South- South Coopera 	American /? Political mics, 951- iia. Journal
	 Gosovic, B. (2016). The Restingence of South-South Coopera World Quarterly, 733-743. Huntington, S. P. (1991). The Third Wave: Democratization i Twentieth Century,. Oklahoma: University of Oklahoma Press Huysmans, J. (2006). The Politics of Insecurity. London: Routle 	n the Late

	7. Payne, A. (2005). The Global Politics of Unequal Development.
	Hampshire: Palgrave-Macmillan.
	8. Pogge, T. (2002). World Poverty and Human Rights.
	Ravenhill, John (1990), The North-South Balance of Power, International:
	Cambridge Press.
	9. Ravenhill, J. (1990). The North-South Balance of Power,. International
	Affairs , 731-748.
	Students will be able to:
	1. Understand the political realities of the developing world.
	2. comprehensive understanding of the major differences between the
Course	Developed and the Developing World.
Outcome	3. Assess the major challenges that developing nations face in the
	contemporary global environment.
	4. Analyse policies adopted to address the major challenges in the
	developing world.







